WORKS

OF

VIRGIL,

JOHN DRYDEN, Efq.

IN THREE VOLUMES.

VOL. II.

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VIRGIL's

Æ N E I S.

BOOK I.

Vol. II.

A

THE ARGUMENT.

THE Trojans, after a feven years voyage, fet fail for Italy, but are overtaken by the dreafful form which Æolus raifes at Juno's request. The tempest finks one, and Scatters the reft: Neptune drives off the winds, and calms the fea. Aneas with his own foit, and fix more, arrives fafe at an African port. Venus complains to Jupiter of her for's misfortules. fapiter comforts her, and fends Mercury to procure him a kind reception among the Carthaginians. Theas going out to discover the country, meets his mother in the Stape of an buntrefs, who conveys him in a cloud 10 Carthage; where he fees his friends whom he thought ioff, and receives akind entertainment from the queen. Dido by a device of Venus begins to have a paffin for him, and, after some discourse with bim, defires the history of his adventures, fince the fiege of Trov, which is the Subject of the two following books.

THE FIRST BOOK

OF THE

Æ N E I S.

A RMS, and the man I fing, who forc'd by fate, And haughty Juno's unrelenting hate; Expell'd and exil'd, left the Trojan shore; Long labours, both by sea and land he bore; And in the doubtful war, before he won The Latian realm, and built the desin'd town: His banish'd gods restor'd to rites divine, And settled sure succession in his line: From whence the race of Alban sathers come, And the long glories of majestic Rome.

O Muse! the causes and the crimes relate,
What goddess was provoked, and whence her hate;
For what offence the queen of heav'n began
To persecute so brave, so just a man!
Involv'd his anxious life in endless cares,
Expos'd to wants, and hurry'd into wars!
Can heav'nly minds such high resentment show;
Or exercise their spite in human woe?

Against the Tiber's mouth, but far away, Ap ancient town was seated on the sea: A Tyrian colony; the people made Stout for the war, and studious of their trade. Carthage the name, belov'd by Juno more Than her own Argos, or the Samian shore. Here flood her chariot, here, if heav'n were kind, The feat of avful empire she design'd. Yet the had heard an ancient rumour fly, (Long cited by the people of the fky), That times to come shou'd see the Trojan race Her Carthage ruin, and her tow'rs deface : Nor thus confin'd, the yoke of fov'reign fway Shou'd on the necks of all the nations lay. She ponder'd this, and fear'd it was in fate; Nor cou'd forget the war she wag'd of late, For conqu'ring Greece against the Trojan state. Befides long causes working in her mind, And fecret feeds of envy lay behind. Deep graven in her heart the doom remain'd Of partial Paris, and her form disdain'd: The grace beflow'd on ravish'd Ganymed, Electra's glories, and her injur'd bed. Each was a cause alone, and all combin'd To kindle vengeance in her haughty mind. For this, far diftant from the Latian coaft, She drove the remnants of the Trojan hoft: And fev'n long years th' unhappy wand'ring train Were tofs'd by ftorms, and fcatter'd thro' the main. Such time, fuch toil, requir'd the Roman name, Such length of labour for so vast a frame.

Now scarce the Trojan fleet, with fails and oars, Had left behind the fair Sicilian shores: Ent'ring with cheerful shouts the watry reign, And ploughing frothy furrows in the main: When lab'ring still, with endless discontent, The queen of heav'n did thus her fury vent.

Then am I vanquish'd, must I yield, said she, And must the Trojans reign in Italy? So Fate will have it, and Jove adds his force; Nor can my pow'r divert their happy courfe. Cou'd angry Pallas, with revengeful spleen, The Grecian navy burn, and drown the men? She, for the fault of one offending for, The bolts of Jove himself presum'd to throw: With whirlwinds from beneath the tofs'd the fair, And bare expos'd the bosom of the deep: Then, as an eagle gripes the trembling game, The wretch yet hilling with her father's flame, She firongly feiz'd, and with a burning wound, Transfix'd and naked, on a rock she bound. But I, who walk in awful flate above, The majefly of heav'n, the fifter-wife of Jove, For length of years my fruitless force employ Against the thin remains of ruin'd Troy. What nations now to Juno's pow'r will pray, Or off'rings on my sighted altars lay?

Thus rag'd the goddess, and, with sury fraught,
The restless regions of the storms she sought.
Where, in a spacious cave of living stone,
The tyrant Æolus from his airy throne,
With pow'r imperial curbs the struggling winds,
And sounding tempess in dark prisons binds.

This way, and that, th' impatient captives tend,
And, pressing for release, the mountains rend;
High in his hall th' undaunted monarch stands,
And shakes his sceptre, and their rage commands:
Which did he not, their unresisted sway
Wou'd sweep the world before them in their way:
Earth, air, and seas, thro' empty space wou'd roll,
And heav'n wou'd sky before the driving soul.
In sear of this, the father of the gods
Consin'd their sury to those dark abodes,
And lock'd 'em safe within, oppress'd with mountain loads:

Impos'd a king, with arbitrary fway,
To loofe their fetters, or their force allay.
To whom the suppliant queen her pray'rs addrest,
And thus the tenor of her suit exprest.

O Æolus! for to thee the king of heav'n
The pow'r of tempests and of winds has giv'n:
Thy force alone their fury can restrain,
And smooth the waves, or swell the troubled main:
A race of wand'ring slaves, abhorr'd by me,
With prosp'rous passage cut the Thuscan sea:
To fruitful Italy their course they steer,
And for their vanquish'd gods design new temples
there.

Raise all thy winds, with night involve the skies; Sink, or disperse, my fatal enemies. Twice sev'n, the charming daughters of the main, Around my person wait, and bear my train: Succeed my wish, and second my design, The fairest, Deiopcia, shall be thine; And make thee father of a happy line.

To this the god-'Tis yours, O queen! to will The work, which duty binds me to fulfil. These airy kingdoms, and this wide command, Are all the presents of your bounteous hand; Yours is my fov'reign's grace, and, as your gueft, I fit with gods at their celeftial feaft. Raise tempests at your pleasure, or subdue; Dispose of empire, which I hold from you. He faid, and hurl'd against the mountain fide His quiv'ring spear, and all the god apply'd. The raging winds rush thro' the hollow wound, And dance aloft in air, and fkim along the ground: Then fettling on the fea, the furges fweer; Raife liquid mountains, and disclose the deep. South, eaft, and west, with mix'd confusion roar, And roll the foaming billows on the shore. The cables crack, the failors' fearful cries Afcend; and fable night involves the fkics; And heav'n itself is ravish'd from their eyes. Loud peals of thunder from the poles enfue, Then flashing fires the transient light renew; The face of things a frightful image bears, And present death in various forms appears. Struck with unufual fright, the Trojan chief, With lifted hands and eyes, invokes relief: And thrice, and four times happy those, he cry'd, That under Ilian walls before their parents died.

Tydides, bravest of the Grecian train, Why cou'd not I by that strong arm be flain, And lie by noble Hector on the plain: Or great Sarpedon, in those bloody fields, Where Simois rolls the bodies and the shields Of heroes, whose dismember'd hands yet bear The dart aloft, and ciench the pointed spear? Thus while the pious prince his fate bewails, Fierce Boreas drove against his flying fails, And rent the sheets: the raging billows rife, And mount the toffing vessel to the skies : Nor can the shiv'ring oars sustain the blow; The galley gives her fide, and turns her prow: While those aftern, descending down the steep, Thro' gaping waves behold the boiling deep. Three ships were hurry'd by the southern blast, And on the fecret shelves with fury cast. Those hidden rocks th' Ausonian failors knew, They call'd them altars, when they rose in view, And show'd their spacious backs above the flood. Three more, fierce Eurus in his angry mood Dash'd on the shallows of the moving fand, And in mid ocean left them moor'd a-iand. Orontes' barque, that bore the Lycian crew, (A horrid fight), ev'n in the hero's view, From stem to stem, by waves was overborne: The trembling pilot, from his rudder torn, Was headlong hurl'd; thrice round the ship was tost, Then bulg'd at once, and in the deep was loft. And here and there above the waves were feen Arms, pictures, precious goods, and floating menThe floutest vessel to the form gave way,
And suck'd thro' loosen'd planks the rushing sea.
Ilioneus was her chies: Alethes old,
Achates faithful, Abas young and bold
Endur'd not less: their ships, with gaping seams,
Admit the deiuge of the briny streams.

Meantime imperial Neptune heard the found Of raging billows breaking on the ground: Displeas'd, and fearing for his watry reign, He rear'd his awful head above the main: Serene in majefty, then roll'd his eyes Around the space of earth, and seas, and skies. He faw the Trojan ficet dispers'd, distres'd, By flormy winds and wintry heav'n oppress'd. Full well the god his fifter's envy knew, And what her aims and what her arts pursue: He summon'd Eurus and the western blaft, And first an angry glance on both he cast: Then thus rebuk'd; Audacious winds! from whence This bold attempt, this rebel infolence? Is it for you to ravage feas and land, Unauthoriz'd by my supreme command? To raife fuch mountains on the troubled main? Whom I-But first 'tis fit, the billows to restrain, And then you shall be taught obedience to my (reign.

Hence, to your lord my royal mandate bear, The realms of ocean and the fields of air Are mine, not his; by fatal lot to me The liquid empire fell, and trident of the fea. His pow'r to hollow caverns is confin'd,
There let him reign, the jailor of the wind:
With hoarse commands his breathing subjects call,
And boast and bluster in his empty hall.
He spoke: and while he spoke he smooth'd the sea,
Dispell'd the darkness, and restor'd the day:
Cymothoe, Triton, and the sea-green train
Of beauteous nymphs, the daughters of the main,
Clear from the rocks the vessels with their hands;
The god himself with ready trident stands,
And opes the deep, and spreads the moving sands;
Then heaves them off the shoals; where-e'er he
guides

His fanny courfers, and in triumph rides, The waves unruffle, and the fea fubfides. As when in tumults rife th' ignoble crowd, Mad are their motions, and their tongues are loud; And stones and brands in rattling vollies fly, And all the ruflic arms that fury can fupply; If then some grave and pious man appear, They huft their noise, and lend a lift'ning err; He fooths with fober words their angry mood, And quenches their innate defire of blood: So when the father of the flood appears, And o'er the feas his fov'reign trident rears, Their fury falls: he skims the liquid plains, High on his chariot, and with loofen'd reins, Majestic moves along, and awful peace maintains. The weary Trojans ply their shatter'd oars, To nearest land, and make the Libyan shores.

Within a long recess there lies a bay, An island shades it from the rolling sea, And forms a port secure for ships to ride, Broke by the jutting land on either fide: In double streams the briny waters glide. Betwixt two rows of rocks, a fylvan scene Appears above, and groves for ever green: A grot is form'd beneath, with mosfy seats, To rest the Nereids, and exclude the heats. Down thro' the crannies of the living walls The crystal streams descend in murm'ring falls. No haulfers need to bind the veffels here, Nor bearded anchors, for no storms they fear. Sev'n flips within this happy harbour meet, The thin remainders of the scatter'd fleet. The Trojans, worn with toils, and fpent with woes, Leap on the welcome land, and feek their wish'd repose.

First, good Achates, with repeated strokes
Of clashing slints, their hidden sire provokes;
Short slame succeeds, a bed of wither'd leaves
The dying sparkles in their fall receives:
Caught into life, in siery sumes they rise,
And, fed with stronger food, invade the skies.
The Trojans, dropping wet, or stand around
The cheerful blaze, or lie along the ground:
Some dry their corn, infected with the brine,
Then grind with marbles, and prepare to dine.
Æneas climbs the mountain's airy brow,
And takes a prospect of the scas below:

If Capys thence, or Antheus he cou'd fpy; Or fee the streamers of Caïcus fly. No veffels were in view: but, on the plain, Three beamy stags command a lordly train Of branching heads; the more ignoble throng Attend their flately steps, and flowly graze along. He stood; and while secure they fed below, He took the quiver, and the trufty bow Achates us'd to bear; the leaders first He laid along, and then the vulgar pierc'd; Nor ceas'd his arrows, till the shady plain Sey'n mighty bodies with their blood distain. For the fev'n ships he made an equal share, And to the port return'd, triumphant from the war. The jars of gen'rous wine (Acestes' gift, When his Trinacrian shores the navy left) He fet abroach, and for the feaft prepar'd, In equal portions with the ven'fon shar'd. Thus while he dealt it round, the pious chief, With cheerful words allay'd the common grief: Endure, and conquer; Jove will foon dispose To future good, our past and present woes. With me, the rocks of Scylla you have try'd; Th' inhuman Cyclops and his den defy'd. What greater ills hereafter can you bear? Refume your courage, and difmifs your care. An hour will come, with pleasure to relate Your forrows past, as benefits of fate. Through various hazards and events we move To Latium, and the realms foredoom'd by Jove.

Call'd to the feat (the promise of the skies)
Where Trojan kingdoms once again may rise.
Endure the hardships of your present state,
Live, and reserve yourselves for better fate.
These words he spoke: but spoke not from his

These words he spoke; but spoke not from his heart;

His outward smiles conceal'd his inward smart.

The jolly crew, unmindful of the past,

The quarry share, their plenteous dinner haste:

Some strip the skin, some portion out the spoil;

The limbs, yet trembling, in the cauldrons boil:

Some on the fire the recking entrails broil.

Stretch'd on the grassy turf, at ease they dine;

Restore their strength with meat, and cheer their souls with wine.

Their hunger thus appeas'd, their care attends
The doubtful fortune of their absent friends;
Alternate hopes and sears their minds posses,
Whether to deem them dead, or in distress.
Above the rest, Ameas mourns the sate
Of brave Orontes, and th' uncertain state
Of Gyas, Lycus, and of Amycus:
The day, but not their sorrows, ended thus.
When, from alost, almighty Jove surveys
Earth, air, and shores, and navigable seas,
At length on Libyan realms he fixt his eyes:
Whom, pond'ring thus on human miseries,
When Venus saw, she with a lovely look,
Not free from tears, her heav'nly sire bespoke.

VOL. II.

O king of gods and men, whose awful hand
Disperses thunder on the seas and land;
Disposing all with absolute command:
How cou'd my pious son thy pow'r incense?
Or what, alas! is vanish'd Troy's offence?
Our hope of Italy not only lost
On various seas, by various tempess tost,
But shut from ev'ry shore, and barr'd from ev'ry coast.

You promis'd once, a progery divine Of Romans, rifing from the Trojan line, In after-times should hold the world in awe, And to the land and ocean give the law. How is your doom revers'd, which eas'd my care, When Troy was ruin'd in that cruel war? Then fates to fates I cou'd oppose; but now, When fortune still pursues her former blow, What can I hope? What worfe can still succeed? What end of labours has your will decreed? Antenor, from the midft of Grecian hoffs, Cou'd pass secure, and pierce th' Illyrian coasts: Where, rolling down the steep, Timavus raves, And thro' nine channels disembogues his waves. At length he founded Padua's happy feat, And gave his Trojans a secure retreat : There fix'd their arms, and there renew'd their name. And there in quiet rules, and crown'd with fame : But we, descended from your facred line, Entitled to your heav'r, and rites divine,

Are banish'd earth, and, for the wrath of one,
Remov'd from Latium and the promis'd throne.
Are these our scepters? these our due rewards?
And is it thus that Jove his plighted faith regards?
To whom, the father of th' immortal race,
Smiling with that serene indulgert face,
With which he drives the clouds and clears the skies,
First gave a holy kis; then thus replies.

Daughter, difmiss thy fears: to thy defire The fates of thine are fix'd, and stand entire. Thou shalt behold thy wish'd Lavinian walls, And, ripe for heav'n, when fate Aneas calls, Then shalt thou bear him up, sublime, to me; No councils have revers'd my firm decree. And lest new fears disturb thy happy state, Know, I have fearch'd the mystic rolls of fate: Thy fon (nor is th' appointed scason far) In Italy shall wage successful war; Shall tame fierce nations in the bloody field, And fov'reign laws impose, and cities build. Till, after ev'ry foe subdu'd, the sun Thrice thro' the figns his annual race shall run: This is his time profix'd. Afcanius then, Now call'd Iulus, shall begin his reign. He thirty rolling years the crown shall wear, Then from Lavinium shall the seat transfer: And, with hard labour, Alba-longa build; The throne with his fuccession shall be fill'd. Thee hundred circuits more: then shall be feen Ilia the fair, a priestess and a queen:

Who, full of Mars, in time, with kindly throes, Shall at a birth two goodly boys disclose. The royal babes a tawny wolf shall drain, Then Romulus his grandfire's throne shall gain, Of martial tow'rs the founder shall become, The people Romans call, the city Rome. To them no bounds of empire I affign: Nor term of years to their immortal line. Ev'n haughty Juno, who, with endless broils, Earth, feas, and heav'n, and Jove himself turmoils; At length aton'd, her friendly pow'r shall join, To cherish and advance the Trojan line. The subject world shall Rome's dominion own, And, prostrate, shall adore the nation of the gown. An age is rip'ning in revolving fate, When Troy shall overturn the Grecian state: And sweet revenge her conqu'ring sons shall call, To crush the people that conspir'd her fall. Then Cafar from the Julian flock shall rife, Whose empire ocean, and whose fame the skies Alone shall bound. Whom, fraught with eastern spoils,

Our heav'n, the just reward of human toils,
Securely shall repay with rites divine;
And incense shall ascend before his sacred shrine.
Then dire debate, and impious war shall cease,
And the stern age be soften'd into peace:
Then banish'd faith shall once again return,
And vestal fires in hallow'd temples burn,
And Remus with Quirinus shall sustain
The righteous laws, and fraud and force restrain.

Janus himself before his sane shall wait,
And keep the dreadful issues of his gate,
With belts and iron bars: within remains
Imprison'd sury, bound in brazen chairs:
High on a trophy rais'd, of useless arms,
He sits, and threats the world with vain alarms.

He faid, and fent Cyllenius with command
To free the ports, and ope the Punic land
To Trojan guess; lest, ignorant of fate,
The queen might force them from her town and state.
Down from the steep of heav'n Cyllenius sies,
And cleaves with all his wings the yielding skies.
Soon on the Libyan shore descends the god;
Persorms his message, and displays his rod;
The surly murmurs of the people cease,
And, as the fates requir'd, they give the peace.
The queen herielf suspends the rigid laws,
The Trojans pities, and protects their cause.

Meantime, in shades of night Aneas lies;
Care seiz'd his soul, and sleep for sook his eyes.
But when the sun restor'd the cheerful day,
He ro'e, the coast and country to survey,
Anxious and eager to discover more:
It look'd a wild uncultivated shore:
But whether human kind, or beasts alone
Posses'd the new-sound region, was unknown.
Eencath a ledge of rocks his sleet he hides;
Tall trees surround the mountains shady sides:
The bending brow above, a safe retreat provides.

Arm'd with two pointed darts, he leaves his friends,
And true Achates on his steps attends.
Lo, in the deep recesses of the wood,
Before his eyes his goddess mother stood:
A huntress in her habit and her mien;
Her dress a maid, her air confess'd a queen.
Bare were her knees, and knots her garments bind;
Loose was her hair, and wanton'd in the wind;
Her hand sustain'd a bow, her quiver hung behind.
She seem'd a virgin of the Spartan blood:
With such array Harpalice bestrode
Her Thracian courser, and outstripp'd the rapid stood.

Ho! firangers! have you lately feen, the faid, One of my fifters, like myfelf array'd; Who croft the lawn, or in the forest stray'd? A painted quiver at her back she bore; Vary'd with spots, a Lynx's hide she wore: And at full cry purfu'd the tufky boar? Thus Venus: Thus her fon reply'd agen; None of your fifters have we heard or feen, O Virgin! or what other name you bear Above that flyle; O more than mortal fair! Your voice and mien celeftial birth betray! If, as you feem, the fifter of the day; Or one at least of chaste Diana's train, Let not an humble suppliant sue in vain : But tell a stranger, long in tempests tost, What earth we tread, and who commands the coaft?

Then on your name shall wretched mortals call; And offer'd victims at your altars fall. I dare not, the reply'd, affirme the name Of goddess, or celestial honours claim: For Tyrian virgins bows and quivers bear, And purple bulkins o'er their ancles wear. Know, gentle youth, in Libyan lands you are: A people rude in peace, and rough in war. The rifing city, which from far you fee, Is Carthage; and a Tyrian colony. Phænician Dido rules the growing state, Who fied from Tyre, to fhun her brother's hate: Great were her wrongs, her flory full of fate; Which I will fum in fhort. Sichæus, known For wealth, and brother to the Punic throne, Poffes'd fair Dido's bed: and either heart At once was wounded with an equal dart. Her father gave her, yet a spotless maid; Pygmalion then the Tyrian Scepter Sway'd: One who contemn'd divine and human laws. Then strife ensu'd, and cursed gold the cause. The monarch, blinded with defire of wealth, With steel invades his brother's life by stealth; Before the facred altar made him bleed, And long from her conceal'd the cruel deed: Some tale, fome new pretence, he daily coin'd, To footh his fifter, and delude her mind. At length, in dead of night, the ghost appears Of her unhappy lord: the spectre stares, And with crefted eyes his bloody bosom bares.

The cruel altars, and his fate he tells, And the dire fecret of his house reveals. Then warns the widow, with her houshold gods, To feek a refuge in remote abodes. Laft, to support her in fo long a way, He shews her where his hidden treasures lay. Admonish'd thus, and seiz'd with mortal fright, The queen provides companions of her flight: They meet, and all combine to leave the state, Who hate the tyrant, or who fear his hate. They seize a fleet, which ready rigg'd they find: Nor is Pygmalion's treasure left behind. The veffels, heavy laden, put to fea With prosp'rous winds; a woman leads the way. I know not, if by stress of weather driv'n, Or was their fatal course dispos'd by heav'n; At last they landed, where from far your eyes May view the turrets of new Carthage rife: There bought a space of ground, which Byrsa call'd From the bull's hide, they first inclos'd, and wall'd. But whence are you, what country claims your birth? What feek you, strangers, on our Libyan earth?

To whom, with forrow streaming from his eyes, And deeply lighing, thus her son replies:
Cou'd you with patience hear, or I relate,
O nymph! the tedious annals of our fate!
Thro' such a train of woes if I shou'd run,
The day wou'd sooner than the tale be done!
From ancient Troy, by sorce expell'd, we came,
If you by chance have heard the Trojan name:

On various seas, by various tempests tost,
At length we landed on your Libyan coast:
The good Aneas am I call'd, a name,
While fortune favour'd, not unknown to same:
My houshold gods, companions of my woes,
With pious care I rescu'd from our foes;
To fruitful Italy my course was bent,
And from the king of heav'n is my descent.
With twice ten sail I cross'd the Phrygian sea;
Fate and my mother goddess led my way.
Scarce sev'n, the thin remainder of my sleet,
From storms preserv'd, within your harbour meet:
Myself distress'd, an exile, and unknown,
Debarr'd from Europe, and from Asia thrown,
In Libyan deserts wander thus alone.

His tender parent cou'd no longer bear;
But, interposing, sought to sooth his care.
Whoe'er you are, not unbelov'd by heav'n,
Since on our friendly shore your ships are driv'n,
Have courage: to the gods permit the rest,
And to the queen expose your just request.
Now take this earnest of success, for more:
Your scatter'd sleet is join'd upon the shore;
The winds are chang'd, your friends from danger
free,

Or I renounce my skill in augury.

Twelve swans behold, in beauteous order move,

And stoop with closing pinions from above:

Whom late the bird of Jove had driv'n along,

And thro' the clouds pursu'd the scatt'ring throng:

Now all united in a goodly team,
They skim the ground, and seek the quiet stream.
As they, with joy returning, clap their wings,
And ride the circuit of the skies in rings;
Not otherwise your ships, and ev'ry friend,
Aiready hold the port, or with swift sails descend.
No more advice is needful, but pursue
The path before you, and the town in view.
Thus having said, the turn'd, and made appear
Her neck resulgent, and dishevell'd hair;
Which, slowing from her shoulders, reach'd the
ground,

And widely fpread ambrofial scents around;
In length of train descends her sweeping gown,
And, by her graceful walk, the queen of love is
known.

The prince pursu'd the parting deity,
With words like these: Ah! whither dost thou say?
Unkind and cruel, to deceive your son
In borrow'd shapes, and his embrace to shun;
Never to bless my sight, but thus unknown;
And still to speak in accents not your own.
Against the goddess these complaints he made;
But took the path, and her commands obey'd.
They march obscure, for Venus kindly shrouds,
With mists, their persons, and involves in clouds:
That, thus unseen, their passage none might stay,
Or force to tell the causes of their way.
This part persorm'd, the goddess sies sublime,
To visit Paphos, and her native clime:

Where garlands ever green, and ever fair, With vows are offer'd, and with folemn pray'r; A hundred alters in her temple smoke, A thousand bleeding hearts her pow'r invoke.

They climb the next afcent, and, looking down, Now at a nearer distance view the town: The prince with wonder fees the flately tow'rs. Which late were huts, and fhepherds' homely bow'rs; The gates and ffreets; and hears, from ev'ry part, The noise, and busy concourse of the mart. The toiling Tyrians on each other call, To ply their labour: fome extend the wall, Some build the citadel; the brawny throng Or dig, or push unwieldy stones along. Some for their dwellings chuse a spot of ground, Which, first design'd, with ditches they surround. Some laws ordain, and fome attend the choice Of holy fenates, and elect by voice. Here fome defign a mole, while others there Lay deep foundations for a theatre: From marble quarries mighty columns hew, For ornaments of scenes, and future view. Such is their toil, and fuch their bufy pains, As exercise the bees in flow'ry plains; When winter past, and summer scarce begun, Invites them forth to labour in the fun: Some lead their youth abroad, while fome condense Their liquid store, and some in cells dispense. Some at the gate stand ready to receive The golden burden, and their friends relieve.

All, with united force, combine to drive The lazy drones from the laborious hive; With envy ftung, they view each other's deeds; The fragrant work with diligence proceeds. Thrice happy you, whose walls already rife; Aneas faid; and view'd, with lifted eyes, Their lofty tow'rs; then ent'ring at the gate, Conceal'd in clouds, (prodigious to relate), He mix'd, unmark'd, among the bufy throng, Borne by the tide, and pass'd unseen along. Full in the center of the town there stood. Thick fet with trees, a venerable wood: The Tyrians landed near this holy ground, And digging here, a prosp'rous omen found: From under earth a courser's head they drew, Their growth and future fortune to foreshew: This fated fign their foundress Juno gave, Of a foil fruitful, and a people brave. Sidonian Dido here with folemn flate Did Juno's temple build, and confecrate: Enrich'd with gifts, and with a golden shrine; But more the goddess made the place divine. On brazen steps the marble threshold rose, And brazen plates the cedar beams inclose: The rafters are with brazen cov'rings crown'd, The lofty doors on brazen hinges found. What first Æneas in this place beheld, Reviv'd his courage, and his fear expell'd. For while, expecting there the queen, he rais'd His wond'ring eyes, and round the temple gaz'd; Admir'd the fortune of the rifing town, The flriving artifls, and their arts renown: He faw in order painted on the wall, Whatever did unhappy Troy befal: The wars that fame around the world had blown, All to the life, and ev'ry leader known. There Agamemnon, Priam here he spies, And fierce Achilles, who both kings defies. He stopp'd, and weeping faid, O friend! ev'n here The monuments of Trojan woes appear! Our known difasters fill ev'n foreign lands : See there, where old unhappy Priam stands! Ev'n the mute walls relate the warrior's fame, And Trojan griefs the Tyrians' pity claim. He faid: his tears a ready passage find, Devouring what he faw fo well defign'd; And with an empty picture fed his mind. For there he faw the fainting Grecians yield, And here the trembling Trojans quit the field, Pursu'd by fierce Achilles thro' the plain, On his high chariot driving o'r the sain. The tents of Rhesus next his griefs renew, By their white fails betray'd to nightly view. And wakeful Diomede, whose cruel fword The centries flew; nor spar'd their flumb'ring lord. Then took the fiery steeds, ere yet the food Of Troy they tafte, or drink the Xanthian flood. Elfewhere he faw where Troilus defy'd Achilles, and unequal combat try,d. VOL II.

Then, where the boy, disarm'd, with loosen'd reins, Was by his horses hurry'd o'er the plains:
Hung by the neck and hair, and dragg'd around,
The hostile spear yet sticking in his wound;
With tracks of blood inscrib'd the dusty ground.

Meantime the Trojan dames, oppress'd with woe,
To Pallas' fane in long procession go,
In hopes to reconcile their heav'nly foe:
They weep, they beat their breasts, they rend their hair,

And rich embroider'd vefts for prefents bear: But the flern goddess stands unmov'd with pray'r. Thrice round the Trojan walls Achilles drew The corps of Hector, whom in fight he flew. Here Priam fues; and there, for fums of gold. The lifeless body of his son is sold. So fad an object, and fo well expres'd, Drew fighs and groans from the griev'd hero's breaft: To fee the figure of his lifeless friend, And his old fire his helpless hand extend. Himself he saw amidst the Grecian train, Mix'd in the bloody battle on the plain. And fwarthy Memnon in his arms he knew, His pompous enfigns, and his Indian crew. Penthesilea, there, with haughty grace, Leads to the wars an Amazonian race: In their right hands a pointed dart they wield; The left, for ward, fustains the lunar shield. Athwart her breast a golden belt she throws. Amidst the press alone provokes a thousand foes: And dares her maiden arms to manly force oppose.

Thus, while the Trojan prince employs his eyes, Fix'd on the walls with wonder and furprife; The beautoous Dido, with a num'rous train, And pomp of guards, afcends the facred fane. Such on Eurotas' banks, or Cynthus' height, Diana feems; and fo the charms the fight, When in the dance the graceful goddess leads The quire of nymphs, and overtops their heads. Known by her quiver, and her lofty mien, She walks majefie, and the looks their queen : Latona fees her fline above the reft, And feeds with fecret joy her filent breaft. Such Dido was; with fuch becoming flate, Amidft the crowd, the walks ferenely great. Their labour to her future fway the speeds, And passing with a gracious glance proceeds: Then mounts the throne, high plac'd before the fhrine: In crowds around the fwarming people join. She takes petitions, and dispenses laws, Hears, and determines ev'ry private cause. Their tasks in equal portions the divides, And where unequal, there by lot decides. Another way by chance Aincas bends His eyes, and unexpeded fees his friends: Antheus, Sergefius grave, Cloanthus ftrong. And at their backs a mighty Trojan throng: Whom late the tempest on the billows toft, And widely featter'd on another coaft. The prince, unfeen, furpriz'd, with wonder flands, And lorgs, with joyful hafte, to join their hands:

But, doubtful of the wish'd event, he stays, And from the hollow cloud his friends furveys: Impatient till they told their present state. And where they left their thiss, and what their fate; And why they came, and what was their request: For these were fent commission'd by the rest, To fue for leave to land their fickly men. And gain admission to the gracious queen. Ent'ring, with crics they fill'd the holy fane: Then thus, with lawly voice, Ilioneus began. O queen! indula'd by favour of the gods. To found an empire in these new abodes; To build a town, with flatutes to restrain The wild inhabitants beneath thy reign: We wretched Trojans toft on ev'ry fhore, From sea to sea, thy clemency implore: Forbid the fires our shipping to deface, Receive th' unhappy fugitives to grace, And spare the remnant of a pious race. We come not with defign of wasteful prey, To drive the country, force the fwains away: Nor fuch our strength, nor fuch is our defire, The vanquish'd dare not to fuch thoughts affire. A land there is, Hesperia nam'd of old, The foil is fruitful, and the men are bold: Th' Oenotrians held it once, by common fame, Now call'd Italia, from the leader's name. To that fweet region was our voyage bent, When winds, and ev'ry warring element, Disturb'd our course, and, far from fight of land, Cast our torn vessels on the moving fand:

The sea came on; the south, with mighty roar, Difpers'd and dash'd the rest upon the rocky shore. Those few you see escap'd the storm, and fear, Unless you interpose, a shipwreck here; What men, what monsters, what inhuman race, What laws, what barb'rous customs of the place, Shut up a defert thore to drowning men, And drive us to the cruel feas agen! If our hard fortune no compassion draws, Nor hospitable rites, nor human laws, The gods are just, and will revenge our cause. Aineas was our prince, a juster lord, Or nobler warrior, never drew a fword: Observant of the right, religious of his word. If yet he lives, and draws his vital air, Nor we his friends of fafety shall despair, Nor you, great queen, these offices repent, Which he will equal, and perhaps augment. We want not cities, nor Sicilian coafts, Where King Acefics Trojan lineage boafts. Permit our thips a shelter on your shores, Refitted from your woods with planks and oars; That, if our prince be fafe, we may renew Our destin'd course, and Italy pursue. But if, O best of men! the fates ordain That thou art fwallow'd in the Libyan main: And if our young lulus be no more, Dismiss our navy from your friendly shore, That we to good Acestes may return, And with our friends our common losses mourn.

Thus fpoke Ilioneus; the Trojan erew
With cries and clamours his request renew.
The modest queen a while, with downcast eyes,
Ponder'd the speech; then briefly thus replies.

Trojans, difmiss your fears: my cruel fate, And doubts attending an unfettled state, Force me to guard my coast from foreign foes: Who has not heard the story of your woes? The name and fortune of your native place, The fame and valour of the Phrygian race? We Tyrians are not fo devoid of fenfe, Nor fo remote from Phæbus' influence. Whether to Latian shores your course is bent, Or driv'n by tempelts from your first intent, You feek the good Aceftes' government; Your men shall be receiv'd, your fleet repair'd, And fail, with thips of convoy for your guard: Or, wou'd you stay, and join your friendly pow'rs, To raise and to defend the Tyrian tow'rs; My wealth, my city, and myfelf are yours. And wou'd to heav'n the ftorm, you felt, wou'd bring On Carthaginian coasts your wand'ring king. My people shall, by my command, explore The ports and creeks of ev'ry winding thore; And towns, and wilds, and shady woods, in quest Of forenown'd and fo defir'd a gueft. Rais'd in his mind the Trojan hero stood, And long'd to break from out his ambient cloud; Achates found it; and thus urg'd his way: From whence, O goddefs-born! this long delay?

What more can you defire, your welcome fure, Your fleet in fafety, and your friends fecure? One only wents; and him we faw in vain Oppose the storm, and swallow'd in the main. Orontes in his fate our forseit paid, The rest agrees with what your mother said. Scarce had he spoken when the cloud gave way, The miss slew upward, and dissolv'd in day. The Trojan chief appear'd in open sight, August in visage, and screnely bright. His mother goldess, with her hands divine, Had form'd his curiing locks, and made his temples shine:

And giv'n his rolling eyes a sparkling grace; And breath'd a youthful vigour on his face: Like polish'd iv'ry, beauteous to behold, Or Parian marble, when enchas'd in gold: Thus radiant from the circling cloud he broke; And thus with manly modesty he speke.

He whom you feek am I: by tempefts toft,
And fav'd from shipwreck on your Libyan coast:
Presenting, gracious queen, before your throne,
A prince that owes his life to you alone.
Fair majefly, the resuge and redress
Of those whom sate pursues, and wants oppress:
You, who your pious offices employ
To save the relics of abandon'd Troy;
Receive the shipwreck'd on your friendly shore,
With hospitable rites relieve the poor:
Associate in your town a wand'ring train,
And strangers in your palace entertain.

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What thanks can wretched fugitives return, Who fcatter'd thro' the world in exile mourn? The gods, if gods to goodness are inclin'd, If acts of mercy touch their heav'nly mind; And, more than all the gods, your gen'rous heart, Conscious of worth, requite its own desert! In you this age is happy, and this earth: And parents more than mortal gave you birth. While rolling rivers into feas shall run, And round the space of heav'n the radiant fun; While trees the mountain-tops with shades supply, Your honour, name, and praise shall never die. Whate'er abode my fortune has affign'd, Your image shall be present in my mind. Thus having faid; he turn'd with pious hafte, And joyful his expecting friends embrac'd: With his right hand Ilioneus was grac'd, Serestus with his left; then to his breaft Cloanthus and the noble Gyas preft; And fo by turns descended to the rest.

The Tyrian queen flood fix'd upon his face, Pleas'd with his motions, ravish'd with his grace: Admir'd his fortunes, more admir'd the man; Then recollected flood; and thus began.

What fate, O goddess-born! what angry pow'rs Have cast you ship-wreck'd on our barren shores? Are you the great Aincas, known to same, Who from calestial seed your lineage claim! The same Aincas, who fair Venus bore To fam'd Ainchises on th' Idean shore?

It calls into my mind, though then a child, When Teucer came from Salanis exil'd; And fought my father's aid, to be reftor'd: My father Belus then with fire and fword Invaded Cyprus, made the region bare, And, conqu'ring, fmish'd the successful war. From him the Trojan fege I understood, The Grecian chiefs, and your illustrious blood: Your foe himself the Dardan valour prais'd. And his own ancestry from Trojans rais'd. Enter, my noble gueft; and you shall find, If not a costly welcome, yet a kind. For I myself, like you, have been diftrest; Till heav'n afforded me this place of reft. Like you an alien in a land unknown, I learn to pity woes fo like my own. She faid, and to the palace led her gueff, Then offer'd incense, and proclaim'd a feast. Nor yet less careful for his absent friends, Twice ten fat oxen to the ships she sends: Befides a hundred boars, a hundred lambs, With bleating cries, attend their milky dams. And jars of gen'rous wine, and spacious bowls, She gives to cheer the failors drooping fouls. Now purple hangings clothe the palace walls, And sumptuous scasts are made in splendid halls : On Tyrian carpets, richly wrought, they dine; With loads of maffy plate the fide-boards shine. And antic vafes, all of gold, embofs'd; (The gold it elf inferior to the coff);

Of curious work, where on the fides were feen The fights and figures of illustrious men; From their first founder to the present queen.

The good Æneas, whose paternal care Iulus' absence could no longer bear, Difpatch'd Achates to the ships in haste, To give a glad relation of the paft; And, fraught with precious gifts, to bring the boy Snatch'd from the ruins of unharpy Troy: A robe of tiffue, flif with golden wire; An upper veft, once Helen's rich attire; From Argos by the fam'd adultress brought: With golden flow'rs and winding foliage wrought; Her mother Leda's present, when she came To ruin Troy, and fet the world on flame. The scepter Priam's eldest daughter bore, Her orient necklace, and the crown she wore; Of double texture, glorious to behold, One order fet with gems, and one with gold. Instructed thus, the wife Achates goes: And in his diligence his duty hows.

But Venus, anxious for her fon's affairs,
New counsels tries; and new designs prepares:
That Cupid shou'd assume the shape and face
Of sweet A'canius, and the sprightly grace:
Shou'd bring the presents, in her nephew's slead,
And in Eliza's veins the gentle poison shed.
For much she fear'd the Tyrians, double-tongu'd,
And knew the town to Juno's care belong'd.
These thoughts by night her golden slumbers broke;
And thus, alarm'd, to winged Love she spoke.

My fon, my strength, whose mighty pow'r alone Controls the thund'rer, on his awful throne, To thee thy much-afflicted mother flies, And on thy fuccour, and thy faith relies. Thou know'ft, my fon, how Jove's revengeful wife, By force and fraud, attempts thy brother's life. And often hast thou mourn'd with me his pains; Him Dido now with banishment detains ; But I suspect the town where Juno reigns. For this, 'tis needful to prevent her art, And fire with love the proud Phænician's heart. A love fo violent, fo ftrong, fo fure, As neither age can change, nor art can cure. How this may be perform'd, now take my mind; Ascanius, by his father is defign'd To come, with prefents, laden from the port, To gratify the queen, and gain the court. I mean to plurge the boy in pleafing fleep, And ravish'd, in Idalian bow'rs to keep; Or high Cythera: that the fweet deceit May pass unseen, and none prevent the cheat, Take thou his form and shape. I beg the grace But only for a night's revolving space; Thyfelf a boy, affume a boy's dislembled face. That when amidst the fervour of the feast, The Tyrian hugs, and fonds thee on her breaft, And with fweet kisses in her arms constrains, Thou may'st infuse thy venom in her veins. The god of love obeys, and fets afide His bow, his quiver, and his plumy pride:

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He walks lülus in his mother's fight, And in the sweet resemblance takes delight.

The goddess then to young Ascanius flies, And in a pleasing slumber seals his eyes; Lull'd in her lap, amidft a train of loves, She gently bears him to her blisful groves: Then with a wreath of myrtle crowns his head, And foftly lays him on a flow'ry bed. Cupid mean time affum'd his form and face, Foll'wing Achates with a shorter pace; And brought the gifts. The queen, already fat Amidft the Trojan lords, in fhining flate, High on a golden bed: her princely guest Was next her fide, in order fat the reft. Then canifters with bread are heap'd on high; Th' attendants water for their hands supply; And, having wash'd, with filken towels dry. Next fifty handmaids in long order bore The censers, and with fumes the gods adore. Then youths, and virgins twice as many, join To place the dishes, and to serve the wine. The Tyrian train, admitted to the feaft, Approach, and on the painted couches rest. All on the Trojan gifts with wonder gaze; But view the beauteous boy with more amaze. His rofy-colour'd cheeks, his radiant eyes, His motions, voice, and shape, and all the god's difguise.

Nor pass unprais'd the vest and veil divine, Which wand'ring foliage and rich flow'rs entwine. But far above the rest, the royal dame,
(Already doom'd to love's disast'rous stame),
With eyes insatiate, and tumultuous joy,
Beholds the presents, and admires the boy.
The guileful god, about the hero iong,
With children's play, and false embraces hung;
Then sought the queen: she took him to her arms,
With greedy pleasure, and devour'd his charms.
Unhappy Dido little thought what guest,
How dire a god she drew so near her breast.
But he, not mindless of his mother's pray'r,
Works in the pliant bosom of the fair;
And moulds her heart anew, and blots her former
care.

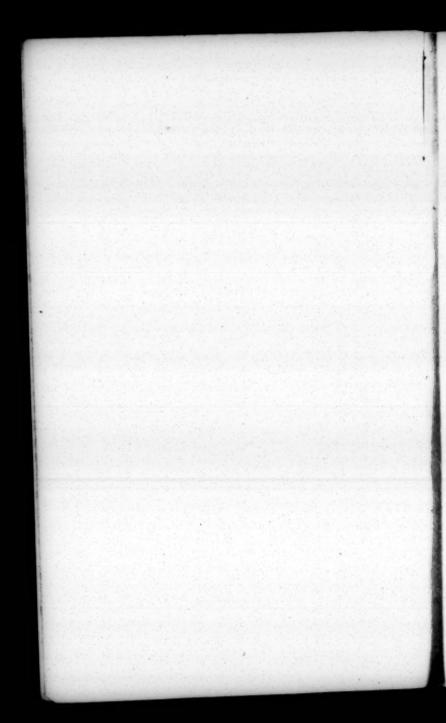
The dead is to the living love refign'd, And all Aneas enters in her mind.

Now, when the rage of hunger was appeas'd,
The meat remov'd, and ev'ry guest was pleas'd;
The golden bowls with sparkling wine are crown'd,
And thro' the palace chee: sul cries resound.
From gilded roofs depending lamps display
Nocturnal beams, that emulate the day.
A golden bowl, that shone with gems divine,
The queen commanded to be crown'd with wine;
The bowl that Belus us'd, and all the Tyrian line.
Then, silence thro' the hall proclaim'd, she spoke:
O hospitable Jove! we thus invoke,
With solemn rites, thy sacred name and pow'r!
Bless to both nations this auspicious hour.

Vol. II.

So may the Trojan and the Tyrian line, In lasting concord, from this day combine. Thou, Bacchus, god of joys and friendly cheer, And gracious Juno, both be present here: And you, my Lords of Tyre, your vows address lo heav'n with mine, to ratify the peace. The goblet then the took, with nectar crown'd, (Sprinkling the first libations on the ground), And rais'd it to her mouth with fober grace, Then fipping, offer'd to the next in place. 'Twas Bitias whom the call'd, a thirfty foul, He took the challenge, and embrac'd the bowl: With pleasure swill'd the gold, nor ceas'd to draw, Till he the bottom of the brimmer faw. The goblet goes around: lopas brought His golden lyre, and fing what ancient Atlas taught. The various labours of the wand'ring moon, And wheree proceed th' eclipies of the fun. Th' original of men, and beafts; and whence The rains arife, and fires their warmth difpenfe; And fix'd, and erring ftars, dispose their influence. What shakes the folid earth, what cause delays The fummer nights, and shortens winter lays. With peals of thouts the Tyrions praise the fong; Those peals are ccho'd by the Trojan throng. Th' unhappy queen with talk prolong'd the night, And drank large draughts of love with vast delight: Of Priam much enquir'd, of Heltor more; Then afk'd what aims the fwarthy Men.non wore; What troops he landed on the Trojan fhore.

The steeds of Diomede vary'd the discourse,
And sierce Achilles, with his matchless force.
At length, as fate and her i'll stars requir'd,
To hear the series of the war desir'd:
Relate at large, my god-like guest, she said,
The Grecian stratagems, the town betray'd;
The fatal i sue of so long a war,
Your slight, your wand'rings, and your woes declare.
For since on ev'ry sea, on ev'ry coast,
Your men have been distress'd, your navy tost,
sev'n times the sun has either tropic view'd,
The winter banish'd, and the spring renew'd.



VIRGIL's

Æ N E I S.

BOOK II.

THE ARGUMENT.

TENEAS relates how the city of Troy was taken, after a ten years fiege, by the treachery of Sinon, and the stratagem of a wooden borfe. He declares the fixed resolution he had taken not to survive the ruins of his country, and the various adventures he met with in the defence of it : at last, having been before advised by Hector's ghost, and now by the appearance of his mother Venus, he is prevailed upon to leave the town, and fettle his housboll gods in another country. In order to this, be carries of his father on bis foulders, and leads his little fon by the hand, his wife following him behind. When he comes to the place appointed for the general rendezvous, he finds a great confinence of people, but mifes his wife, whose ghest afterwards appears to him, and tells him the land which was defign'd for him.

THE SECOND BOOK

OF THE

Æ N E I S.

A LL were attentive to the god-like man; When from his lofty couch he thus began: Great queen, what you command me to relate Renews the fad remembrance of our fate; An empire from its old foundations rent, And ev'ry wo the Trojans underwent: A peopled city made a desert place; All that I faw, and part of which I was: Not ev'n the hardest of our foes cou'd hear, Nor stern Ulysses tell without a tear. And row the latter watch of wasting night, And fetting stars, to kindly rest invite. But fince you take fuch int'rest in our wo. And Troy's disaftrous end desire to know: I will restrain my tears, and briefly tell What in our last and fatal night befel.

By destiny compell'd, and in despair, The Greeks grew weary of the tedious war: And by Minerva's aid a fabric rear'd, Which like a steed of monstrous height appear'd; The fid's were plank'd with pine, they feign'd it made
For their return, and this the vow they paid.
Thus they pretend, but in the hollow fide,
Selected numbers of their foldiers hide:
With inward arms the dire machine they load,
And iron bowels fiuff the dark abode.
In fight of Troy lies Tenedos, an ifle
(While fortune did on Priam's empire finile)
Renown'd for wealth; but fince a faithless bay,
Where ships expos'd to wind and weather lay.
There was their fleet conceal'd: we thought for
Greece

Their fails were hoifted, and our fears releafe. The Trojans, coop'd within their walls fo long, Unbar their gates, and iffue in a throng, Like fwarming bees, and with delight furvey The camp deserted where the Grecians lay: The quarters of the fev'ral chiefs they show'd, Here Phænix, here Achilles made abode, Here join'd the battles, there the navy rode. Part on the pile their wond'ring eyes employ. (The pile by Pal'as rais'd to ruin Troy). Thymætes first ('tis doubtfal whether hir'd, Or fo the Trojan destiny requir'd) Mov'd that the ramparts might be broken down, To lodge the monfter fabric in the town. But Capys, and the rest of sounder mind, The fatal present to the flames defign'd; Or to the watry deep; at least to bore The hollow fides, and hidden frauds explore:

The giddy vulgar, as their fancies guide, With noise say nothing, and in parts divide. Laocoon, follow'd by a num'rous crowd, Ran from the fort; and cry'd, from far, aloud; O wretched countrymen! what fury reigns? What more than madness has posses'd your brains? Think you the Grecians from your coasts are gone, And are Ulyffes' arts no better known? This hollow fabric either must inclose, Within its blind recess, our secret foes: Or 'tis an engine rais'd above the town, T' o'erlook the walls, and then to batter down. Somewhat is fure defign'd; by fraud or force; Trust not their presents, nor admit the horse. Thus having faid, against the steed he threw His forceful spear, which, histing as it flew, Pierc'd thro' the yielding planks of jointed wood, And trembling in the hollow belly flood. 'The fides transpiere'd return a rattling found, And groans of Greeks inclos'd come issuing thro' the wound.

And had not heav'n the fall of Troy design'd,
Or had not men been fated to be blind,
Enough was said and done t' inspire a better mind:
Then had our lances pierc'd the treach'rous wood,
And Ilian tow'rs, and Priam's empire stood.
Meantime, with shouts, the Trojan shepherds bring
A captive Greek in bands before the king:
Taken, to take; who made himself their prey,
T' impose on their belief, and Troy betray.

Fix'd on his aim, and obstinately bent To die undaunted, or to circumvent. About the captive tides of Trojans flow; All press to see, and some infult the foe. Now hear how well the Greeks their wiles difguis'd, Behold a nation in a man compris'd. Trembling the miscreant stood, unarm'd and bound; He ftar'd, and roll'd his hagard eyes around: Then faid, Alas! what earth remains, what fea Is open to receive unhappy me! What fate a wretched fugitive attends, Scorn'd by my foes, abandon'd by my friends. He faid, and f.gh'd, and cast a rueful eye: Our pity kindles, and our passions die. We cheer the youth to make his own defence, And freely tell us what he was, and whence: What news he cou'd impart we long to know, And what to credit from a certive foe.

His fear at length dismiss'd, he faid, Whate'er
My fate ordains, my words shall be sincere:
I neither can nor dare my birth disclaim,
Greece is my country, Sinon is my name:
Tho' plung'd by fortunc's pow'r in misery,
'Tis not in fortune's pow'r to make me lie.
If any chance has bether brought the name
Of Palamedes, not unknown to fame,
Who suffer'd from the malice of the times;
Accus'd and sentenc'd for pretended crimes:
Because these fatal wars he wou'd prevent;
Whose death the wreached Greeks too late lament;

Me, then a boy, my father, poor and bare Of other means, committed to his care: His kinfman and companion in the war. While fortune favour'd, while his arms support The cause, and rul'd the counsels of the court, I made some figure there; nor was my name Obscure, nor I without my share of fame. But when Ulysses, with fallacious arts, Had made impression in the peoples hearts; And forg'd a treason in my patron's name, (I fpeak of things too far divulg'd by fame), My kinfman fell; then I, without support, In private mourn'd his loss, and left the court. Mad as I was, I cou'd not bear his fate With filent grief, but loudly blam'd the flate: And curs'd the direful author of my woes. 'Twas told again, and hence my ruin rose. I threaten'd, if indulgent heav'n once more Wou'd land me fafely on my native shore, His death with double vengeance to restore. This mov'd the murd'rer's hate, and focn enfu'd Th' effects of malice from a man fo proud. Ambiguous rumours thro' the camp he frread, And fought, by treafor, my devoted head: New crimes invented, left unturn'd no stone, To make my guilt appear, and hide his own. Till Calchas was by force and threat'ning wrought: But why-why dwell I on that anxious thought? If on my nation just revenge you feek, And 'tis t' appear a foe, t' appear a Greek;

Already you my name and country know, Asswage your thirst of blood, and strike the blow: My death will both the kingly brothers please, And set insatiate Ithacus at ease.

This fair unfinish'd tale, these broken starts, Rais'd expectations in our longing hearts; Unknowing as we were in Grecian arts. His former trembling once again renew'd, With acted fear, the villain thus pursu'd.

Long had the Grecians (tir'd with fruitless care,
And weary'd with an unsuccessful war)
Resolv'd to raise the siege, and leave the town;
And, had the gods permitted, they had gone.
But oft the wintry seas, and southern winds,
Withstood their passage home, and chang'd their
minds.

Portents and prodigies their fouls amaz'd;
But most, when this stupendous pile was rais'd.
Then staming meteors, hung in air, were seen,
And thunders rattled thro' a sky serene:
Dismay'd, and fearful of some dire event,
Eurypylus, t' enquire their fate, was sent;
He from the gods this dreadful answer brought;
O Grecians, when the Trojan shores you sought,
Your passage with a virgin's blood was bought;
So must your safe return be bought again,
And Grecian blood once more atone the main.
The spreading rumour round the people ran;
All fear'd, and each believ'd himself the man.

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Ulyffes took th' advantage of their fright; Call'd Calchas, and produc'd in open fight: Then bade him name the wretch, ordain'd by fate The public victim, to redeem the flate. Already some prefag'd the dire event, And faw what facrifice Ulyffes meant. For twice five days the good old feer withflood Th' intended treason, and was dumb to blood. Till tir'd with endiess clamours, and pursuit Of Ithacus, he flood no longer mute: But, as it was agreed, pronounc'd that I Was deftin'd by the wrathful gods to die. All prais'd the fentence, pleas'd the ftorm shou'd fall On one alone, whose fury threaten'd all. The difinal day was come, the priefts prepare Their leaven'd cakes; and fillets for my hair. I follow'd nature's laws, and must avow I broke my bonds, and fled the fatal blow. Hid in a weedy lake all night Llay, Secure of fafety when they fail'd away. But now what further hopes for me remain, To fee my friends or native foil again? My tender infants, or my careful fire; Whom they returning will to death require? Will perpetrate on them their first design, And take the forfeit of their heads for mine? Which, O if pity mortal minds can move! If there be faith below, or gods above! If innocence and truth can claim defert, Ye Trojans, from an injur'd wretch avert.

False tears true pity move: the king commands To loofe his fetters, and unbind his hands: Then adds these friendly words; Difinis thy fears, Forget the Greeks, be mine as thou wert theirs: But truly tell, was it for force or guile, Or fome religious end, you rais'd this pile? Thus faid the king. He, full of fraudful arts. This well-invented tale for truth imparts: Ye lamps of heav'n! he faid, and lifted high His hands, now free; thou venerable fky, Inviolable pow'rs, ador'd with dread, Ye fatal fillets, that once bound this head, Ye facred altars, from whose flames I fled! Be all of you abjur'd; and grant I may, Without a crime, th' ungrateful Greeks betray! Reveal the secrets of the guilty state, And juftly punish whom I justly hate! But you, O king, preserve the faith you gave, If I, to fave myfelf, your empire fave. The Grecian hopes, and all th' attempts they made, Were only founded on Minerva's aid. But from the time when impious Diomede, And false Ulysses, that inventive head, Her fatal image from the temple drew, The fleeping guardi ns of the caffle flew, Her virgin statue with their bloody hands Polluted, and profan'd her holy bands: From thence the tide of fortune left their shore, And ebb'd much faster than it flow'd before: Their courage languish'd as their hopes decay'd, And Pallas, now averse, refue'd her aid.

Nor did the godde's doubtfully declare

Her alter'd mind, and alienated care:

When first her fatal image touch'd the ground,

She sternly cast her glaring eyes around;

That sparkled as they roll'd, and seem'd to threat:

Her heav'nly limbs distill'd a briny sweat.

Thrice from the ground she leap'd, was seen to wield

Her brandish'd lance, and shake her horrid shield.

Then Calchas bade our host for slight prepare,

And hope no conquest from the tedious war:

Till first they saii'd for Greece; with pray'rs be
fought

Her injur'd pow'r, and better omens brought. And now their navy ploughs the watry main, Yet, foon expect it on your shores again, With Pallas pleas'd; as Calchas did ordain. But first, to reconcile the blue ey'd maid, For her stol'n statue, and her tow'r betray'd: Warn'd by the feer, to her offended name We rais'd, and dedicate this wond'rous frame: So lofty, left thro' your forbidden gates It pass, and intercept our better fates. For, once admitted there, our hopes are loft; And Troy may then a new Palladium boaft. For fo religion and the gods ordain; That if you violate with hands profane Minerva's gift, your town in flames shall burn; (Which omen, O ye gods, on Græcia turn!) But if it climb, with your affifting hands, The Trojan walls, and in the city stands;

Then Troy shall Argos and Mycene burn, And the reverse of fate on us return.

With such deceits he gain'd their easy hearts, Too prone to credit his perficious arts. What Diomede, nor Thetis' greater fon, A thousand ships, nor ten years siege had done : False tears and fawning words the city won. A greater omen, and of worse portent, Did our unwary minds with fear torment: Concurring to produce the dire event. Laocoon, Neptune's prieft by lot that year, With folemn pomp then facrific'd a fteer. When, dreadful to behold, from fea we fpy'd Two serpents rank'd a-breast, the seas divide, And fmoothly fweep along the fwelling tide. Their flaming crefts above the waves they show, Their bellies feem to burn the feas below : Their speckled tails advance to seer their course, And on the founding shore the flying billows force. And now the firand, and now the plain they held, Their ardent eyes with bloody streaks were fill'd: Their nimble tongues they brandish'd as they came, And lick'd their histing jaws, that sputter'd flame. We fled amaz'd; their destin'd way they take, And to Laocoon and his children make : And first around the tender boys they wind, Then with their sharpen'd fangs their limbs and bodies grind.

The wretched father, running to their aid, With pious hafte, but vain, they next invade: Twice round his waift their winding volumes roil'd. And twice about his gasping throat they fold. The prieft, thus doubly chok'd, their crefts divide, And, tow'ring o'er his head, in triumph ride. With both his hands he labours at the knots. His holy fillets the blue venom blots : His roaring fills the fitting air around. Thus, when an ox receives a glancing wound, He breaks his bands, the fatal altar flies, And with loud beliowings breaks the yielding skies. Their talks perform'd, the ferpents quit their prey, And to the tow'r of Pallas make their way: Couch'd at her feet, they lie protected there, By her large buckler and protended spear. Amazement feizes all; the gen'ral cry Proclaims Laocoon justly doom'd to die, Whose hand the will of Pallas had withstood, And dar'd to violate the facred wood. All vote t' admit the steed, that vows be paid, And incepfe offer'd to th' offended maid. A fracious breach is made, the town lies bare, Some hoising levers, some the wheels prepare, And fasten to the horses feet: the rest With cables hawl along th' unwieldy beaft. Each on his fellow for affiftance calls: At length the fatal fabric mounts the walls, Big with destruction. Boys with chaplets crown'd, And quires of virgins fing and dance around. Thus rais'd aloft, and then descending down, It enters o'er our heads, and threats the town.

O facred city! built by hands divine! O valiant heroes of the Trojan line! Four times he fluck; as oft the clashing found Of arms was heard, and inward groans rebound. Yet, mad with zeal, and blinded with our fate, We hawl along the horse in solemn state; Then place the dire portert within the tow'r. Callandra cry'd, and curs'd th' unhappy hour; Foretold our fate; but, by the gods decree, All heard and none believ'd the prophecy. With branches we the fanes adorn, and wafte In joliity, the day ordain'd to be the laft. Meantime the rapid heav'ns roll'd down the light, And on the shaded ocean rush'd the night: Our men secure, nor guards nor centries held, But eafy fleep their weary limbs compell'd. The Grecians had embark'd their naval pow'rs From Tenedos, and lought our well-known thores: Safe under covert of the filent night, And guided by th' imperial galley's light. When Sinon, favour'd by the partial gods, Unlock'd the horse, and op'd his dark abodes; Reflor'd to vital air our hidden focs, Who joyful from their long confinement rofe. Tyfander bold, and Sthenelus their guide, And dire Ulyffes, down the cable flide: Then Thoas, Athamas, and Pyrrhus hafte; Nor was the Podalyrian hero laft: Nor injur'd Menelaus, nor the fam'd Epeus, who the fatal engine fram'd.

A nameless crowd succeed; their forces join T' invade the town, oppress'd with sleep and wine. Those few they find awake, first meet their fate, Then to their fellows they unbar the gate. 'Twas in the dead of night, when sleep repairs Our bodies worn with toils, our minds with cares, When Hector's ghoft before my fight appears : A bloody shrowd he seem'd, and bath'd in tears. Such as he was, when, by Pelides flain, Theffalian courfers dragg'd him o'er the plain. Swoln were his feet, as when the thongs were thrust Thro' the bor'd holes, his body black with duft. Unlike that Hector, who return'd from toils Of war triumphant, in Aacian spoils: Or him, who made the fainting Greeks retire, And launch'd against their navy Phrygian fire. His hair and beard flood fliffen'd with his gore; And all the wounds he for his country bore Now stream'd afresh, and with new purple ran: I wept to fee the visionary man: And, while my trance continu'd, thus began. O light of Trojans, and support of Troy, Thy father's champion, and thy country's joy! O, long expected by thy friends! from whence Art thou fo late return'd for our defence? Do we behold thee, weary'd as we are, With length of labours, and with toils of war? After so many fun'rals of thy own, Art thou restor'd to thy declining town? But fay, what wounds are thefe? What new difgrace Deforms the manly features of thy face?

To this the fpectre no reply did frame; But answer'd to the cause for which he came: And, groaning from the bottom of his breaft, This warning, in these mournful words, express'd. O goddess-born, escape, by timely flight, The flames and horrors of this fatal night. The foes already have posses'd the wall, Troy nods from high, and totters to her fall. Enough is paid to Priam's royal name, More than enough to duty and to fame. If by a mortal hand my father's throne Cou'd be defended, 'twas by mine alone : Now Troy to thee commends her future flate, And gives her gods companions of thy fate: From their affistance happier walls expect, Which, wand'ring long, at last thou shalt erect. He faid, and brought me, from their bleft abodes, The venerable statues of the gods : With ancient Vesta from the facred quire, The wreaths and relics of th' immortal fire.

Now peals of shouts come thund'ring from afar, Cries, threats, and loud laments, and mingled war: The noise approaches, though our palace stood Aloof from streets, encompass'd with a wood. Louder, and yet more loud, I hear th' alarms Of human cries distinct, and clashing arms: Fear broke my slumbers; I no longer stay, But mount the terrass, thence the town survey, And hearken what the frightful sounds convey. Thus when a flood of sire by wind is borne, Crackling it rolls, and mows the standing corn:

Or deluges, descending on the plains,

Sweep o'er the yellow year, destroy the pains
Of lab'ring oxen, and the peasant's gains:
Unroot the ferest oaks, and bear away
Flocks, folds, and trees, an undistinguish'd prey.
The shepherd climbs the clist, and sees from far
The wasteful ravage of the watry war.
Then Hector's faith was manifestly clear'd,
And Grecian frauds in open light appear'd.
The palace of Deiphobus ascends
In smoky slames, and catches on his friends.
Ucalegon burns next; the seas are bright
With splendor not their own, and shine with Trojan
light.

New clamours and new clangors now arife,
The found of trumpets mix'd with fighting cries.
With frenzy feiz'd, I run to meet th' alarms,
Refolv'd on death, refolv'd to die in arms.
But first to gather friends, with them t' oppose,
If fortune favour'd, and repel the foes.
Spurr'd by my courage, by my country fir'd,
With sense of honour, and revenge inspir'd.

Pantheus, Apollo's priest, a sacred name,
Had 'scap'd the Grecian swords, and pass'd the slame;
With relics loaden, to my doors he sled,
And by the hand his tender grandson led.
What hope, O Pantheus! whither can we run?
Where make a stand? and what may yet be done?
Scarce had I said, when Pantheus, with a groan,
Troy is no more, and Ilium was a town!

The fatal day, th' appointed hour is come, When wrathful Jove's irrevocable doom Transfers the Trojan state to Grecian hands. The fire confumes the town, the foe commands: And armed hofts, an unexpected force, Break from the bowels of the fatal horse. Within the gates, proud Sinon throws about The flames, and foes for entrance press without. With thousand others, whom I fear to name, More than from Argos or Mycene came. To fev'ral posts their parties they divide; Some block the narrow streets, some scour the wide. The bold they kill, th' unwary they furprise; Who fights finds death, and death finds him who flies. The warders of the gate but scarce maintain Th' unequal combat, and resist in vain. I heard; and heav'n, that well-born fouls inspires, Prompts me, thro' lifted fwords, and rifing fires To run, where clashing arms and clamour calls, And rush undaunted to defend the walls. Ripheus and Iphitus by my fide engage, For valour one renown'd, and one for age. Dymas and Hypanis by moonlight knew My motions, and my mien, and to my party drew; With young Choræbus, who by love was led To win renown, and fair Caffandra's bed; And lately brought his troops to Priam's aid; Forewarn'd in vain by the prophetic maid. Whom, when I faw, refolv'd in arms to fall, And that one spirit animated all;

Brave fouls, said I, but brave, alas! in vain:
Come, finish what our cruel fates ordain.
You see the desp'rate state of our assairs;
And heav'n's protecting pow'rs are deaf to pray'rs.
The passive gods behold the Greeks desile
Their temples, and abandon to the spoil
Their own abodes: we, seeble sew, conspire
To save a finking town, involv'd in sire.
Then let us fall, but fall amidst our soes;
Despair of life, the means of living shows.
So bold a speech encourag'd their desire
Of death, and added suel to their sire.

As hungry wolves, with raging appetite, Scour thro' the fields, nor fear the stormy night; Their whelps at home expect the promis'd food, And long to temper their dry chaps in blood: So rush'd we forth at once, resolv'd to die, Resolv'd in death the last extremes to try. We leave the Earrow lanes behind, and dare Th' unequal combat in the public square: Night was our friend, our leader was despair. What tongue can tell the flaughter of the night? What eyes can weep the forrows and affright! An ancient and imperial city falls, The streets are fill'd with frequent funerals : Houses and holy temples float in blood, And hoslile nations make a common flood. Not only Trojans fall, but, in their turn, The vanquish'd triumph, and the victors mourn. Ours take new courage from despair and night; Confus'd the fortune is, confus'd the fight.

All parts refound with tumults, plaints, and fears, And grifly death in fundry shapes appears. Androgeos fell among us, with his band, Who thought us Grecians newly come to land: From whence, faid he, my friends, this long delay? You loiter, while the spoils are borne away : Our ships are laden with the Trojan store, And you like truants come too late ashore. He faid, but foon corrected his mistake, Found, by the doubtful answers which we make: Amaz'd, he wou'd have fhunn'd th' unequal fight, But we, more num'rous, intercept his flight. As when some peasant in a bushy brake Has with unwary footing press'd a snake; He starts aside, astonish'd, when he spies His rifing creft, blue neck, and rolling eyes: So from our arms furpriz'd Androgeos flics. In vain; for him and his we compass'd round, Posses'd with fear, unknowing of the ground; And of their lives an eafy conquest found. Thus fortune on our first endeavour smil'd; Choræbus then, with youthful hopes beguil'd, Swoln with fuccess, and of a daring mind, This new invention fatally design'd. My friends, faid he, fince fortune flows the way, 'Tis fit we shou'd th' auspicious guide obey. For what has the thefe Grecians arms bestow'd, But their destruction, and the Trojans good? Then change we shields, and their devices bear. Let fraud supply the want of force in war.

They find us arms. This faid, himself he dress'd In dead Androgeus' poils, his upper vest, His painted buckler, and his plumy crest. Thus Ripheus, Dymas, all the Trojan train Lay down their own attire, and strip the slain. Mix'd with the Greeks, we go with ill presage, Flatter'd with hopes to glut our greedy rage: Unknown, assaulting whom we blindly meet, And strew with Grecian carcases the screet. Thus while their straggling parties we defeat, Some to the shore and safer ships retreat: And some, oppress'd with more ignoble fear, Remount the hollow horse, and pant in secret there.

But ah! what use of valour can be made, When heav'n's propitious pow'rs refuse their aid! Behold the royal prophetefs, the fair Caffandra, dragg'd by her dishevell'd hair; Whom not Minerva's thrine, nor facred bands, In fasety cou'd protect from facrilegious hands: On heav'n she cast her eyes, she sigh'd, she cry'd, ('Twas all she cou'd), her tender arms were ty'd. So fad a fight Choræbus cou'd not bear, But, fir'd with rage, diftracted with despair, Amid the barb'rous ravishers he flew: Our leader's rash example we pursue. But storms of stones, from the proud temple's height, Pour'd down, and on our batter'd helms alight: We from our friends receiv'd this fatal blow, Who thought us Grecians, as we feem'd in show.

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They aim at the misseken cress from high, And ours beneath the pond'rous ruin ly. Then, mov'd with anger and disdain, to see Their troops dispers'd, the royal virgin free: The Grecians rally, and their pow'rs unite; With sury charge us, and renew the fight. The brother-kings with Ajax join their force, And the whole squadron of Thessalian horse.

Thus, when the rival winds their quarrel try, Contending for the kingdom of the fky; South, eaft, and west, on airy coursers borne, The whirlwind gathers, and the woods are torn: Then Nereus firikes the deep, the billows rife, And, mix'd with ooze and fund, pollute the fkies. The troops we fquander'd first again appear, From fev'ral quarters, and inclose the rear. They first observe, and to the rest betray Our diff'rent speech, our borrow'd arms survey. Oppress'd with odds, we fall; Choræbus firf, At Pallas' altar, by Pencieus pierc'd. Then Ripheus follow'd, in th' unequal fight; Just of his word, observant of the right: Heav'n thought not fo: Dymas their fate attends, With Hypanis, mistaken by their friends. Nor, Pantheus, thee, thy mitre nor the bands Of awful Phæbus, fav'd from impious hands. Ye Trojan flames, your testimony bear, What I perform'd, and what I fuffer'd there: No fword avoiding in the fatal strife, Expos'd to death, and proligal of life.

Witness, ye heav'ns! I live not by my fault, I frove to have deferv'd the death I fought. But when I cou'd not fight, and wou'd have died, Borne off to distance by the growing tide, Old Iphicus and I were hurry'd thence, With Pelias wounded, and without defence. New clamours from th' invested palace ring; We run to die, or difingage the king. So hot th' affault, fo high the tumult rofe, While ours defend, and while the Greeks oppose; As all the Dardan and Argolic race Had been contracted in that narrow space: Or as all llium else were void of fear, And tumult, war, and flaughter only there. Their targets in a tortoife cast, the toes Secure advancing, to the turrets rofe: Some mount the scaling ladders, some, more bold, Swerve upwards, and by poss and pillars hold: Their left hand g. ipes their bucklers, in th' afcent. V. hile with the right they scize the battlement. From their demolish'd tow'rs the Trojans throw Hage heaps of stones, that, falling, crush the for And heavy beams and rafters from the fides, (Such arms their last necessity provides); And gilded roofs come tumbling from on high, The marks of flate, and ancient royalty. The guards below, fix'd in the pass, attend The charge undaunted, and the gate defend. Renew'd in courage, with recover'd breath, A second time we ran to tempt our death:

To clear the palace from the foe, succeed The weary living, and revenge the dead. A postern door, yet unobserv'd, and free. Join'd by the length of a blind gallery, To the king's closet led, a way well known To Hector's wife, while Priam held the throne: Thro' which the brought Aftyanax, unicen, To cheer his grandfire, and his grandfire's queen. Thro' this we pais, and mount the tow'r, from whence With unavailing arms the Trojans make defence. From this the trembling king had oft descry'd The Grecian camp, and faw their navy ride. Beams from its lofty height with fwords we hew; Then, wrenching with our hands, th' affault renew. And where the rafters on the columns meet. We push them headlong with our arms and feet: The lightning flies not swifter than the fall; Nor thunder louder than the ruin'd wall: Down goes the top at once; the Greeks beneath Are piecemcal torn, or pounded into death. Yet more succeed, and more to death are sent; We cease not from above, nor they below relent. Before the gate flood Pyrrhus, threat'ning loud, With glitt'ring arms conspicuous in the crowd. So flines, renew'd in youth, the crefted Inake, Who flept the winter in a thorny brake: And caffing off his flough, when fpring returns, Now look aloft, and with new glory burns: Reflor'd with pois'nous herbs, his ardent fides Reflect the fun, and rais'd on spires he rides:

High o'er the grafs, hiffing he rolls along, And brandithes by fits his forky tongue. Proud Periphas, and fierce Automedon, His father's charioteer, together run To force the gate: the Scyrian infantry Rush on in crowds, and the barr'd passage free. Ent'ring the court, with shouts the flies they rend, And flaming firebrands to the roofs afcerd. Himfelf, among the foremost, deals his blows, And with he ax repeated flrokes bestows On the f o ig doors : then all their shoulders ply. ' Till from the posts the brazen hinges fly. He hews apace, the double bars at length Yields to his ax, and unrefifted ftrength. A mighty breach is made; the rooms conceal'd Appear, and all the palace is reveal'd. The halls of audience, and of public flate. And where the lonely queen in fecret fat. Arm'd foldiers now by trembling maids are feen, With not a door, and scarce a space between. The house is fill'd with loud laments and cries, And fhricks of women rend the vaulted flies. The fearful matrons run from place to place, And kifs the thresholds, and the posts embrace. The fatal work inhuman Pyrrhus plies, And all his father frankles in his eyes. Nor bars, nor fighting guards his force fuffain; The bars are broken, and the guards are flain. In ruth the Greeks, and all th' apartments fill; Those few defendants whom they find, they kill.

Not with fo fierce a rage, the foaming flood Roars, when he finds his rapid course withstood: Bears down the dams with unrefifted fway, And fweeps the cattle and the cots away. Thefe eyes beheld him, when he march'd between The brother-kings : I faw th' unhappy queen, The hundred wives, and where old Priam stood, To flain his hallow'd altar with his blood. The fifty nuptial beds: (fuch hopes had he, So large a promise of a progeny). The posts of plated gold, and hung with spoils. Fell the reward of the proud victor's toils. Where'er the raging fire had left a space, The Grecians enter, and possess the place. Ferhaps you may of Priam's fate enquire. He, when he faw his regal town on fire, His ruin'd palace, and his ent'ring foes, On ev'ry fide inevitable woes; In arms difus'd, invefis his limbs decay'd Like them, with age; a late and useless aid. Fiis feeble shoulders scarce the weight sustain : Loaded, not arm'd, he creeps along, with pain; Despairing of success; ambitious to be flain! Uncover'd but by heav'n, there stood in view An altar; near the hearth a laurel grew; Dodder'd with age, whose boughs encompass'd · round

The houshold gods, and shade the holy ground. Here Hecuba, with all her helpless train Of dames, for shelter sought, but sought in vain. Driv'n like a fock of doves along the fly, Their images they hug, and to their altars fly. The queen, when she beheld her trembling lord, And hanging by his fide a heavy fword, What rage, the cry'd, has feiz'd my husband's mind? What arms are these, and to what use design'd? Thefe times want other aids: were Hector here, Ev'n Hector now in vain like Priam wou'd appear, With us, one common fhelter thou fhalt find, Or in one common fate with us be join'd. She faid, and with a last falute embrac'd The poor old man, and by the laurel plac'd. Behold Polites, one of Priam's fons, Purfu'd by Pyrrhus, there for fafety runs. Thro' fwords, and foes, amez'd and hurt, he fies Thro' empty courts, and open galleries: Him Pyrrhus, urging with his lance, purfues; And often reaches, and his thrusts renews. The youth transfix'd, with lamentable cries Expires, before his wretched parents' eyes. Whom, gasping at his feet, when Priam saw, The fear of death gave place to nature's law. And flaking, more with anger than with age, The gods, faid he, requite thy brutal rage: As fure they will, barbarian, fure they must, If there be gods in heav'n, and gods be just; Who tak'ft in wrongs an infolent delight; With a fon's death t' infect a father's fight. Not he, whom thou and lying fame conspire To call thee his; not he, thy vaunted fire,

Thus us'd my wretched age: the gods he fear'd,
The laws of nature and of nations heard.
He cheer'd my forrows, and for fums of gold
The bloodless carcase of my Hector sold;
Pity'd the woes a parent underwent,
And sent me back in safety from his tent.

This faid, his feeble hand a jav'lin threw, Which, futt'ring, feem'd to loiter as it flew: Just, and but barely, to the mark it held, And faintly tinkled on the brazen shield.

Then Pyrrhus thus : Go thon from me to fate; And to my father my foul deeds relate. Now die: with that he dragg'd the trembing fire, Slidd'ring thro' clotter'd blood and holy mire, The mingled paste his murder'd fon had made), Hawl'd from beneath the violated shade, And on the facred pile the royal victim laid. His right hand held his bloody fauchion bare; His left he twifted in his hoary hair: Then, with a speeding thrust, his heart he found: The lukewarm blood came ruthing thro' the wound, And fanguine streams distain'd the facred ground. Thus Priam fell, and shar'd one common fate With Troy in aftes, and his ruin'd flate: He, who the freptre of all Afia fway'd, Whom monarchs like domeflic flaves obey'd, On the bleak shore now lies th' abandon'd king, * A headless carcase, and a nameless thing.

This a hale line is taken from Sir John Denham.

ANEIS.

Then, not before, I felt my cardied blood Congeal with fear; my hair with horror food: My father's image fill'd my pious mind; Left equal years might equal fortune find. Again I thought on my forfaken wife; And trembled for my fon's abandon'd life. I look'd about, but found myfelf alone; De erted at my necd; my friends were gone. Some Spent with toil, Some with despair oppress'd, Leap'd headlong from the heights; the flames confum'd the reft.

Thus, wand'ring in my way, without a guide, The graceless Helen in the porch I spy'd Of Vesta's temple; there she lurk'd alone; Muffled the fat, and, what the cou'd, unknown: But by the flames, that cast their blaze around, That common bane of Greece and Troy I found. For Ilium burnt, the dreads the Trojan's fword; More dreads the vengeance of her injur'd lord; Ev'n by those gods, who refug'd her, abhorr'd. Trembling with race, the firumpet I regard; Refolv'd to give her guilt the due reward. Shall the trium; hant fail before the wind, And leave in flames unhappy Troy behind? Shall she her kingdom and her friends review, In flate attended with a captive crew; While unreverg'd the good old Priam falls, And Grecian fires confume the Trojan walls? For this the Phrygian fields, and Xanthian flood Were fwell'd with bodies, and were drunk with blood? 'Tis true, a foldier can small honour gain, And boaft no conquest from a woman slain; Yet shall the fact not pass without applause, Of vengeance taken in fo just a cause. The punish'd crime shall set my foul at ease: And murm'ring manes of my friends appeafe. Thus while I rave, a gleam of pleasing light Spreads o'er the place, and shining heav'nly bright My mother flood reveal'd before my fight. Never so radiant did her eyes appear; Nor her own flar confess'd a light so clear. Great in her charms, as when on gods above She looks, and breathes herfelf into their love. She held my hand, the destin'd blow to break: Then from her rofy lips began to fpeak. My fon, from whence this madness, this neglect Of my commands, and those whom I protect? Why this unmanly rage? recal to mind Whom you forfake, what pledges leave behind. Look if your helples, father yet survive; Or if Afcanius, or Creiifa live. Around your house the greedy Grecians err; And these had perith'd in the nightly war, But for my presence and protecting care. Not l'elen's face, nor Paris, was in fault; But by the gods was this destruction brought. Now cast your eyes around; while I dissolve The mists and films that mortal eyes involve: Purge from your fight the drofs, and make you fee The shape of each avenging deity.

Enlighten'd thus, my just commands fulfil; Nor fear obedience to your mother's will. Where you disorder'd heap of ruin lies, Stones rent from stones, where clouds of dust arise, Amid that smother, Neptune holds his place: Below the wall's foundation drives his mace, And heaves the building from the folid bafe. Look where, in arms, imperial Juno stands, Full in the Scaan gate, with loud commands; Urging on shore the tardy Grecian bands. See Pallas, of her fnaky buckler proud, Bestrides the tow'r, refulgent thro' the cloud: See Jove new courage to the foe supplies, And arms against the town the partial deities. Hafte hence, my fon; this fruitless labour end: Hafte where your trembling spouse and fire attend: (Hafte, and a mother's care your passage shall be- (friend.

She said: and swiftly vanish'd from my sight,
Obscure in clouds, and gloomy shades of night.
I look'd, I listen'd; dreadful sounds I hear,
And the dire forms of hostile gods appear.
Troy sunk in slames I saw, nor cou'd prevent;
And Ilium from its old soundations rent.
Rent like a mountain ash, which dar'd the winds;
And stood the sturdy strokes of lab'ring hinds;
About the roots the cruel ax resounds,
The stumps are pierc'd with oft repeated wounds.
The war is felt on high, the nodding crown
Now threats a fall, and throws the leasy honours down.

To their united force it yields, the late;
And mourns with mortal groans th' approaching fate:
The roots no more their upper load fuftain;
But down the falls, and spreads a ruin through the plain.

Descending thence, I 'scape thro' foes and fire! Before the goddess, foes and flames retire. Arriv'd at home, he for whose only fake, Or most for his, such toils I undertake, The good Anchifes, whom, by timely flight, I purpos'd to fecure on Ida's height, Refus'd the journey; resolute to die, And add his fun'rals to the fate of Troy: Rather than exile and old age fustain. Go you, whose blood runs warm in ev'ry vein: Had heav'n decreed that I should life enjoy, Heav'n had decreed to fave unhappy Troy. 'Tis fure enough, if not too much, for one Twice to have feen our llium overthrown. Make hafte to fave the poor remaining crew: And give this useless corps a long adieu. These weak old hands suffice to stop my breath: At least the pitying foes will aid my death, To take my spoils; and leave my body bare: As for my sepulchre let heav'n take care. 'Tis long fince I, for my celeftial wife, Loath'd by the gods, have dragg'd a ling'ring life: Since ev'ry hour and moment I expire, Blafted from heav'n by Jove's avenging fire.

This oft repeated, he flood fix'd to die:
Myfelf, my wife, my fon, my family,
Intreat, pray, beg, and raife a doleful cry.
What, will he fill perfift, on death refolve,
And in his ruin all his house involve!
He ftill perfifts his reasons to maintain;
Our pray'rs, our tears, our loud laments are vain.

Urg'd by despair, again I go to try
The fate of arms, resolv'd in fight to die.
What hope remains, but what my death must give?
Can I without so dear a father live?
You term it prudence, what I baseness call:
Cou'd such a word from such a parent fall?
If fortune please, and so the gods ordain,
That nothing shou'd of ruin'd Troy remain;
And you conspire with fortune, to be slain;
The way to death is wide, th' approaches near:
For soon relentless Pyrrhus will appear,
Recking with Prim's blood: the wretch who slew
The son (inhuman) in the father's view,
And then the sire himself to the dire altar drew.

O goddefs-mother, give me back to fate; Your gift was undefir'd, and came too late. Did you for this unhappy me convey Thro' foes and fires to fee my house a prey? Shall I my father, wife, and son behold Welt'ring in blood, each others arms infold? Haste, gird my sword, tho' spent and overcome: 'Tis the last summons to receive our doom.

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I hear thee, fate, and I obey thy call:

Not unreveng'd the foe shall see me fall.

Restore me to the yet unfinish'd sight,

My death is wanting to conclude the night.

Arm'd once again my glitt'ring sword I wield,

While th' other hand sustains my weighty shield:

And forth I rush to seek th' abandon'd field.

I went; but sad Creüsa stopp'd my way,

And cross the threshold in my passage lay;

Embrac'd my knees; and, when I wou'd have gone,

Shew'd me my feeble fire, and tender fon. If death be your design, at least, said she, Take us along to share your destiny. If any farther hopes in arms remain, This place, these pledges of your love maintain. To whom do you expose your father's life, Your fon's, and mine, your now forgotten wife! While thus the fills the house with clam'rous cries, Our hearing is diverted by our eyes. For while I held my fon, in the short space Betwixt our kiffes and our last embrace : Strange to relate, from young lülus' head A lambent flame arose, which gently spread Around his brows, and on his temples fed. Amaz'd, with running water we prepare To quench the facred fire, and flake his hair; But old Anchifes, vers'd in omens, rear'd His hands to heav'n, and this request preferr'd.

If any vows, almighty Jove, can bend
Thy will, if piety can pray'rs commend,
Confirm the glad presage which thou art pleas'd to
fend.

Scarce had he faid, when, on our left, we hear A peal of rattling thunder roll in air:
There shot a streaming lamp along the sky,
Which on the winged lightning seem'd to sky;
From o'er the roof the blaze began to move,
And trailing vanish'd in th' Idean grove.
It swept a path in heav'n, and shone a guide;
Then in a steaming stench of sulphur died.

The good old man with suppliant hands implor'd. The gods pretection, and their star ador'd. Now, now, said he, my son, no more delay; I yield, I follow where heav'n shews the way. Keep (O my country gods) our dwelling-place, And guard this relic of the Trojan race: This tender child; these omens are your own; And you can yet restore the ruin'd town. At least accomplish what your signs foreshow: I stand resign'd, and am prepar'd to go.

He faid; the crackling flames appear on high, And driving sparkles dance along the sky. With Vulcan's rage the rising winds conspire; And near our palace roll the flood of sire. Haste, my dear father, ('tis no time to wait), And load my shoulders with a willing freight. Whate'er befals, your life shall be my care, One death, or one deliv'rance, we will share.

My hand shall lead our little fon; and you, My faithful confort, shall our feps purfue. Next, you my fervants, heed my friet commands: Without the walls a ruin'd temple flands. To Ceres hallow', once; a cypress nigh Shoots up her venerable head on high; By long religion kept: there bend your feet, And in divided parties let us meet. Cur country gods, the relics, and the bands, Hold you, my father, in your guiltless hands: In me 'tis impious hely things to bear, Red as I am with flaughter, new from war: Till in some living stream I cleanse the guilt Of dire debate, and blood in battle fpilt. Thus, ord'ring all that prudence could provide, I clothe my shoulders with a lion's hide, And yellow spoils: then, on my bending back, The welcome load of my dear father take. While on my better hand Afcanius hung, And with unequal paces tript along. Credia kept behind: by choice we firay Thro' ev'ry dark and ev'ry devious way. I, who fo bold and danntiefs just before, The Grecian darts and shocks of lances bore, At ev' y factow now am feiz'd with fear, Not for myfelf, but for the charge I bear. Till near the ruin'd gate arriv'd at laft, Secure, and deeming all the danger paf, A frightful noise of trampling feet we hear; My father looking thro' the shades, with fear,

Cry'd out, Hafte, hafte, my fon, the foes are nigh; Their fwords, and shining armour I descry. Some hostile god, for some unknown offence. Had fure bereft my mind of better fense: For while thro' winding ways I took my flight; And fought the shelter of the gloomy night; Alas! I lost Creusa: hard to tell, If by her fatal defliny the fell, Or weary fat, or wander'd with affright; But she was lost for ever to my fight. I knew not, or reflected, till I meet My friends, at Ceres' now deferted feat: We met: not one was wanting, only the Deceiv'd her friends, her fon, and wretched me. What mad expressions did my tongue refuse! Whom did I not of gods or men accuse! This was the fatal blow, that pain'd me more Than all I felt from ruin'd Troy before. Stung with my lofs, and raving with despair, Abandoning my now forgotten care, Of counsel, comfort, and of hope bereft, My fire, my fon, my country gods, 1 left. In shining armour once again I sheath My limbs, not feeling wounds, nor fearing death, Then headlong to the burning walls I run, And feek the danger I was forc'd to fhun. I tread my former tracks: thro' night explore Each paffage, ev'ry fireet I cross'd before. All things were full of horror and affright, And dreadful ev'n the filence of the night.

Then, to my father's house I make repair, With some small glimpse of hope to find her there: Inflead of her the cruel Greeks I met; The hou'e was fill'd with foes, with flames befet. I'riv'n on the wings of winds, whole sheets of fire, I bro' air transported, to the roofs aspire. From thence to Priam's palace I re ort; And fearch the citadel and defert court. Then, unobserv'd, I pass by Juno's church; A guard of Grecian's had posses'd the porch: There Phænix and Ulysses watch the prey : And thither all the wealth of Troy convey. The fpoils which they from ranfack'd houses brought; And golden bowls from burning altars caught. The tables of the gods, the purple vefts; The people's treasure, and the pomp of priests. A rank of wretched youths, with pinion'd hands, And captive matrons in long order flands. Then, with ungovern'd madness, I proclaim, Thro' all the filent freets, Creufa's name. Credifa fill I call : at length the hears; And fudden, thro' the shades of night appears. Arrears, no more Creufa, nor my wife; But a pale fpedre, larger than the life. Achal, afforish'd, and firuck dumb with fear, I food; like briftles rofe my fliffen'd hair. Then thus the ghose began to sooth my grief: Nor tears, nor cries can give the dead relief; Befft, my much lov'd lord, t' inclulge your pain: You bear no more than what the gods ordain.

My fates permit me not from hence to fly; Nor he the great controller of the fky: Long wand'ring ways for you the pow'rs decree; On land hard labours, and a length of fea. Then, after many painful years are past, On Latium's happy shore you shall be cast: Where gentle Tyber from his bed beholds The flow'ry meadows, and the feeding folds. There end your toils: and there your fates provide A quiet kingdom, and a royal bride: There fortune shall the Trojan line restore; And you for loft Creufa weep no more. Fear not that I shall watch with servile shame, Th' imperious looks of some proud Grecian dame: Or, stooping to the victor's lust, difgrace My goddess-mother, or my royal race. And now, farewel: the parent of the gods Restrains my seeting soul in her abodes : I truft our common iffue to your care. She faid: and gliding pass'd unseen in air. I strove to speak, but horror ty'd my tongue; And thrice about her neck my arms I flung; And thrice deceiv'd, on vain embraces hung. Light as an empty dream at break of day, Or as a blaft of wind the ruth'd away.

Thus, having past the night in fruitless pain, I to my longing friends return again. Amaz'd th' augmented number to behold, Of men and matrons mix'd, of young and old: A wretched exil'd crew together brought,
With arms appointed, and with treasure fraught.
Resolv'd and willing, under my command,
To run all hazards both of sea and land.
The morn began, from Ida, to display
Her rosy checks, and Phosphor led the day;
Before the gates the Grecians took their post:
And all pretence of late relief was lost.
I yield to sate, unwillingly retire,
And, loaded, up the hill convey my sire.

VIRGIL's

ENEIS.

BOOK III.

THE ARGUMENT.

REAS proceeds in his relation: he gives an account of the fleet with which he sail'd, and the success of his sirst voyage to Thrace; from thence he directs his course to Delos, and asks the oracle what place the gods had appointed for his habitation? By a mistake of the oracle's answer he settles in Crete; his houshold gods give him the true sense of the oracle in a dream. He follows their advice, and makes the hest of his way for Italy; he is cast on several shores, and meets with very surprising adventures, till at length he lands on Sicily; where his father Anchises dies. This is the place which he was sailing from, when the tempest rose and threw him upon the Carthaginian coass.

THE THIRD BOO

OF THE

Æ N E I S.

THEN heav'n had overturn'd the Trojan state. And Priam's throne, by too severe a fate: When ruin'd Troy became the Grecians prey, And Ilium's lofty tow'rs in ashes lay: Warn'd by celestial omens, we retreat, To feek in foreign lands a happier feat. Near old Antandros, and at Ida's foot, The timber of the facred groves we cut; And build our fleet: uncertain yet to find What place the gods for our repose assign'd. Friends daily flock; and scarce the kindly spring Began to clothe the ground, and birds to fing; When old Anchifes fummon'd all to fea: The crew my father and the fates obey. With fighs and tears I leave my native shore, And empty fields, where Ilium stood before. My fire, my fon, our less and greater gods, All fail at once; and cleave the briny floods.

Against our coast appears a spacious land, Which once the sierce Lycurgus did command: Thracia the name; the people bold in war; Vast are their fields, and tillage is their care. A hospitable realm while fate was kind; With Troy in friendship and religion join'd. I land; with luckless omens then adore Their gods, and draw a line along the shore; I lay the deep foundations of a wall; And Enos, nam'd from me, the city call. To Dionœan Venus vows are paid, And all the pow'rs that rifing labours aid; A bull on Jove's imperial altar laid. Not for, a rifing hillock flood in view; Sharp myrtles, on the fides, and cornels grew. There, while I went to crop the fylvan fcenes, And shade our altar with their leafy greens; I pull'd a plant; (with horror I relate A prodigy fo strange, and full of fate); The rooted fibres role; and from the wound Black bloody drops distill'd upon the ground. Mute, and amaz'd, my hair with terror flood; Fear shrunk my sinews, and congeal'd my blood. Mann'd once again, another plant I try; That other gush'd with the same sanguine dye. Then, fearing guilt for some offence unknown, With pray'rs and vows the Dryads I atone; With all the fifters of the woods, and most The god of arms, who rules the Thracian coaft: That they, or he, these omens would avert; Release our fears, and better signs impart. Clear'd, as I thought, and fully fix'd at length To learn the cause, I tugg'd with all my firength; I bent my knees against the ground; once more The violated myrtle ran with gore. Scarce dare I tell the fequel: from the womb Of wounded earth, and caverns of the tomb, A groan, as of a troubled ghost, renew'd My fright, and then these dreadful words ensu'd. Why doft thou thus my bury'd body rend? O spare the corps of thy unhappy friend! Spare to pollute thy pious hands with blood: The tears diftil not from the wounded wood; But ev'ry drop this living tree contains Is kindred blood, and ran in Trojan veins: O fly from this unhospitable shore, Warn'd by my fate; for I am Polydore! Here loads of lances, in my blood embru'd, Again shoot upward, by my blood renew'd.

My fault'ring tongue and shiv'ring limbs declare
My horror, and in brittles rose my hair.
When Troy with Grecian arms was closely pent,
Old Priam, fearful of the war's event,
This haples Polydore to Thracia sent.
Loaded with gold, he sent his darling, far
From noise and tumults, and destructive war:
Committed to the faithless tyrant's care.
Who, when he saw the pow'r of Troy decline,
Forsook the weaker, with the strong to join,
Broke ev'ry bond of nature, and of truth;
And murder'd, for his wealth, the royal youth.
O sacred hunger of pernicious gold,
What bands of faith can impious lucre hold!

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Now, when my foul had shaken of her fears, I call my father, and the Trojan jeers; Relate the prodigies of heav'n; require What he commands, and their advice desire. All vote to leave that execrable shore, Polluted with the blood of Polydore. But, ere we sail, his sun'ral rites prepare; Then, to his ghost, a tomb and altars rear. In mournful pomp the matrons walk the round; With baleful cypress and blue sillets crown'd; With eyes dejected, and with hair unbound. Then bowls of tepid milk and blood we pour, And thrice invoke the soul of Polydore.

Now when the raging florms no longer reign; But fouthern gales invite us to the main; We launch our veffels, with a profp'rous wird; And leave the cities and the shores behind.

An island in th' I gran main appears;
Neptune and watry Doris claim it theirs.
It floated once, till Phæbus fix'd the sides
To rooted earth, and now it braves the tides.
Here, borne by friendly winds, we come ashore,
With needful ease our weary limbs restore;
And the sun's temple, and his town adore.

Anius, the priest and king, with laurel crown'd, His hoary locks with purple fillets bound; Who saw my fire the Delian shore ascend, Came forth with eager haste to meet his friend; Invites him to his palace; and, in sgn Of ancient love, their plighted hands they join.

Then to the temple of the god I went; And thus, before the fhrine, my vows present. Give, O Thymbræus, give a resting place To the fad relics of the Trojan race: A feat secure, a region of their own, A lasting empire, and a happier town. Where shall we fix, where shall our labours end, Whom shall we follow, and what fate attend? Let not my pray'r a doubtful answer find; But in clear auguries unvail thy mind. Scarce had I faid; he shock the hely ground, The laurels, and the lofty hills around; And from the Tripos rush'd a bellowing found. Proftrate we fell; confess'd the prefent god. Who gave this answer from his dark abode. Undaunted youths, go feek that mother earth From which your ancestors derive their birth : The foil that fent you forth, her ancient race, In her old bosom, shall again embrace. Thro' the wide world th' Anean house shall reign, And children's children shall the crown sustain. Thus Phæbus did our future fates diclofe; A mighty tumult, mix'd with joy, arose.

All are concern'd to know what place the god Affign'd, and where determin'd our abode. My father, long revolving in his mind The race and lineage of the Trojan kind, Thus answer'd their demands: Ye princes, hear Your pleasing fortune; and dispel your fear.

The fruitful isle of Crete, well known to fame, Sacred of old to Jove's imperial name, In the mid ocean lies, with large command; And on its plains a hundred cities stand. Another Ida rifes there; and we From thence derive our Trojan ancestry. From thence, as 'tis divulg'd by certain fame, To the Rhætean shores old Teucrus came. There fix'd, and there the feat of empire chose, Ere Ilium and the Trojan tow'rs arose. In humble vales they built their foft abodes; Till Cybele, the mother of the gods, With tinkling cymbals charm'd th' Idean woods. She, fecret rites and ceremonies taught, And to the yoke the falvage lions brought. Let us the land, which heav'n appoints, explore; Appeale the winds, and feek the Gnoffian thore. If Jove affift the paffage of our fleet, The third propitious dawn discovers Cretc. Thus having faid, the facrifices laid On fmoking altars, to the gods he paid. A bull, to Neptune an oblation due; Another bull to bright Apollo flew: A milk-white ewe the western winds to please; And one coal-black to calm the flormy feas. Ere this, a flying remour had been spread, That herce Idomeneus from Crete was fled; Expell'd and exil'd; that the coast was free

From foreign or domeflic enemy:

We leave the Delian ports, and put to fea, By Naxos, fam'd for vintage, make our way: Then green Donysa pass; and fail in fight Of Paros ifle, with marble quarries white. We pass the scatter'd isles of Cyclades, That, scarce distinguish'd, seem to stud the seas. The thouts of failors double near the shores. They stretch their canvas, and they ply their oars. All hands aloft, for Crete, for Crete, they cry, And swiftly through the foamy billows fiy. Full on the promis'd land at length we bore, With joy descending on the Cretan shore. With eager hafte a rifing town I frame, Which from the Trojan Pergamus I name: The name itself was grateful; I exhort To found their houses, and erect a fort. Our ships are hawl'd upon the yellow strand, The youth begin to till the labour'd land. And I myself new marriages promote, Give laws; and dwellings I divide by lot. When rifing vapours choke the wholesome air, And blafts of noisome winds corrupt the year: The trees devouring caterpillars burn; Parch'd was the grafs, and blighted was the corn. Nor 'scape the beafts: for Sirius from on high With pestilential heat infects the fky: My men, some fall, the rest in fevers fry. Again my father bids me feek the shore Of facred Delos, and the god implore:

To learn what end of woes we might expect, And to what clime our weary course direct.

'Iwas night, when ev'ry creature, void of cares, The common gift of balmy flumber shares: The flatues of my gods, (for fuch they feem'd), Those gods whom I from flaming Troy redeem'd, Before me flood; majestically bright, Full in the beams of Phæbe's ent'ring light. Then thus they spoke; and eas'd my troubled mind: What from the Delian god thou goeft to find, He tells thee here; and fends us to relate: Those pow'rs are we, companions of thy fate, Who from the burning town by thee were brought; Thy fortune follow'd, and thy fafety wrought. Through feas and lands, as we thy fteps attend, So thall our care thy glorious race befriend. An ample realm for thee thy fates ordain; A town that o'er the conquer'd world shall reign. Thou mighty walls for mighty nations build; Nor let the weary mind to labours yield: But change thy feat; for not the Delian god, Nor we, have giv'n thee Crete for our abode. A land there is, Hesperia call'd of old, The foil is fruitful, and the natives bold. Th' Oenotrians held it once; by later fame, Now call'd Italia from the leader's name. Isfus there, and Dardanus were born: From thence we came, and thither must return. Rife, and thy fre with thefe glad tidings greet; Search Italy, for Jove denies thee Crete.

Affonish'd at their voices, and their fight, (Nor were they dreams, but visions of the night; I faw, I knew their faces, and defery'd In perfect view their hair with fillets ty'd); I started from my couch, and clammy sweat On all my limbs and fhiv'ring body fat. To heav'n I lift my hands with pious hafte, And facred incense in the flames I cast. Thus to the gods their perfect honours cone. More cheerful to my good old fire I run; And tell the pleafing news; in little frace He found his error of the double race. Not, as before he deem'd, deriv'd from Crete; No more deluded by the doubtful feat. Then faid, O fon, turmoil'd in Trojan fate; Such things as these Cassandra did relate. This day revives within my mind what the Foretold of Troy renew'd in Italy, And Latian lands; but who could then have thought That Phrygian gods to Latium should be brought; Or who believ'd what mad Caffandra taught? New let us go, where Phæbus leads the way : He faid, and we with glad confent obey. Forfake the feat, and, leaving few behind, We spread our fails before the willing wind. Now from the fight of land our gallies move, With only feas around, and flies above. When o'er our heads descends a buist of rain; And pight with fable clouds involves the main:

The ruffling winds the foamy billows raife;
The featter'd fleet is forc'd to fev'ral ways:
The face of heav'n is ravish'd from our eyes,
And in redoubled peals the roaring thunder flies.
Cast from our course, we wander in the dark;
No stars to guide, no point of land to mark.
Ev'n Palinurus no distinction found
Betwixt the night and day; such darkness reign'd around.

Three starless nights the doubtful navy strays Without distinction, and three sunless days. The fourth renews the light, and from our shrowds We view a rifing land like diftant clouds: The mountain-tops confirm the pleasing fight. And curling smoke ascending from their height. The canvas falls; their oars the failors ply; From the rude firokes the whirling waters fly. At length I land upon the Strophades; Safe from the danger of the stormy seas: Those isles are compass'd by th' Ionian main; The dire abode where the foul harpies reign: Forc'd by the winged warriors to repair To their old homes, and leave their costly fare. Monsters more fierce offended heav'n ne'er fent From hell's abyss, for human punishment. Wich virgin-faces, but with wombs obscene, Foul paunches, and with ordure fill unclean: With claws for hands, and looks for ever lean.

We landed at the port; and foon beheld Fat herds of oxen graze the flow'ry field:

And wanton goats without a keeper firay'd; With weapons we the welcome prey invade. Then call the gods for partners of our feaft: And Jove himself the chief invited guest. We spread the tables on the greensward ground : We feed with hunger, and the bowls go round: When from the mountain tops, with hideous cry, And clatt'ring wings, the hungry harpies fly: They fnatch the meat; defiling all they find: And parting, leave a loathfome stepch behind. Close by a hollow rock, again we sit; New drefs the dinner, and the beds refit: Secure from fight, beneath a pleafing shade. Where tufted trees a native arbour made. Again the holy fires on altars burn: And once again the rav'nous birds return : Or from the dark recesses where they lie, Or frem another quarter of the fky. With filthy claws their odious meal repeat, And mix their loathfome ordures with their meat. I bid my friends for vengeance then prepare, And with the hellish nation wage the war. They, as commanded, for the fight provide, And in the grass their glitt'ring weapons hide: Then, when along the crooked shore we hear Their clatt'ring wings, and faw the foes appear; Missenas sounds a charge; we take th' alarm; And our firong hands with fwords and bucklers arm. In this new kind of combat all employ Their utmost force, the monsters to destroy,

In vain; the fated skin is proof to wounds:

And from their plumes the shining sword rebounds.

At length rebuff'd, they leave their mangled prey, And their stretch'd pinions to the skies display. Yet one remain'd, the messenger of fate, High on a craggy cliff Celæno fat, And thus her difmal errand did relate. What, not contented with our oxen flain, Dare you with heav'n an impious war maintain, And drive the harpies from their native reign? Heed therefore what I fay; and keep in mind What Jove decrees, what Phœbus has design'd; And I, the Furies' queen, from both relate: You 'eek th' Italian shores, foredoom'd by fate: Th' Italian shores are granted you to find; And a fafe paffage to the port affign'd. But know, that ere your promis'd walls ye build, My curses shall feverely be fulfill'd. Fierce famine is your lot, for this mideed, Reduc'd to grind the plates on which you feed. She faid; and to the neighb'ring forest flew: Our courage fails us, and our fears renew. Hopeless to win by war, to pray'rs we fall; And on th' offended harpies humb'y call. And whether gods, or birds obscene they were, Our vows for pardon and for peace prefer. But old Anchifes, off'ring facrifice, And lifting up to heav'n his hands and eyes;

Ador'd the greater gods : Avert, faid he, These omens, render vain this prophecy: And from th' impending curse a pious people free. Thus having faid, he bids us put to fea; We loofe from shore our haulsers, and obey: And foon with swelling fails pursue our watry way.) Amidst our course Zacynthian woods appear: And next by rocky Neritos we steer: We fly from Ithaca's detefted shore, And curse the land which dire Ulysses bore. At length Leucate's cloudy top appears; And the fun's temple, which the failor fears. Refolv'd to breathe a while from labour paft, Our crooked anchors from the prow we cast; And joyful to the little city hafte. Here fafe beyond our hopes, our vows we pay To Jove, the guide and patron of our way. The customs of our country we pursue; And Trojan games on Action shores renew. Our youth their naked limbs befmear with oil; And exercise the wreftler's noble toil. Pleas'd to have fail'd fo long before the wind; And left fo many Grecian towns behind. The fun had now fulfill'd his annual course, And Boreas on the feas display'd his force: I fix'd upon the temple's lofty door The brazen shield which vanquish'd Abas bore: The verse beneath my name and action speaks, These arms Aneas took from conqu'ring Greeks.

Then I command to weigh; the seamen ply Their fweeping oars, the smoking billows fly. The fight of high Phæacia foon we loft; And fkimm'd along Epirus' rocky coaft. Then to Chaonia's port our course we bend, And landed, to Buthrotus heights afcend. Here wond'rous things were loudly blaz'd by fame; How Helenus reviv'd the Trojan name; And reign'd in Greece: That Priam's captive fon Succeeded Pyrrhus in his bed and throne. And fair Andromache, restor'd by fate, Once more was happy in a Trojan mate. I leave my gallies riding in the port; And long to fee the new Dardanian court. By chance, the mournful queen, before the gate, Then folemniz'd her former husband's fate. Green altars, rais'd of turf, with gifts the crown'd; And facred priefts in order fland around; And thrice the name of hapless Hector found. The grove itself resembles Ida's wood; And Simois feem'd the well-diffembled flood. But when, at nearer distance, she beheld My thining armour, and my Trojan thield; Astonish'd at the fight, the vital heat Forfakes her limbs, her veins no longer beat: She faints, the falls; and, scarce recov'ring strength, Thus, with a fault'ring tongue, the fpeaks at length. Are you alive, O goddess-born! she said,

Or, if a ghoft, then where is Hector's shade?

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At this she cast a loud and frightful cry:
With broken words I made this brief reply.
All of me that remains, appears in sight;
I live, if living be to loath the light.
No phantom; but I drag a wretched life;
My fate resembling that of Hector's wife.
What have you suffer'd since you lost your lord!
By what strange blessings are you now restor'd!
Still are you Hector's, or is Hector sted,
And his remembrance lost in Pyrrhus' bed?
With eyes dejected, in a lowly tone,
After a modest pause, she thus begun.

Oh only happy maid of Priam's race, Whom death deliver'd from the foes embrace! Commanded on Achilles' tomb to die, Not forc'd, like us, to hard captivity, Or in a haughty mafter's arms to ly. In Grecian ships unhappy we were borne: Endur'd the victor's luft, fustain'd the scorn : Thus I submitted to the lawless pride Of Pyrrhus, more a handmaid than a bride. Cloy'd with possession, he forfook my bed, And Helen's lovely daughter fought to wed. Then me to Trojan Helenus refign'd: And his two flaves in equal marriage join'd. Till young Orestes, pierc'd with deep despair, And longing to redeem the promis'd fair, Before Apollo's altar flew the ravisher. By Pyrrhus' death the kingdom we regain'd: At least one half with Helenus remain'd;

I

Our part, from Chaon, he Chaonia calls: And names, from Pergamus, his rifing walls. But you, what fates have landed on our coaft, What gods have fent you, or what florms have toft? Does young Ascanius life and health enjoy, Sav'd from the ruins of unhappy Troy? O tell me how his mother's lofs he bears, What hopes are promis'd from his blooming years, How much of Hector in his face appears? She fpake: and mix'd her fpeech with mournful criess And fruitless tears came trickling from her eyes. At length her lord descends upon the plain; In pomp, attended with a num'rous train: Receives his friends, and to the city leads; And tears of joy amidst his welcome sheds. Proceeding on, another Troy I fee; Or, in less compass, Troy's epitome. A riv'let by the name of Xanthus ran: And I embrace the Scaan gate again. My friends in porticoes were entertain'd; And feasts and pleasures thro' the city reign'd. The tables fill'd the spacious hall around: And golden bowls with sparkling wine were crown'd. Two days we pass'd in mirth, till friendly gales, Blown from the fouth, fupply'd our fwelling fails. Then to the royal feer I thus began: O thou who know'ft beyond the reach of man The laws of heav'n, and what the stars decree, Whom Phæbus taught unerring prophecy, From his own tripod, and his holy tree:

Skill'd in the wing'd inhabitants of air,
What auspices their notes, and flights, declare:
O say; for all religious rites portend
A happy voyage, and a prosp'rous end;
And ev'ry pow'r and omen of the sky,
Direct my course for destin'd Italy.
But only dire Celæno, from the gods,
A dismal famine satally forebodes:
O say what dangers I am sirst to shun;
What toils to vanquish, and what course to run.

The prophet first with facrifice adores The greater gods; their pardon then implores: Unbinds the fillet from his holy head; To Phæbus next my trembling steps he led: Full of religious doubts and awful dread. Then, with his god posses'd, before the shrine, These words proceeded from his mouth divine. O goddess-born, (for heav'n's appointed will, With greater auspices of good than ill, Foreshows thy voyage, and thy course directs; Thy fates conspire, and Jove himself protects:) Of many things, some few I shall explain, Teach thee to fhun the dangers of the main, And how at length the promis'd shore to gain. The rest the fates from Helenus conceal; And Juno's angry pow'r forbids to tell. First then, that happy shore, that seems so nigh, Will far from your deluded wishes fly: Long tracts of feas divide your hopes from Italy.) For you must cruise along Sicilian shores;
And stem the currents with your struggling oars:
Then round th' Italian coast your navy steer;
And after this to Circe's island veer.
And last, before your new foundations rise,
Must pass the Stygian lake, and view the nether strices.

Now mark the figns of future ease and rest; And bear them fafely treasur'd in thy breast. When in the shady shelter of a wood, And near the margin of a gentle flood, Thou shalt behold a fow upon the ground, With thirty fucking young encompass'd round; The dam and offspring white as falling fnow: These on thy city shall their name bestow : And there shall end thy labours and thy wo. Nor let the threaten'd famine fright thy mind, For Phæbus will affift; and fate the way will find. Let not thy course to that ill coast be bent, Which fronts from far th' Epirian continent; Those parts are all by Grecian foes posses'd: The falvage Locrians here the shores infest. There fierce Idomeneus his city builds. And guards with arms the Salentinian fields. And on the mountain's brow Petilia stands. Which Philochetes with his troops commands. Ev'n when thy fleet is landed on the shore, And priefts with holy vows the gods adore; Then with a purple veil involve your eves, Left hoffile faces blaft the facrifice.

These rites and customs to the rest commend; That to your pious race they may descend.

When parted hence, the wind that ready waits For Sicily, shall bear you to the Straits: Where proud Pelorus opes a wider way, Tack to the larboard, and stand off to sea: Veer starboard sea and land. Th' Italian shore And fair Sicilia's coast were one, before An earthquake caus'd the flaw, the roaring tides The passage broke, that land from land divides: And where the lands retir'd the ruthing ocean rides.) Distinguish'd by the straits, on either hand, Now rifing cities in long order stand; And fruitful fields: (So much can time invade The mould'ring work that beauteous nature made). Far on the right her dogs foul Scylla hides: Charybdis roaring on the left prefides; And in her greedy whirlpool fucks the tides: Then fpouts them from below; with fury driv'n, The waves mount up, and wash the face of heav'n. But Scylla from her den, with open jaws, The finking vessel in her eddy draws; Then dashes on the rocks: a human face, And virgin-bosom, hides her tail's disgrace. Her parts obscene below the waves descend, With dogs inclos'd; and in a dolphin end. 'Tis safer, then, to bear aloof to sea, And coast Pachynus, tho' with more delay; Than once to view mishapen Scylla near, And the loud yell of watry wolves to hear.

Besides, if faith to Helenus be dur, And if prophetic Phæbus tell me true, Do not this precept of your friend forget: Which therefore more than once I must repeat. Above the reft, great Juno's name adore : Pay vows to Juno; Juno's aid implore. Let gifts be to the mighty queen defign'd; And mollify with pray'rs her haughty mind. Thus, at the length, your passage thall be free, And you shall fafe descend on Italy. Arriv'd at Cumæ, when you view the flood Of black Avernus, and the founding wood, The mad prophetic Sibyl you shall find, Dark in a cave, and on a rock reclin'd. She ings the fates, and, in her frantic fits, The notes and names inscrib'd, to leaves commits. What she commits to leaves, in order laid, Before the cavern's entrance are display'd: Ummov'd they lie; but if a blaft of wind Without, or vapours iffue from behind, The leaves are borne aloft in liquid air, And the refumes no more her museful care: Nor gathers from the rocks her scatter'd verse: Nor fets in order what the winds disperse. Thus, many not succeeding, most upbraid The madness of the visionary maid; And with loud curses leave the mystic shade.

Think it not loss of time a while to stay;
Though thy companions chide thy long delay:
Though summon'd to the seas, though pleasing gales
Invite thy course, and stretch thy swelling sails.

But beg the facred priestess to relate
With willing words, and not to write thy fate.
The fierce Italian people she will show;
And all thy wars, and all thy suture wo;
And what thou may'st avoid, and what must undergo.

She shall direct thy course, instruct thy mind;
And teach thee how the happy shores to find.
This is what heav'n allows me to relate:
Now part in peace; pursue thy better fate,
And raise, by strength of arms, the Trojan state.

This when the priest with friendly voice declar'd, He gave me licence, and rich gifts prepar'd: Bounteous of treasure, he supply'd my want With heavy gold, and polish'd elephant. Then Dodonean cauldrons put on board, And ev'ry thip with fums of filver flor'd. A trufty coat of mail to me he fent, Thrice chain'd with gold, for use and ornament: The helm of Pyrrhus added to the reft, That flourish'd with a plume and waving crest. Nor was my fire forgotten, nor my friends : And large recruits he to my navy fends; Men, horses, captains, arms, and warlike stores: Supplies new pilots, and new fweeping oars. Meantime, my fire commands to hoift our fails; Lest we should lose the first auspicious gales. The prophet bleft the parting crew: and last, With words like thefe, his ancient friend embrac'd.

Old happy man, the care of gods above,
Whom heav'nly Venus honour'd with her love,
And twice preferv'd thy life when Troy was loft;
Behold from far the wish'd Ausonian coast:
There land; but take a larger compass round;
For that before is all forbidden ground.
The shore that Phæbus has design'd for you,
At farther distance lies, conceal'd from view.
Go happy hence, and seek your new abodes;
Bless'd in a son, and favour'd by the gods:
For I with useless words prolong your stay,
When southern gales have summon'd you away.

Nor less the queen our parting thence deplor'd; Nor was less bounteous than her Trojan lord. A noble present to my fon the brought, A robe with flow'rs on golden tiffue wrought; A Phrygian vest; and loads with gifts beside Of precious texture, and of Asian pride. Accept, the faid, these monuments of love; Which in my youth with happier hands I wove: Regard these trifles for the giver's sake; 'Tis the last present Hector's wife can make. Thou call'st my lost Astyanax to mind: In thee his features and his form I find. His eyes fo sparkled with a lively flame; Such were his motions, fuch was all his frame; And ah! had heav'n so pleas'd, his years had been the fame.

With tears I took my last adieu, and said, Your fortune, happy pair, already made, Leaves you no farther wish : my diff'rent state, Avoiding one, incurs another fate. To you a quiet feat the gods allow, You have no shores to fearch, no feas to plow, Nor fields of flying Italy to chase; (Deluding visions, and a vain embrace!) You see another Simois, and enjoy The labour of your hands, another Troy; With better auspice than her ancient tow'rs: And less obnoxious to the Grecian pow'rs. If e'er the gods, whom I with vows adore, Conduct my steps to Tiber's happy shore: If ever I ascend the Latian throne, And build a city I may call my own; As both of us our birth from Troy derive, So let our kindred lines in concord live; And both in acts of equal friendship strive. Our fortunes, good or bad, shall be the same, The double Troy shall differ but in name: That what we now begin may never end; But long, to late posterity descend.

Near the Ceraunian rocks our course we bore: (The shortest passage to th' Italian shore):
Now had the sun withdrawn his radiant light,
And hills were hid in dusky shades of night:
We land; and on the bosom of the ground
A safe retreat, and a bare lodging sound;
Close by the shore we lay; the sailors keep
Their watches, and the rest securely sleep.

The night proceeding on with filent pace, Stood in her noon; and view'd, with equal face, Her sleepy rise, and her declining race. Then wakeful Palinurus rose to spy The face of heav'n, and the nocturnal sky; And liften'd ev'ry breath of air to try; Observes the stars, and notes their sliding course, The Pleiads, Hyads, and their watry force; And both the Bears is careful to behold: And bright Orion arm'd with burnish'd gold. Then when he faw no threat'ning tempest nigh. But a fure promise of a settled sky; He gave the fign to weigh; we break our fleep; Forfake the pleafing shore, and plow the deep. And now the rifing morn, with rofy light Adorns the fkies, and puts the ftars to flight: When we from far, like bluish mists, descry The hills, and then the plains of Italy. Achates first pronounc'd the joyful found; Then Italy the cheerful crew rebound; My fire Anchifes crown'd a cup with wine, And, off'ring, thus implor'd the pow'rs divine. Ye gods, preliding over lands and leas, And you who raging winds and waves appeale, Breathe on our swelling sails a prosp'rous wind, And smooth our passage to the port assign'd. The gentle gales their flagging force renew; And now the happy harbour is in view. Minerva's temple then falutes our fight; Plac'd, as a land-mark, on the mountain's height;

We furl our fails, and turn the prows to fhore; The curling waters round the galleys roar; The land lies open to the raging east, Then, bending like a bow, with rocks compress'd, Shuts out the florms; the winds and waves complain, And vent their malice on the cliffs in vain-The port lies hid within; on either fide Two tow'ring rocks the narrow mouth divide. The temple, which aloft we view'd before, To distance flies, and seems to shun the shore. Scarce landed, the first omens I beheld Were four white steeds that cropt the flow'ry field. War, war is threaten'd from this foreign ground, (My father cry'd), where warlike fleeds are found. Yet, fince reclaim'd to chariots they fubmit, And bend to flubborn yokes, and champ the bit, Peace may succeed to war. Our way we bend To Pallas, and the facred hill afcend. There, proftrate, to the fierce Virago pray; Whose temple was the land-mark of our way. Each with a Phrygian mantle veil'd his head; And all commands of Helenus obey'd; And pious rites to Grecian Juno paid. These dues perform'd, we stretch our fails, and stand To fea, forfaking that suspected land. From hence Tarentum's bay appears in view; For Hercules renown'd, if fame be true. Just opposite, Lacinian Juno stands: Caulonian tow'rs, and Scylacæan strands For shipwrecks fear'd: mount Ætna thence we spy, Known by the smoky flames which cloud the sky.

Far off we hear the waves, with furly found, Invade the rocks, the rocks their groans rebound. The billows break upon the founding strand, And roll the rifing tide, impure with fand. Then thus Anchifes, in experience old, 'Tis that Charybdis which the feer foretold: And those the promis'd rocks; bear off to sea: With hafte the frighted mariners obey. First Palinurus to the larboard veer'd: Then all the fleet by his example steer'd. To heav'n aloft on ridgy waves we ride; Then down to hell descend, when they divide. And thrice our gallies knock'd the stony ground, And thrice the hollow rocks return'd the found, And thrice we faw the stars, that stood with dews around.

The flagging winds for fook us, with the sun;
And, weary'd, on Cyclopean shores we run.
The port capacious, and secure from wind,
Is to the foot of thund'ring Ætna join'd.
By turns a pitchy cloud she rolls on high;
By turns hot embers from her entrails fly;
And flakes of mounting flames, that lick the sky.
Oft from her bowels massy rocks are thrown,
And shiver'd by the force, come piecemeal down.
Oft liquid lakes of burning sulphur flow,
Fed from the fiery springs that boil below.
Enceladus, they say, transsix'd by Jove,
With blasted limbs came tumbling from above:
And where he fell th' avenging father drew
This staming hill, and on his body threw:

As often as he turns his weary fides,
He shakes the folid isle, and smoke the heavens hides.
In shady woods we pass the tedious night,
Where bellowing sounds and groans our souls
affright;

Of which no cause is offer'd to the fight. For not one flar was kindled in the fky; Nor cou'd the moon her borrow'd light fupply: For mifty clouds involv'd the firmament; The stars were muffled, and the moon was pent. Scarce had the rifing fun the day reveal'd; Scarce had his heat the pearly dews dispell'd; When from the woods there bolts, before our fight, Somewhat betwixt a mortal and a spright. So thin, fo ghaftly meagre, and fo wan, So bare of fielh, he scarce resembled man. This thing, all tatter'd, seem'd from far t' implore Our pious aid, and pointed to the shore. We look behind; then view his shaggy beard; His cloaths were tagg'd with thorns, and filth his limbs besmear'd:

The rest, in mien, in habit, and in face,
Appear'd a Greek, and such indeed he was.
He cast on us, from far, a frightful view,
Whom soon for Trojans and for foes he knew:
Stood still, and paus'd; then all at once began
To stretch his limbs, and trembled as he ran.
Soon as approach'd, upon his knees he falls,
And thus with tears and sighs for pity calls.

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Now by the pow'rs above, and what we share From nature's common gift, this vital air, O Trojans, take me hence; I beg no more, But bear me far from this unhappy shore. 'Tis true, I am a Greek, and farther own, Among your foes belieg'd th' imperial town; For such demerits if my death be due, No more for this abandon'd life I fue: This only favour let my tears obtain, To throw me headlong in the rapid main: Since nothing more than death my crime demands, I die content, to die by human hands. He faid, and on his knees my knees embrac'd: I bade him boldly tell his fortune paf; His present state, his lineage, and his name; Th' occasion of his fears, and whence he came. The good Anchifes rais'd him with his hand; Who, thus encourag'd, answer'd our demand : From Ithaca, my native foil, I came To Troy, and Achamenides my name. Me, my poor father with Ulyffes fent; (Oh had I stay'd, with poverty content!) But, fearful for themselves, my countrymen Lett me forfaken in the Cyclops' den, The cave, the' large, was dark, the difmal floor Was pav'd with mangled limbs and putrid gore. Our monfrous hoft, of more than human fize, Erects his head, and stares within the skies, Bellowing his voice, and horrid is his hue. Ye gods, remove this plague from mortal view!

The joints of flaughter'd wretches are his food: And for his wine he quaffs the fireaming blood. Thefe eyes beheld, when with his spacious hand He feiz'd two captives of our Grecian band; Stretch'd on his back, he dash'd against the stones Their broken bodies, and their crackling bones: With spouting blood the purple pavement swinis, While the dire glutton grinds the trembling limbs. Not unreveng'd Ulyffes bore their fate, Nor thoughtless of his own unhappy flate; For, gorg'd with flesh, and drunk with human wine, While fast asleep the giant lay supine : Snoring aloud, and belching from his maw His indigested foam, and morfels raw: We pray, we cast the lots, and then surround The monstrous body, stretch'd along the ground: Each, as he cou'd approach him, lends a hand To bore his eye-ball with a flaming brand: Beneath his frowning forehead lay his eye, (For only one did the vaft frame fupply;) But that a globe fo large, his front is fill'd. Like the fun's difk, or like a Grecian shield. The stroke succeeds, and down the pupil bends; This vergeance follow'd for our flaughter'd friends. But hafte, unhappy wretches, hafte to fly; Your cables cut, and on your oars rely. Such, and fo vaft as Polypheme appears, A hundred more this hated island bears:

Like him in caves they shut their woolly sheep,
Like him, their herds on tops of mountains keep;
Like him, with mighty strides, they salk from steep
to steep.

And now three moons their sharpen'd horns renew, Since thus in woods and wilds, obscure from view, I drag my leathsome days with mortal fright; And in deserted caverns lodge by night. Oft from the rocks a dreadful prospect see Of the huge Cyclops, like a walking tree: From far I hear his thund'ring voice resound; And trampling feet that shake the solid ground. Cornels and salvage berries of the wood, And roots and herbs, have been my meagre food.

While all around my longing eyes I cast,
I saw your happy ships appear at last.
On these I six'd my hopes, to these I run,
'Tis all I ask, this cruel race to shun,
What other death you please yourselves, bestow.
Scarce had he said, when on the mountain's brow
We saw the giant-shepherd stalk before
His following stock, and leading to the shore.
A monstrous bulk, deform'd, depriv'd of sight,
His staff a trunk of pine to guide his steps aright.
His pondrous whistle from his neck descends;
His woolly care their pensive lord attends:
This only solace his hard fortune sends.
Soon as he reach'd the shore, and touch'd the waves,
From his bor'd eye the guttring blood he laves:

He gnash'd his teeth and groan'd; thro' seas he strides, And scarce the topmost billows touch'd his sides.

Seiz'd with a sudden fear, we run to sea, The cables cut, and filent hafte away: The well-deferving stranger entertain; Then, buckling to the work, our oars divide the main. The giant hearken'd to the dashing found; But when our vessels out of reach he found, He strided onward; and in vain affay'd Th' Ionian deep, and durst no farther wade. With that he roar'd aloud; the dreadful cry Shakes earth, and air, and feas; the billows fly Before the bellowing noise, to distant Italy. The neighb'ring Atna trembling all around; The winding caverns echo to the found. His brother Cyclops hear the yelling roar; And, rushing down the mountains, crowd the shore. We faw their stern distorted looks, from far, And one-ey'd glance, that vainly threaten'd war. A dreadful council, with their heads on high, The mifty clouds about their forcheads fiy; Not yielding to the tow'ring tree of Jove, Or tallest cypress of Diana's grove. New pangs of mortal fear our minds affail, We tug at ev'ry oar, and hoist up ev'ry fail; And take th' advantage of the friendly gale. Forewarn'd by Helenus, we strive to thun Charybdis' gulf, nor dare to Scylla run. An equal fate on either fide appears; We, tacking to the left, are free from fears.

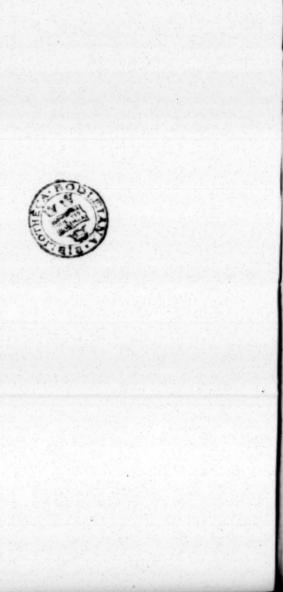
For from Pelorus' point, the north arose,
And drove us back where swift Pantagins flows.
His rocky mouth we pass; and make our way
By Thapsus, and Megara's winding bay;
This passage Achaemenides had shown,
Tracing the course which he before had run.
Right o'er against Plemmyrium's watry strand
There lies an isse, once call'd th' Ortygian land:
Alpheus, as old same reports, has sound
From Greece a secret passage under ground:
By love to beauteous Arethusa led,
And, mingling here, they roll in the same sacred
bed.

As Helenus enjoin'd, we next adore Diana's name, protectress of the shore. With prosp'rous gales we pass the quiet founds Of still Elorus, and his fruitful bounds. Then doubling Cape Pachynus, we furvey The rocky hore extended to the fea. The town of Camarine from far we fee: And fenny lake, undrain'd by fates decree. In fight of the Geloan fields we pass, And the large walls, where mighty Gela was: Then Agragas with lofty fummits crown'd; Long for the race of warlike steeds renown'd: We pass'd Selinus, and the palmy land, And widely fhun the Lilybean strand, Unfale, for fecret rocks and moving fand. At length on shore the weary fleet arriv'd; Which Drepanum's unhappy port receiv'd.

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Here, after endless labours, often tost
By raging storms, and driv'n on ev'ry coast,
My dear, dear father, spent with age, I lost.
Ease of my cares, and solace of my pain,
Sav'd through a thousand toils, but sav'd in vain.
The prophet, who my future woes reveal'd,
Yet this, the greatest and the worst, conceal'd.
And dire Celæno, whose foreboding skill
Denounc'd all else, was silent of this ill:
This my last labour was. Some friendly god
From thence convey'd us to your blest abode.

Thus to the lift'ning queen, the royal guest His wand'ring course, and all his toils express'd; And here concluding, he retir'd to rest.



VIRGIL's

Æ N E I S.

BOOK IV.

THE ARGUMENT.

DIDD discovers to her jiver her passion for Aneas, and her thoughts of marrying him. She prepares a hunting-match for his entertainment. Juno, by Venus's consent, raises a storm, which separates the hunters, and trives Aneas and Dido into the same cave, where their marriage is supposed to be compleated. Jupiter dispatches A ercury to Aneas, to warn him from Carthage: Aneas secretly prepares for his voyage: Dido sinds out his design, and, to put a stop to it, makes use of her own and her sister's intreaties, and discovers all the variety of passions that are incident to a neglected lover: when nothing would prevail upon him, she contrives her own death, with which this book concludes.

THE FOURTH BOOK

OF THE

Æ N E I S.

DUT anxious cares already seiz'd the queen : She fed within her veins a flame unfeen : The hero's valour, acts, and birth, inspire Her foul with love, and fan the fecret fire. His words, his looks imprinted in her heart, Improve the passion, and increase the smart. Now when the purple morn had chas'd away The dewy shadows, and restor'd the day; Her fifter first with early care she fought, And thus in mournful accents eas'd her thought. My dearest Anna, what new dreams affright My lab'ring foul; what visions of the night Disturb my quiet, and distract my breast, With strange ideas of our Trojan guest? His worth, his actions, and majestic air, A man descended from the gods declare. Fear ever argues a degen'rate kind, His birth is well afferted by his mind. Then what he fuffer'd, when by fate betray'd, What brave attempts for falling Troy he made

Such were his looks, fo gracefully he spoke, That were I not resolv'd against the yoke Of hapless marriage, never to be curs'd With second love, so fatal was my first; To this one error I might yield again: For, since Sichæus was untimely slain, This only man is able to subvert The fix'd foundations of my slubborn heart. And, to couses my frailty, to my shame, Somewhat I find within, if not the same, Too like the sparkles of my former slame.

But first let yawning earth a passage rend,
And let me through the dark abys descend;
First let avenging Jove, with slames from high,
Drive down this body to the nether sky,
Condemn'd with ghosts in endless night to ly;
Before I break the plighted faith I gave:
No; he who had my vows shall ever have;
For whom I lov'd on earth, I worship in the grave.

She said; the tears ran gushing from her eyes,
And stopp'd her speech: her sister thus replies.
O dearer than the vital air I breathe,
Will you to grief your blooming years bequeath?
Condemn'd to waste in woes your lonely life,
Without the joys of mother or of wife.
Think you these tears, this pompous train of wo,
Are known or valu'd by the ghost below?
I grant, that while your forrows yet were green,
It well became a woman and a queen,

The vows of Tyrian princes to neglect, To forn larbas, and his love reject; With all the Libyan lords of mighty name; But will you fight against a pleasing flame! This little spot of land, which heav'n bestows, On ev'ry fide is hemm'd with warlike foes: Getulian cities here are spread around; And fierce Numidians there your frontiers bound; Here lies a barren waste of thirsty land, And there the Syrtes raise the moving sand: Barcaan troops beliege the narrow shore; And from the fea Pygmalion threatens more. Propitious heav'n, and gracious Juno, lead This wand'ring navy to your needful aid; How will your empire spread, your city rife From fuch an union, and with fuch allies! Implore the favour of the pow'rs above, And leave the conduct of the rest to love. Continue still your hospitable way, And still invent occasions of their stay; Till storms and winter winds shall cease to threat, And planks and oars repair their shatter'd fleet.

These words, which from a friend and fifter

With ease resolv'd the scruples of her same; And added sury to the kindled slame. Inspir'd with hope, the project they pursue; On ev'ry altar sacrifice renew: A chosen ewe of two years old they pay To Ceres, Bacchus, and the god of day:

Vol II.

Preferring Juno's pow'r: for Juno ties
The nuptial knot, and makes the marriage joys.
The beauteous queen before her altar stands,
And holds the golden goblet in her hands.
A milk-white heifer she with slow'rs adorns,
And pours the ruddy wine betwixt her horns;
And while the priests with pray'r the gods invoke,
She feeds their altars with Sabæan smoke.
With hourly care the facrifice renews,
And anxiously the panting entrails views.
What priestly rites, alas! what pious art,
What vows avail to cure a bleeding heart!
A gentle fire she feeds within her veins;
Where the soft god secure in silence reigns.

Sick with defire, and feeking him the loves. From firect to ffreet the raving Dido roves. So when the watchful thepherd, from the blind, Wounds with a random thaft the careless hind: Distracted with her pain she flies the woods, Bounds o'er the lawn, and feeks the filent floods: With fruitless care; for still the fatal dart Sticks in her fide, and rankles in her heart. And now the leads the Trojan chief along The lofty walls, amidft the bufy throng; Difplays her Tyrian wealth, and rifing town, Which love, without his labour, makes his own. This pomp the shows to tempt her wand'ring guest : Her fault'ring tongue forbids to speak the reft. When day declines, and feafts renew the night, Still on his face the feeds her famith'd fight;

She longs again to hear the prince relate. His own adventures, and the Trejan fate: He tells it o'er and o'er: but faill in vain; For faill fhe begs to hear it, once again. The hearer on the speaker's mouth depends; And thus the tragic story never ends.

Then, when they part, when Phæbe's paler light Withdraws, and falling flars to fleep invite, She last remains, when ev'ry guest is gone, Sits on the bed he press'd, and fighs alone; Absent, her absent hero sees and hears; Or in her bosom young Ascanius bears: And seeks the father's image in the child, If love by likeness might be so beguil'd.

Meantime the rising tow'rs are at a stand;
No labours exercise the youthful band:
Nor use of arts, nor toils of arms they know;
The mole is left unfinish'd to the soc.
The mounds, the works, the walls, neglected lie,
Short of their promis'd height that seem'd to threat
the sky.

But when imperial Juno, from above,
Saw Dido fetter'd in the chains of love;
Hot with the venom which her veins inflam'd,
And by no fense of shame to be reclaim'd;
With soothing words to Venus she begun.
High praises, endless honours you have won,
And mighty trophies with your worthy son:
Two gods a filly woman have undone.

Nor am I ignorant, you both suspect This rifing city, which my hands erect: But shall celestial discord never cease? Tis better ended in a lasting peace. You fland posses'd of all your soul defir'd; Poor Dido with confuming love is fir'd: Your Trojan with my Tyrian let us join, So Dido shall be yours, Æneas mine: One common kingdom, one united line. Eliza shall a Dardan lord obey, And lofty Carthage for a dow'r convey. Then Venus, who her hidden fraud descry'd, (Which would the sceptre of the world misguide To Libyan shores), thus artfully reply'd: Who but a feol wou'd wars with Juno chuse, And fuch alliance, and fuch gifts refuse? If Fortune with our joint defires comply: The doubt is all from Jove and defliny; Lest he forbid with absolute command, To mix the people in one comman land. Or will the Trojan and the Tyrian line, In lasting leagues, and fure succession join? But you, the partner of his bed and throne, May move his mind; my wishes are your own. Mine, faid imperial Juno, be the care; Time urges, now, to perfect this affair : Attend my counsel, and the secret share. When next the fun his rifing light difplays, And gilds the world below with purple rays;

The queen, Aneas, and the Tyrian court, Shall to the fliady woods for filvan game refort. There, while the huntimen pitch their toils around, And cheerful horns from fide to fide refound: A pitchy cloud shall cover all the plain With hail, and thunder, and tempestuous rain: The fearful train shall take their speedy slight, Dispers'd, and all involv'd in gloomy night: One cave a grateful shelter shall afford To the fair princess and the Trojan lord. I will myself the bridal bed prepare, If you, to blefs the nuptials, will be there: So shall their loves be crown'd with due delights. And Hymen shall be present at the rites. The queen of love confents, and closely smiles At her vain project, and discover'd wiles.

The rofy morn was rifen from the main. And horns and hounds awake the princely train: They isfue early through the city gate, Where the more wakeful huntimen ready wait, With nets, and toils, and darts, befide the force Of Spartan dogs, and fwift Maffylian horfe. The Tyrian peers, and officers of state, For the flow queen, in anti-chambers wait: Her lofty courfer, in the court below, (Who his majestic rider feems to know), Proud of his purple trappings, paws the ground, And champs the golden bit; and spreads the foam around.

The queen at length appears: on either hand The brawny guards in martial order fiand. A flower'd cymar, with golden fringe, the wore; And at her back a golden quiver bore : Her flowing hair a golden caul restrains; A golden clasp the Tyrian robe fusiains. Then young Ascanius, with a sprightly grace, Leads on the Trojan vouth to view the chace. But far above the rest in beauty shines The great Aincas, when the troop he joins : Like fair Apollo, when he leaves the froft Of wintry Xanthus, and the Lycian coaft; When to his native Delos he reforts, Ordains the dances, and renews the sports: Where painted Scythians, mix'd with Cretan bands, Refore the joyful alters join their hards. Himfelf, on Cynthus walking, fees below The merry madness of the facred show. Green wreaths of bays his length of hair inclose, A golden fillet binds his awful brows: His quiver founds: not less the prince is seen In manly prefence, or in lofty mien.

Now had they reach'd the hills, and storm'd the

Of falvage beafts, in dens, their last retreat;
The cry pursues the mountain-goats; they bound
From rock to rock, and keep the craggy ground:
Quite otherwise the stags; a trembling train
In herds unsingled scour the dusty plain,
And a long chace in open view maintain.

The glad Afcanius, as his courfer guides,
Spurs thro' the vale; and these and those outrides.
His horse's flanks and sides are forc'd to seel
The clanking lash, and goring of the steel.
Impatiently he views the seeble prey,
Withing some nobler beast to cross his way.
And rather wou'd the tusky boar attend,
Or see the tawny lion downward bend.

Meantime the gath'ring cloud obscures the skies: From pole to pole the forky lightning flies; The rattling thunders roll: and Juno pours A wintry deluge down, and founding show'rs, The company dispers'd, to coverts ride, Anc feek the homely cots, or mountain's hollow f.de. The rapid rains, descending from the hills, To rolling torrents raife the creeping rills. The queen and prince, as love or fortune guides, One common cavern in her bosom hides. Then first the trembling earth the fignal gave, And flashing fires enlighten all the cave: Hell from below, and Juno from above, And howling nymphs, were confcious to their love. From this ill-omen'd hour, in time arose Debate and death, and all fucceeding woes.

The queen, whom fenfe of honour cou'd not move, No longer made a fecret of her love; But call'd it marriage, by that specious name To veil the crime, and sandify the shame. The loud report thro' Libyan cities goes; Fame, the great ill, from small beginnings grows. Swift from the first; and ev'ry moment brings
New vigour to her slights, new pinions to her wings.
Soon grows the pygmy to gigantic size;
Her feet on earth, her forehead in the skies:
Enrag'd against the gods, revengeful earth
Produc'd her last of the Titanian birth.
Swift is her walk, more swift her winged haste:
A monstrous phantom, horrible and vast;
As many plumes as raise her losty slight,
So many piercing eyes enlarge her sight:
Millions of op'ning mouths to Fame belong,
And ev'ry mouth is furnish'd with a tongue;
And round with list'ning ears the slying plague is
hung.

She fills the peaceful universe with cries;
No slumbers ever close her wakeful eyes.
By day from lofty tow'rs her head she shews;
And spreads through trembling crowds disastrous news.

With court-informers haunts, and royal spies, Things done relates, not done she seigns; and mingles truth with lies.

Talk is her bus'ness; and her chief delight
To tell of prodigies, and cause affright.
She fills the people's ears with Dido's name;
Who, lost to honour, and the sense of shame,
Admits into her throne and nuptial bed
A wand'ring guest, who from his country sted:
Whole days with him she passes in delights;
And wastes in luxury long winter nights.

Forgetful of her fame, and royal trust; Disfolv'd in ease, abandon'd to her lust.

The goddess widely spreads the loud report,
And slies at length to King Iarbas' court.
When first posses'd with this unwelcome news,
Whom did he not of men and gods accuse?
This prince, from ravish'd Garamantis born,
A hundred temples did with spoils adorn,
In Ammon's honour, his celestial sire,
A hundred altars fed with wakeful fire;
And thro' his vast dominions priests ordain'd,
Whose watchful care these holy rites maintain'd.
The gates and columns were with garlands crown'd,
And blood of victim beasts enrich the ground.

He, when he heard a fugitive cou'd move The Tyrian princess, who disdain'd his love, His breaft with fury burn'd, his eyes with fire; Mad with despair, impatient with desire. Then on the facred altars rouring wine, He thus with pray'rs implor'd his fire divine. Great Jove, propitious to the Moorish race, Who feast on painted beds, with off'rings grace Thy temples, and adore thy pow'r divine With blood of victims, and with sparkling wine: Seeft thou not this? or do we fear in vain Thy boasted thunder, and thy thoughtless reign? Do thy broad hands the forky lightnings lance? Thine are the bolts, or the blind work of chance? A wand'ring woman builds, within our flate, A little town, bought at an eafy rate;

She pays me homage, and my grants allow
A narrow space of Libyan lands to plough.
Yet scorning me, by passion blindiy led,
Admits a banish'd Trojan to her bed:
And now this other Paris, with his train
Of conquer'd cowards, must in Afric reign!
(Whom, what they are, their looks and garb confess;
Their locks with oil persum'd, their Lydian dress:)
He takes the spoil, enjoys the princely dame;
And I, rejected I, adore an empty name.

His vows in haughty terms he thus preferr'd, And held his altars horns; the mighty thund'rer heard. Then cast his eyes on Carthage, where he found The lufful pair, in lawlefs pleafure drown'd. Loft in their loves, infensible of shame, And both forgetful of their better fame. He calis Cyllenius; and the god attends; By whom his menacing command he fends. Go, mount the western winds, and cleave the sky; Then, with a fwift descent, to Carthage fly: There find the Trojan chief, who wastes his days In flothful riot, and inglorious case; Nor minds the future city, giv'n by fate; To him this meffage from my mouth relate. Not so fair Venus hop'd, when twice she won Thy life with pray'rs; nor promis'd fuch a fon. Her's was a hero, defin'd to command A martial race; and rule the Latian land. Who shou'd his ancient line from Teucer draw; And on the conquer'd world impose the law,

If glory cannot move a mind so mean,
Nor future praise from fading pleasure wean,
Yet why should he defraud his son of same,
And grudge the Romans their immortal name!
What are his vain designs! what hopes he more,
From his long ling'ring on a hossile shore?
Regardless to redeem his honour lost,
And for his race to gain th' Ausonian coast!
Bid him with speed the Tyrian court forsake;
With this command the slumb'ring warrior wake.

Hermes obeys; with golden pinions binds His flying feet, and mounts the western winds; And whether o'er the feas or earth he flies. With rapid force, they bear him down the fkies. But first he grasps within his awful hand, The mark of fov'reign pow'r, his magic wand: With this he draws the ghosts from hollow graves, With this he drives them down the Stygian waves; With this he feals in fleep the wakeful fight; And eyes, tho' clos'd in death, restores to light. Thus arm'd, the god begins his airy race; And drives the racking clouds along the liquid space. Now fees the tops of Atlas, as he flies; Whose brawny back supports the stary skies; Atlas, whose head, with piny forests crown'd, Is beaten by the winds; with foggy vapours bound. Snows hide his shoulders; from beneath his chin The founts of rolling streams their race begin: A beard of ice on his large breaft depends: Here, pois'd upon his wings, the god descends:

Then, refled thus, he from the tow'ring height Plung'd downward, with precipitated flight: Lights on the feas, and skims along the flood: As water-fowl, who feek their fifty food, Less, and yet less, to distant prospect show, By turns they dance aloft, and dive below: Like thefe, the steerage of his wings he plies, And near the furface of the water flies. Till having pass'd the seas, and cross'd the sands, He clos'd his wings, and floop'd on Libyan lands: Where shepherds once were hous'd in homely sheds, Now tow'rs within the clouds advance their heads. Arriving there, he found the Trojan prince New ramparts raising for the town's defence: A purple fearf, with gold embroider'd o'er, (Queen Dido's gift), about his waift he wore; A fword, with glitt'ring gems diverfify'd, For ornament, not use, hung idly by his side. Then thus, with winged words, the god began; (Refuming his own shape): Degen'rate man, Thou woman's property, what mak'ft thou here, These foreign walls, and Tyrian tow'rs to rear? Forgetful of thy own? All pow'rful Jove, Who fways the world below, and Heav'n above, Has fent me down, with this fevere command, What means thy ling'ring in the Libyan land? If glory cannot move a mind fo mean, Nor future praise, from flitting pleasure wean, Regard the fortunes of thy rifing heir; The promis'd crown let young Ascanius wear.

To whom th' Ausonian scepter, and the state Of Rome's imperial name, is ow'd by fate. So spoke the god; and speaking took his slight, Involv'd in clouds; and vanish'd out of sight.

The pious prince was feiz'd with fudden fear; Mute was his tongue, and upright flood his hair: Revolving in his mind the stern command, He longs to fly, and loaths the charming land. What shou'd he say, or how shou'd he begin, What course, alas! remains to steer between Th' offended lover, and the pow'rful queen! This way, and that, he turns his anxious mind, And all expedients tries, and none can find: Fix'd on the deed, but doubtful of the means : After long thought to this advice he leans. Three chiefs he calls; commands them to repair The fleet, and ship their men with silent care : Some plaufible pretence he bids them find, To colour what in fecret he defign'd. Himself, meantime, the softest hours wou'd chuse, Before the love-fick lady heard the news, And move her tender mind, by flow degrees, To fuffer what the fov'reign pow'r decrees: Jove will inspire him, when, and what to say: They hear with pleasure, and with haste obey.

But foon the queen perceives the thin difguise: (What arts can blind a jealous woman's eyes!) She was the first to find the secret fraud, Before the fatal news was blaz'd abroad.

VOL. II.

Love, the first motions of the lover hears,
Quick to presage, and ev'n in safety sears.

Nor implous Fame was wanting to report
The ships repair'd; the Trojans thick resort,
And purpose to forsike the Tyrian court.

Frantic with sear, impatient of the wound,
And impotent of mind, she roves the city round.

Less wild the Bacchanalian dames appear,
When, from afar, their nightly god they hear,
And howl about the hills, and shake the wreathy
spear.

At length the finds the dear perfidious man; Prevents his form'a excuse, and thus began. Bafe and ungrateful, cou'd you hope to fly, And undiscover'd 'scape a lover's eye! Nor cou'd my kindness your compassion move, Nor plighted vows, nor dearer bands of love! Or is the death of a defp iring queen Not worth preventing, tho' too well forefeen? Ev'n when the wintry winds command your stay, You dare the tempest, and defy the sea. Falfe, as you are, furrofe you were not bound To lands unknown, and foreign coasts to found; Were Troy restor'd, and Priam's happy reign, Now, durft you tempt for Troy the raging main? See, whom you fly; am I the foe you fhun? Now, by those holy vows, so late begun, By this right hand, (fince I have nothing more To challenge, but the faith you gave before);

I beg you by these tears too truly thed, By the new pleafures of our nuptial bed; If ever Dido, when you most were kind, Were pleasing in your eyes, or touch'd your mind; By thefe my pray'rs, if pray'rs may yet have place. Pity the fortunes of a falling race. For you I have provok'd a tyrant's hate; Incens'd the Libyan, and the Tyrian flate; For you alone I fuffer in my fame; Bereft of honour, and expos'd to shame: Whom have I now to truft, (ungrateful gueff)? That only name remains of all the reft! What have I left, or whither can I fly? Must I attend Pygmalion's cruelty! Or till Iarbas shall in triumph lead A queen, that proudly scorn'd his profer'd bed! Had you deferr'd, at least, you hasty fight, And left behind fome pledge of our delight, Some babe, to blefs the mother's mournful fight; Some young Aneas to Supply your place, Whose features might-express his father's face; I should not then complain to live bereft Of all my husband, or be wholly left.

Here paus'd the queen; unmov'd he holds his eyes
By Jove's command; nor fuffer'd love to rife, (
Though heaving in his heart; and thus at length (
replies.

Fair queen, you never can enough repeat Your boundies favours; or I own my debt;

Nor can my mind forget Eliza's name, While vital breath inspires this mortal frame. This only let me speak in my defence. I never hop'd a fecret flight from hence; Much less pretended to the lawful claim Of facred nuptials, or a husband's name. For if indulgent heav'n would leave me free, And not submit my life to fate's decree, My choice would lead me to the Trojan shore, Those relics to review, their dust adore; And Priam's ruin'd palace to restore. But now the Delphian oracle commands, And fate invites me to the Latian lands. That is the promis'd place to which I fleer, And all my vows are terminated there. If you, a Tyrian, and a stranger born, With walls and tow'rs a Libyan town adorn; Why may not we, like you, a foreign race, Like you seek shelter in a foreign place ? As often as the night obscures the skies With humid shades, or twinkling stars arise, Anchifes' angry ghost in dreams appears, Chides my delay, and fills my foul with fears; And young Ascanius justly may complain, Of his defrauded fate, and deftin'd reign. Ev'n now the herald of the gods appear'd, Waking I faw him, and his meffage heard; From Jove he came commission'd, heav'nly bright With radiant beams, and manifest to fight.

The sender and the sent I both attest,
These walls he enter'd, and those words express'd.
Fair queen, oppose not what the gods command;
Fore'd by my fate, I leave your happy land.

Thus while he spake, already she began With sparkling eyes to view the guilty man; From head to foot survey'd his person o'er, No longer these outrageous threats forbore. False as thou art, and more than false, forsworn; Not fprung from noble blood, nor goddefs-born, But hewn from harden'd entrails of a rock; And rough Hyrcanian tigers gave thee fuck. Why fhou'd I fawn? what have I worfe to fear? Did he once look, or lent a lift'ning ear; Sigh'd when I fob'd, or fled one kindly tear? All fymptoms of a base ungrateful mind, So foul, that which is worfe 'tis hard to find. Of man's injuffice why shou'd I complain? The gods and Jove himfelf behold in wain Triumphant treason, yet no thunder files: Nor Juno views my wrongs with equal eyes; Faithless is earth, and faithless are the flies! Justice is fled, and truth is now no more; I fav'd the shipwreck'd exile on my shore: With needful food his hungry Trojans fed: I took the traitor to my throne and bed: Fool that I was-tis little to repeat The rest, I stor'd and rigg'd his ruin'd fleet. I rave, I rave: a god's command he pleads, And makes heav'n accessary to his deeds.

Now Lycian lots, and now the Delian god; Now Hermes is employ'd from Jove's abode, To warn him hence; as if the peaceful state Of heav'nly pow'rs were touch'd with human fate! But go; thy flight no longer I detain; Go feek thy promis'd kingdom through the main; Yet if the heav'ns will hear my pious vow, The faithless waves, not half so false as thou, Or fecret fands, shall sepulchres afford To thy proud vessels, and their perjur'd lord. Then shalt thou call on injur'd Dido's name: Dido shall come, in a black fulphry slame; When death has once disfolv'd her mortal frame, Shall smile to see the traitor vainly weep, Her angry ghost arising from the deep, Shall haunt thee waking, and diffurb thy fleep. At least my shade thy punishment shall know, And fame shall spread the pleasing news below.

Abruptly here she stops: then turns away
Her loathing eyes, and shuns the sight of day.
Amaz'd he stood, revolving in his mind
What speech to frame, and what excuse to find.
Her fearful maids their fainting mistress led;
And softly laid her on her iv'ry bed.

But good Aneas, though he much defir'd
To give that pity which her grief requir'd,
Tho' much he mourn'd and labour'd with his love,
Refolv'd at length, obeys the will of Jove:
Reviews his forces; they with early care
Unmoor their veffels, and for fea pregate.

The fleet is foon afloat, in all its pride; And well-caulk'd gallies in the harbour ride. Then oaks for oars they fell'd; or, as they stood, Of its green arms despoil'd the growing wood. Studious of flight: the beach is cover'd o'er With Trojan bands, that blacken all the shore: On ev'ry fide are feen, descending down, Thick fwarms of foldiers loaden from the town. Thus, in battalia, march embodied ants, Fearful of winter, and of future wants, T' invade the corn, and to their cells convey The plunder'd forage of their yellow prey. The fable troops, along the narrow tracks, Scarce bear the weighty burden on their backs; Some fet their shoulders to the pond'rous grain; Some guard the spoil, some lash the lagging train; All ply their fev'ral tafks, and equal toil fuftain. What pangs the tender breaft of Dido tore, When, from the tow'r, she faw the cover'd shore, And heard the shouts of failors from afar, Mix'd with the murmurs of the watry war? All-pow'rful love, what changes canst thou cause In human hearts, subjected to thy laws! Once more her haughty foul the tyrant bends; To pray'rs and mean submissions she descends. No female arts or aids the left untry'd, Nor counsels unexplor'd, before she died. Look, Anna, look; the Trojans crowd to fea, They spread their canvass, and their anchors weigh.

The shouting crew their ships with garlands bind, Invoke the fea-gods, and invite the wind. Could I have thought this threat'ning blow fo near, My tender foul had been forewarn'd to bear. But do not you my last request deny, With yon perfidious man your int'rest try; And bring me news if I must live or die. You are his fav'rite, you alone can find The dark recesses of his inmost mind: In all his trufty fecrets you have part, And know the foft approaches to his heart. Hafte then, and humbly feek my haughty foe; Tell him, I did not with the Grecians go; Nor did my fleet against his friends employ, Nor fwore the ruin of unhappy Troy. Nor mov'd with hands profane his father's duft; Why thou'd he then reject a fuit fo just! Whom does he shun, and whither wou'd he fly? Can he this last, this only pray'r deny! Let him at least his dang'rous flight delay, Wait better winds, and hope a calmer fea. The nuptials he disclaims, I urge no more; Let him pursue the promis'd Latian shore. A fhort delay is all I ask him now; A paule of grief, an interval from wo: Till my foft foul be temper'd to fuftain Accustom'd forrows, and inur'd to pain. If you in pity grant this one request, By death shall glut the hatred of his breaft.

This mournful message pious Anna bears,
And seconds, with her own, her sister's tears:
But all her arts are still employ'd in vain;
Again she comes, and is refus'd again.
His harden'd heart nor pray'rs nor threat'nings move;
Fate, and the god, had stop'd his ears to love.

As when the winds their airy quarrel try;
Justling from ev'ry quarter of the sky;
This way and that, the mountain oak they bend,
His boughs they shatter, and his branches rend;
With leaves and falling mass, they spread the ground,
The hollow vallies echo to the sound:
Unmov'd, the royal plant their sury mocks;
Or, shaken, clings more closely to the rocks:
Far as he shoots his tow'ring head on high,
So deep in earth his fix'd foundations ly:
No less a storm the Trojan hero bears;
Thick messages and loud complaints he hears;
And bandy'd words still beating on his ears.
Sighs, groans, and tears, proclaim his inward pains,
But the firm purpose of his heart remains.

The wretched queen, pursu'd by cruel fate,
Begins at length the light of heav'n to hate:
And loaths to live: then dire portents she sees,
To hasten on the death her soul decrees,
Strange to relate: for when before the shrine
She pours, in sacrifice, the purple wine,
The purple wine is turn'd to putrid blood:
And the white offer'd milk converts to mud.

This dire prefage, to her alone reveal'd, From all, and ev'n her fifter, the conceal'd. A marbie temple flood within the grove, Sacred to death, and to her murder'd jove; That honour'd chapel she had hung around With fnowy fleeces, and with garlands crown'd: Oft, when the vifited this lonely dome, Strange voices iffu'd from her husband's tomb: She thought the heard him fummon her away; Invite her to his grave; and chide her flay. Hourly 'tis heard, when with a boding note The folitary screech-owl strains his throat: And on a chimney's top, or turret's height, With fongs obscene disturbs the filence of the night. Besides, old prophecies augment her fears; And stern Æneas in her dreams appears, Disdainful as by day: she seems alone To wander, in her fleep, thro' ways unknown, Guideless and dark : or, in a desert plain, To feek her subjects, and to feek in vain. Like Pentheus, when distracted with his fear, He faw two funs, and double Thebes appear: Or mad Orestes, when his mother's ghost Full in his face infernal torches tof; And shook her fnaky locks: he shuns the fight, Flies o'er the stage, surpris'd with mortal fright; The furies guard the door, and intercept his flight.)

Now, finking underneath a load of grief, From death alone the feeks her last relief:

The time and means refolv'd within her breaft, She to her mournful fifter thus address'd. (Di Tembling hope, her cloudy front the clears, And a false vigour in her eyes appears). Rejoice, the faid, infructed from above, My lover I shall gain, or lose my love. Nigh rifing Atlas, next the falling fun, Long tracts of Æthiopian climates run: There, a Maffylian priestess I have found, Honour'd for age, for magic arts renown'd; Th' Hesperian temple was her trusted care; 'Twas she supply'd the wakeful Dragon's fare. She poppy-feeds in honey taught to fleep; Reclaim'd his rage, and footh'd him into fleep. She watch'd the golden fruit; her charms unbind The chains of love; or fix them on the mind. She stops the torrents, leaves the channel dry; Repels the stars, and backward bears the fky. The yawning earth rebellows to her call; Pale ghosts ascend; and mountain ashes fall. Witness, ye gods, and thou my better part, How loath I am to try this impieus art! Within the secret court, with silent care, Erect a lofty pile, expos'd in air: Hang on the topmost part the Trojan vell; Spoils, arms, and prefents of my faithless guelt. Next, under these, the bridal bed be plac'd, Where I my ruin in his arms embrac'd: All relics of the wretch are doom'd to fire; For fo the priefless and her charms require.

Thus far the faid, and farther speech forbears; A mortal paleness in her face appears: Yet the mistrustless Anna could not find The secret fun'ral in these rites design'd; Nor thought so dire a rage posses'd her mind. Unknowing of a train, conceal'd fo well, She fear'd no worse than when Sicheus fell: Therefore obeys. The fatal pile they rear, Within the secret court, expos'd in air. The cloven holms and pines are heap'd on high: And garlands on the hollow spaces ly. Sad cypress, vervain, yew, compose the wreath; And ev'ry baleful green denoting death. The queen, determin'd to the fatal deed, The spoils and sword he left in order spread: And the man's image on the nuptial bed.

And now (the facred altars plac'd around)
The priestes enters, with her hair unbound,
And thrice invokes the pow'rs below the ground.
Night, Erebus, and Chaos she proclaims,
And threefold Hecat, with her hundred names,
And three Dianas: next she sprinkles round,
With seign'd Avernian drops, the hallow'd ground;
Culls hoary simples, found by Phæbe's light,
With brazen sickles reap'd at noon of night.
Then mixes baleful juices in the bowl;
And cuts the forehead of a new-born soal:
Robbing the mother's love. The destin'd queen
Observes, assisting at the rites obscene:

d:

A leaven'd cake in her devoted hands
She holds, and next the highest altar stands:
One tender foot was shod, her other bare;
Girt was her gather'd gown, and loose her hair.
Thus dress'd, she summon'd with her dying breath
The heav'ns and planets conscious of her death;
And ev'ry pow'r, if any rules above,
Who minds or who revenges injur'd love.

'Twas dead of night, when weary bodies close
Their eyes in balmy sleep, and soft repose:
The winds no longer whisper thro' the woods,
Nor murm'ring tides disturb the gentle sloods.
The stars in silent order mov'd around,
And peace, with downy wings, was brooding on the
ground.

The flocks and herds, and party-colour'd fowl,
Which haunt the woods, or fwim the weedy pool;
Stretch'd on the quiet earth fecurely lay,
Forgetting the past labours of the day.
All eise of nature's common gift partake;
Unhappy Dido was alone awake.
Nor sleep nor ease the furious queen can find;
Sleep fled her eyes, as quiet fled her mind.
Despair, and rage, and love, divide her heart:
Despair and rage had some, but love the greater part.

Then thus she said within her secret mind:
What shall I do! what succour can I find!
Become a suppliant to Iarbas' pride,
And take my turn, to court and be deny'd!
Vol. H.

T

H

Hi

Shall I with this ungrateful Trojan go,
Forsake an empire, and attend a soe?
Himself I refug'd, and his train reliev'd;
'Tis true: but am I sure to be receiv'd?
Can gratitude in Trojan souls have place!
Laomedon still lives in all his race!
Then, shall I seek alone the churlish crew,
And with my seet their stying sails pursue?
What force have I but those, whom scarce before
I drew reluctant from their native shore?
Will they again embark at my desire,
Once more sustain the seas, and quit their second
Tyre?

Rather with steel thy guilty breast invade,
And take the fortune thou thyself hast made.
Your pity, sister, first seduc'd my mind;
Or seconded too well what I design'd.
These dear-bought pleasures had I never known,
Had I continu'd free, and still my own;
Avoiding love, I had not found despair;
But shar'd with salvage beasts the common air:
Like them a lonely life I might have led,
Not mourn'd the living, nor disturb'd the dead.
The thoughts she brooded in her anxious breast;
On board, the Trojan found more easy rest.
Resolv'd to sail, in sleep he pass'd the night;
And order'd all things for his early slight.

To whom once more the winged god appears: His former youthful mien and shape he wears, And with this new alarm invades his ears:

Sleep'ft thou, O god le's-born! and can'ft thou drown Thy needful cares, fo near a hostile town? Belet with foes: nor hear'ft the western gales Invite thy paffage, and inspire thy fails? She harbours in her heart a furious hate: And thou shalt find the dire effects too late: Fix'd on revenge, and obstinate to die: Hafte fwiftly hence, while thou haft pow'r to fly. The fea with ships will foon be cover'd o'er, And blazing firebrands kindle all the shore. Prevent her rage, while night obscures the skies; And fail before the purple morn arife. Who knows what hazards thy delay may bring? Woman's a various and a changeful thing. Thus Hermes in the dream; then took his flight, Aloft in air unseen; and mix'd with night.

Twice warn'd by the celestial messenger,
The pious prince arose with hasty scar:
Then rous'd his drowsy train without delay,
Haste to your banks; your crooked anchors weigh;
And spread your slying sails, and stand to sca.
A god commands; he stood before my sight;
And urg'd us once again to speedy slight.
O sacred pow'r, what pow'r soe'er thou art,
To thy bless'd orders I resign my heart:
Lead thou the way; protect thy Trojan bands;
And prosper the design thy will commands.
He said, and drawing forth his staming sword,
His thund'ring arm divides the many-twisted cord:

An emulating zeal inspires his train; They run, they snatch; they rush into the main. With headlong haste they leave the desert shores, And brush the liquid seas with lab'ring oars.

Aurora now had left her faffron bed, And beams of early light the heav'ns o'erspread, When from a tow'r the queen, with wakeful eyes, Saw day point upward from the rofy skies: She look'd to feaward, but the fea was void, And scarce in ken the failing ships descry'd: Stung with despite, and furious with lespair, She struck her trembling breast, and tore her hair. And shall th' ungrateful traitor go, she said, My land forfaken, and my love betray'd? Shall we not arm, not rufh from ev'ry ftreet, To follow, fink, and burn his perjur'd fleet? Hafte, haul my gallies out, pursue the foe: Bring flaming brands, fet fail, and swiftly row. What have I faid? Where am I? Fury turns My brain; and my diftemper'd bosom burns. Then, when I gave my person and my throne, This hate, this rage, had been more timely shown. See now the promis'd faith, the vaunted name, The pious man, who, rushing through the slame, Preserv'd his gods, and to the Phrygian shore The burden of his feeble father bore! I shou'd have torn him piecemeal; strow'd in floods His scatter'd limbs, or left expos'd in woods: Destroy'd his friends and fon; and from the fire Have fet the reeking boy before the fire.

Events are doubtful, which on battles wait; Yet where's the doubt, to fouls secure of fate! My Tyrians, at their injur'd queen's command, Had toss'd their fires amid the Trojan band: At once extinguish'd all the faithless name; And I myself, in vengeance of my shame, Had fall'n upon the pile, to mend the fun'ral flame. Thou fun, who view'ft at once the world below, Thou Juno, guardian of the nuptial vow. Thou Hecat, hearken from thy dark abodes: Ye furies, fiends, and violated gods, All pow'rs invok'd with Dido's dying breath, Attend her curses, and avenge her death. If so the fates ordain, and Jove commands, Th' ungrateful wretch shou'd find the Latian lands. Yet let a race untam'd, and haughty foes, His peaceful entrance with dire arms oppose; Oppress'd with numbers in th' unequal field, His men discouraged, and himself expell'd, Let him for succour sue from place to place, Torn from his subjects, and his son's embrace: First let him see his friends in battle slain ; And their untimely fate lament in vain : And when, at length, the cruel war shall cease, On hard conditions may he buy his peace. Nor let him then enjoy supreme command; But fall untimely by some hostile hand; And lie unbury'd on the barren fand. These are my pray'rs, and this my dying will: And you, my Tyrians, ev'ry curse fulfil.

Perpetual hate, and mortal wars proclaim,
Against the prince, the people, and the name.
These grateful off'rings on my grave bestow;
Nor league, nor love, the hostile nations know:
Now, and from hence in ev'ry future age,
When rage excites your arms, and strength supplies
the rage:

Rife some avenger of our Libyon blood, With fire and sword pursue the perjur'd brood: Our arms, our seas, our shores oppos'd to theirs, And the same hate descend on all our heirs.

This faid, within her anxious mind she weighs. The means of cutting short her odious days. Then to Sicheus' nurse she briefly said, (For when she left her country her's was dead), Go, Barce, call my sister; let her care. The solemn rites of facrisice prepare:

The sheep, and all the atoming offerings bring, Sprinkling her body from the crystal spring. With living drops: then let her come, and thou With sacred sillets bind thy hoary brow.

Thus will I pay my vows to Stygian Jove, And end the cares of my disastrous love.

Ther cast the Trojan image on the fire;
And, as that burns, my passion shall expire.

The nurse moves onward, with officious care, And all the speed her aged limbs can bear. But furious Dido, with dark thoughts involv'd, Shook at the nighty mischief she resolv'd. With livid spots distinguish'd was her face, Red were her rolling eyes, and discompos'd her pace: Ghastly she gaz'd, with pain she drew her breath, And nature shiver'd at approaching death.

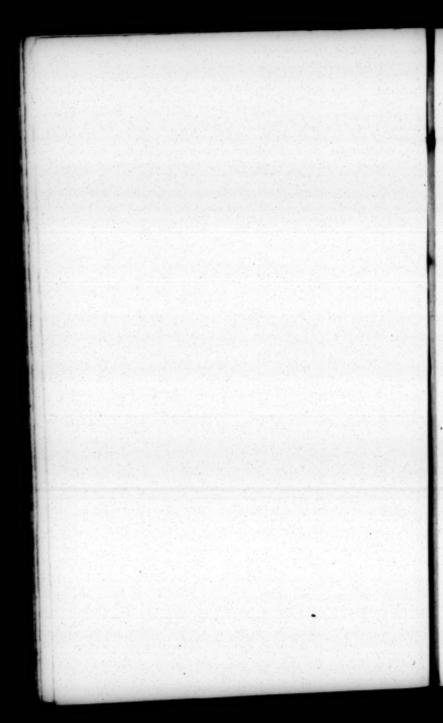
Then swiftly to the fatal place she pass'd; And mounts the fun'ral pile with furious hafte: Unsheaths the sword the Trojan left behind; (Not for fo dire an enterprize defign'd): But when she view'd the garments loosely spread Which once he wore, and faw the conscious bed, She paus'd, and with a figh the robes embrac'd; Then on the couch her trembling body caft, Repress'd the ready tears, and spoke her last. Dear pledges of my love, while heav'n fo pleas'd. Receive a foul, of mortal anguish eas'd; My fatal course is finish'd, and I go A glorious name, among the ghofts below. A lofty city by my hands is rais'd; Pygmalion punish'd, and my lord appeas'd. What cou'd my fortune have afforded more, Had the falle Trojan never touch'd my shore? Then kis'd the couch : And must I die! she faid; And unreveng'd? 'tis doubly to be dead! Yet ev'n this death with pleasure I receive; On any terms, 'tis better than to live. These flames, from far, may the false Trojan view; These boding omens his base flight pursue. She faid, and ftruck : deep enter'd in her fide The piercing steel, with reeking purple dy'd: Clogg'd in the wound the cruel weapon stands; The spouting blood came streaming on her hands. Her fad attendants faw the deadly stroke, And with loud cries the founding palace shook.

e:

Distracted, from the fatal fight they fled; And through the town the difmal rumour spread. First from the frighted court the yell began. Redoubled thence from house to house it ran: The groans of men, with shrieks, laments, and cries Of mixing women, mount the vaulted fkies. Not less the clamour, than if ancient Tyre, Or the new Carthage, fet by foes on fire, The rolling ruin, with their lov'd abodes, Involv'd the blazing temples of their gods. Her fifter hears, and, furious with despair, She beats her breaft, and rends her yellow hair: And calling on Eliza's name aloud, Runs breathless to the place, and breaks the crowd. Was all that pomp of wo for this prepar'd, These fires, this fun'ral pile, these altars rear'd? Was all this train of plots contriv'd, faid she, All only to deceive unhappy me? Which is the worst? didst thou in death pretend To fcorn thy fifter, or delude thy friend! Thy fummon'd fifter, and thy friend had come; One fword had ferv'd us both, one common tomb. Was I to raise the pile, the pow'rs invoke, Not to be present at the fatal stroke? At once thou hast destroy'd thyself and me; Thy town, thy senate, and thy colony! Bring water, bathe the wound; while I in death Lay close my lips to her's, and catch the flying breath. This faid, she mounts the pile with eager haste; And in her arms the gasping queen embrac'd:

Her temples chaf'd; and her own garments tore To franch the streaming blood, and cleanse the gore. Thrice Dido try'd to raise her drooping head, And fainting thrice, fell grov'ling on the bed. Thrice op'd her heavy eyes, and fought the light, But, having found it, sicken'd at the fight; And clos'd her lids at last in endless night.

Then Juno, grieving that the should sustain A death fo ling'ring, and fo full of pain; Sent Iris down, to free her from the frife Of lab'ring nature, and dissolve her life. For fince she died, not doom'd by heav'n's dccree, Or her own crime; but haman cafualty, And rage of love, that plung'd her in despair, The fifters had not cut the topmost hair, Which Proferpine and they can only know; Nor made her facred to the shades below. Downward the various goddes took her flight; And drew a thousand colours from the light; Then flood above the dying lover's head, And faid, I thus devote thee to the dead. This off'ring to th' infernal gods I bear. Thus while the spoke, the cut the fatal hair; The struggling foul was loos'd, and life disfolv in air.



VIRGIL's

Æ N E I S.

BOOK V.

THE ARGUMENT.

ENEAS fetting fail from Afric, is driven by a florm on the coast of Sicily: where he is hofpitably received by his friend Acehes, king of part of the island, and born of Trojan parentage. He applies himself to celebrate the memory of his father with divine bonours : and accordingly institutes funeral games, and appoints prizes for those who should conquer in them. While the ceremonies were performing, Juno Sends Iris to persuade the Trojan women to burn the Ships, who upon her instigation fet fire to them, which burn four, and would have consumed the rest, bad not Jupiter by a miracuines Shower extinguished it. Upon this Eneas, by the advice of one of his generals, and a vision of his father, builds a city for the women, old men, and others, who were either unfit for war, or weary of the voyage, and fails for Italy: Venus procures of Neptune a fafe voyage for him and all his men, excepting only his pilot Palinurus, who is unfortunately lof.

THE FIFTH BOOK

OF THE

ÆNEIS.

EANTIME the Trojan cuts his watry way, Fix'd on his voyage, thro' the curling fea: Then, casting back his eyes, with dire amaze, Sees on the Punic shore the mounting blaze. The cause unknown; yet his presaging mind, The fate of Dido from the fire divin'd: He knew the flormy fouls of woman-kind; What fecret springs their eager passions move, How capable of death for injur'd love. Dire auguries from hence the Trojans draw: Till neither fires nor shining shores they faw. Now feas and fkies their profpect only bound; An empty space above, a floating field around. But foon the heav'ns with shadows were o'erspread; A swelling cloud hung hov'ring o'er their head: Livid it look'd, (the threat'ning of a storm); Then night and horror ocean's face deform. The pilot, Palinurus, cry'd aloud, What gufts of weather from that gath'ring cloud VOL. II.

My thoughts prefage! ere yet the tempest roars Stand to your tackle, mates, and stretch your oars: Contract your swelling fails, and luff to wind: The frighted crew perform the task assign'd. Then to his fearless chief, Not heav'n, said he, Though Jove himself should promise Italy, Can stem the torrent of this raging sea. Mark how the shifting winds from west arise, And what collected night involves the skies! Nor can our shaken vessels live at sea, Much less against the tempest force their way; 'Tis fate diverts our course; and fate we must obey. Not far from hence, if I observ'd aright The fouthing of the stars, and polar light, Sicilia lies; whose hospitable shores In fafety we may reach with flruggling oars. Æneas then reply'd, Too fure I find, We strive in vain against the seas and wind: Now thift your fails: what place can please me more Than what you promife, the Sicilian shore; Whose hallow'd earth Anchises' bones contains, And where a prince of Trojan lineage reigns? The course resolv'd, before the western wind They scud amain; and make the port assign'd.

Meantime Acestos, from a losty stand, Beheld the sect descending on the land; And not unmindful of his ancient race, Down from the cliff he ran with eager pace; And held the hero in a strict embrace. Of a rough Libyan bear the spoils he wore;
And either hand a pointed jav'lin bore.
His mother was a dame of Dardan blood;
His sire Crinisus, a Sicilian flood:
He welcomes his returning friends ashore,
With plenteous country cates, and homely store.

Now, when the following morn had chas'd away The flying stars, and light restor'd the day, Aneas call'd the Trojan troops around; And thus bespoke them from a rising ground. Offspring of heav'n, divine Dardanian race, The fun revolving thro' th' ethereal space, The shining circle of the year has fill'd, Since first this isle my father's ashes held: And now the rifing day renews the year, (A day for ever fad, for ever dear), This wou'd I celebrate with annual games, With gifts on altars pil'd, and holy flames, Tho' banish'd to Gerulia's barren fands, Caught on the Grecian feas, or hostile lands: But fince this happy from our fleet has driv'n (Not, as I deem, without the will of heav'n) Upon these friendly shores and flow'ry plains, Which hide Anchifes, and his bleft remains; Let us with joy perform his honours due. And pray for profp'rous winds, our voyage to renew. Pray, that in towns and temples of our own, The name of great Anchifes may be known; And yearly games may spread the god's renown.

Our sports, Acestes, of the Trojan race, With royal gifts ordain'd, is pleas'd to grace: Two fleers on ev'ry thin the king bestows: His gods and ours shall share your equal vows. Belides, if nine days hence the roly morn Shall with unclouded light the fkies adorn. That day with folemn sports I mean to grace: Light gallies on the feas shall run a watry race. Some shall in swiftness for the goal contend, And others try the twanging bow to bend: The strong with iron gauntlets arm'd shall stand, Oppos'd in combat on the yellow fand. Let all be present at the games prepar'd; And joyful victors wait the just reward. But now affift the rites, with garlands crown'd; He faid, and first his brows with myrtle bound. Then Helymus, by his example led, And old Acestes, each adorn'd his head; Thus young Ascanius, with a sprightly grace, His temples ty'd, and all the Trojan race.

Æneas then advanc'd amidst the train,
By thousands follow'd thro' the flow'ry plain,
To great Anchises' tomb: which when he found,
He pour'd to Bacchus, on the hallow'd ground,
Two bowls of sparkling wine, of milk two more,
And two from offer'd bulls of purple gore,
With roses then the sepulchre he strow'd;
And thus his father's ghost bespoke aloud:
Hail, O ye holy manes; hail again
Paternal ashes, now review'd in yain!

The gods permitted not, that you with me
Shou'd reach the promis'd shores of Italy;
Or Tyber's shood, what shood soe'er it be.
Scarce had he finish'd, when, with speckled pride,
A serpent from the tomb began to glide;
His hugy bulk on sev'n high volumes roll'd;
Blue was his breadth of back, but streak'd with scaly gold:

Thus riding on his curls, he feem'd to pass A rolling fire along; and finge the grafs. More various colours through his body run. Than Iris, when her bow imbibes the fun; Betwixt the rifing altars, and around, The facred monster shot along the ground: With harmless play amidst the bowls he pass'd. And with his lolling tongue affay'd the tafte: Thus fed with holy food, the wond'rous guest Within the hollow tomb retir'd to reft. The pious prince, furpris'd at what he view'd, The fun'ral honours with more zeal renew'd: Doubtful if this the place's genius were, Or guardian of his father's sepulchre. Five sheep, according to the rites, he slew; As many fwine, and steers of fable hue; New gen'rous wine he from the goblets pour'd, And call'd his father's ghoft, from hell reftor'd. The glad attendants in long order come, Off'ring their gifts at great Anchifes' tomb;

Some add more oxen, fome divide the spoil, Some place the chargers on the graffy soil; Some blow the fires, and offer'd entrails broil.

Now came the day defir'd; the flics were bright With rofy luftre of the rifing light: The bord'ring people, rous'd by founding fame Of Trojan feasts, and great Acestes' name; The crowded shore with acclamations fill, Part to behold, and part to prove their skill. And first the gifts in public view they place, Green laurel wreaths, and palm, (the victor's grace): Within the circle, arms and tripods ly; Ingots of gold and filver, heap'd on high; And vel's embroider'd, of the Tyrian dye, The trumpet's clangor then the feast proclaims; And all prepare for their appointed games. Four gallies first which equal rowers bear, Advancing, in the watry lifts appear. The fpeedy Dolphin, that outfirips the wind, Bore Mnessheus, author of the Memmian kind: Gyas the vaft Chimæra's bulk commands, Which rifing like a tow'ring city flands: Three Trojans tug at ev'ry lab'ring oar; Three banks in three degrees the failors bore; Beneath their flurdy strokes the billows roar. Sergeflus, who began the Sergian race, In the great Centaur took the leading place: Cloanthus on the fea-green Scylla flood; From whom Cluentius draws his Trojan blood.

Far in the fea, against the soaming shore,
There stands a rock; the raging billows roar
Above his head in storms; but when 'tis clear,
Uncurl their ridgy backs, and at his foot appear.
In peace below the gentle waters run;
The cormorants above ly basking in the sun.
On this the hero six'd an oak in sight,
The mark to guide the mariners aright.
To bear with this, the seamen stretch their oars;
Then round the rock they steer, and seek the former shores.

The lots decide their place; above the rest,
Each leader shining in his Tyrian vest;
The common crew, with wreaths of poplar boughs
Their temples crown, and shade their sweaty brows.
Besmear'd with oil, their naked shoulders shine;
All take their seats, and wait the sounding sign.
They gripe their oars, and ev'ry panting breast
Is rais'd by turns with hopes, by turns with sears
depress'd.

The clangor of the trumpet gives the fign;
At once they start, advancing in a line:
With shouts the sailors rend the starry skies;
Lash'd with their oars, the smoky billows rise;
Sparkles the briny main, and the vex'd ocean fries.

Exact in time, with equal strokes they row;
At once the brushing oars, and brazen prow,
Dash up the sandy waves, and ope the depths below.

Not fiery coursers, in a chariot race,
Invade the field with half so swift a pace.

Not the fierce driver with more fury lends
The founding lash; and, ere the stroke descends,
Low to the wheels his pliant body bends.
The partial crowd their hopes and fears divide,
And aid, with eager shouts, the favour'd side.
Cries, murmurs, clamours, with a mixing sound,
From woods to woods, from hills to hills, rebound.

Amidst the loud applauses of the shore, Gyas outstripp'd the rest, and sprung before; Cloanthus, better mann'd, pursu'd him fast; But his o'er-masted galley check'd his haste. The Centaur and the Dolphin brush the brine With equal pars advancing in a line: And now the mighty Centaur feems to lead, And now the speedy Dolphin gets a-head: Now board to board the rival vessels row; The billows lave the skies, and ocean groans below. They reach'd the mark; proud Gyas and his train In triumph rode the victors of the main: But steering round, he charg'd his pilot stand More close to shore, and skim along the fand. Let others bear to sea. Menætes heard, But secret shelves too cautiously he fear'd: And, fearing, fought the deep, and still aloof he (fteer'd.

With louder cries the captain call'd again; Bear to the rocky shore, and shun the main. He spoke, and speaking at his stern he saw The bold Cloanthus near the shelvings draw; Betwixt the mark and him the Scylla stood,
And in a closer compass plow'd the stood.
He pass'd the mark; and wheeling got before;
Gyas blasphem'd the gods, devoutly swore,
Cry'd out for anger, and his hair he tore.
Mindless of others lives, (so high was grown
His rising rage), and careless of his own,
The trembling dotard to the deck he drew,
And hoisted up, and over board he threw:
This done he seiz'd the helm; his fellows cheer'd;
Turn'd short upon the shelves, and madly steer'd.

Hardly his head the plunging pilot rears, Clogg'd with his clothes, and cumber'd with his years:

Now, dripping wet, he climbs the cliff with pain; The crowd, that faw him fall and float again, Shout from the diftant shore; and loudly laugh'd, To fee his heaving breast difgorge the briny draught. The following Centaur, and the Dolphin's crew, Their vanish'd hopes of victory renew; While Gyas lags, they kindle in the race, To reach the mark; Sergeflus takes the place: Mnestheus pursues; and while around they wind, Comes up, not half his galley's length behind. Then on the deck amidft his mates appear'd, And thus their drooping courages he cheer'd. My friends, and Hector's followers heretofore; Exert your vigour, tug the lab'ring oar; Stretch to your strokes, my still unconquer'd crew, Whom from the flaming walls of Troy I drew.

In this, our common int'rest, let me find That strength of hand, that courage of the mind, As when you stemm'd the strong Malzan flood, And o'er the Syrtes broken billows row'd. I feek not now the foremost palm to gain; Tho' yet-But ah, that haughty wish is vain! Let those enjoy it whom the gods ordain. But to be last, the lags of all the race, Redeem yourselves and me from that disgrace. Now one and all, they tug amain; they row At the full stretch, and shake the brazen prow. The fea beneath 'em finks; their lab'ring fides Are fwell'd, and fweat run gutt'ring down in tides. Chance aids their daring with unhep'd fucces; Sergeftus, eager with his beak to press Betwixt the rival galley and the rock; Shuts up th' unwieldy Centaur in the lock. The vessel struck, and with the dreadful shock Her oars she shiver'd, and her head she broke. The trembling rowers from their banks arise, And, anxious for themselves, renounce the prize. With iron poles they heave her off the shores; And gather, from the sea, their floating oars. The crew of Mnesheus, with elated minds, Urge their fuccess, and call the willing winds: Then ply their oars, and cut the liquid way, In larger compass on the roomy sea. As when the dove her rocky hold forfakes, Rouz'd in a fright, her founding wings the shakes,

The cavern rings with clatt'ring; out the flies, And leaves her callow care, and cleaves the fkies; At first the flutters; but at length the fprings To smoother flight, and shoots upon her wings : So Mnestheus in the Dolphin cuts the sea, And flying with a force, that force affifts his way. Sergeflus in the Centaur foon he pass'd, Wedg'd in the rocky shoals, and sticking fast. In vain the victor he with cries implores, And practifes to row with shatter'd oars. Then Mnestheus bears with Gyas, and out-flies: The ship without a pilot yields the prize. Unvanquish'd Scylla now alone remains; Her he pursues, and all his vigour strains. Shouts from the fav'ring multitude arife, Applauding echo to the shouts replies; Shouts, wishes, and applause run rattling thro' the fkies.

These clamours with distain the Scylla heard;
Much grudg'd the praise, but more the rob'd reward:
Resolv'd to hold their own, they mend their pace;
All obstinate to die, or gain the race.
Rais'd with success, the Dolphin swiftly ran,
(For they can conquer who believe they can):
Both urge their oars, and fortune both supplies;
And both perhaps had shar'd an equal prize;
When to the seas Cloanthus holds his hands,
And succour from the watry pow'rs demands:

Gods of the liquid realms, on which I row, If giv'n by you, the laurel bind my brow, Affift to make me guilty of my vow.

A fnow-white bull thall on your fhore be flain, His offer'd entrails cast into the main;

And ruddy wine from golden goblets thrown, Your graceful gift, and my return shall own.

The quire of nymphs, and Phorcus from below, With virgin Panopea, heard his vow;

And old Portunos, with his breadth of hand, Push'd on, and sped the galley to the land.

Swift as a shaft, or winged wind, she slies;

And darting to the port, obtains the prize.

The herald fummons all, and then proclaims Cloanthus conqu'ror of the naval games. The prince with laurel crowns the victor's head, And three fat steers are to his vessel led; The ship's reward : with gen'rous wine beside, And fams of filver, which the crew divide. The leaders are diffinguish'd from the reft; The victor honour'd with a nobler veft; Where gold and purple strive in equal rows, And needle-work its happy cost bestows. There, Ganymede is wrought with living art, Chafing through Ida's groves the trembling hart; Breathless he seems, yet eager to pursue: When from aloft descends, in open view, The bird of Jove; and, forfing on h's prey, With crocked talons bears the boy .way.

In vain, with lifted hands, and gazing eyes, His guards behold him foaring thro' the skies; And dogs pursue his slight with imitated cries.

Mnesthens the second victor was declar'd; And fummon'd there, the fecond prize he fhar'd. A coat of mail, which brave Demolus bore; More brave Aneas from his shoulders tore, In fingle combat on the Trojan shore. This was ordain'd for Mnesheus to posses: In war for his defence, for ornament in peace. Rich was the gift, and glorious to behold; But yet so pond'rous with its plates of gold. That scarce two servants cou'd the weight sustain; Yet, loaded thus, Demoleus o'er the plain Pursu'd, and lightly seiz'd the Trojan train. The third fucceeding to the last reward, Two goodly bowls of maffy filver shar'd; With figures prominent, and richly wrought; And two brass cauldrons from Dodona brought.

Thus, all rewarded by the hero's hands,
Their conqu'ring temples bound with purple bands.
And now Sergestus, clearing from the rock,
Brought back his galley, shatter'd with the shock.
Forlorn she look'd, without an aiding oar;
And, hooted by the vulgar, made to shore.
As when a snake, surpriz'd upon the road,
Is crush'd athwart her body by the load
Of heavy wheels; or with a mortal wound
Her belly bruis'd, and trodden to the ground;
Vol. H.

In vain, with loosen'd curls, she crawls along, Yet sierce above the brandishes her tongue; Glares with her eyes, and briftles with her scales, But grov'ling in the dust, her parts unsound she trails: So slowly to the port the Centaur tends, But what she wants in oars with sails amends. Yet, for his galley sav'd, the grateful prince is pleas'd th' unhappy chief to recompence. Pholæ, the Cretan slave, rewards his care, Beauteous herself, with lovely twins, as fair.

From thence his way the Trojan hero bent, Into the neighb'ring plain, with mountains pent; Whose sides were shaded with furrounding wood; Full in the midft of this fair valley flood A native theatre, which rifing flow, By just degrees, o'erlook'd the ground below. High on a fylvan throne the leader fat; A num'rous train attend in folemn flate; Here tho'e that in the rapid course delight, Defire of honour, and the prize invite. The rival runners without order fland: The Trojans, mix'd with the Sicilian band. First Nisus, with Euryalus, appears, Euryalus, a boy of blooming years, With sprightly grace and equal beauty crown'd: Nifus for friendship to the youth renown'd. Diores next, of Priam's royal race, Then Salius, join'd with Patron, took their place: But Patron in Arcadia had his birth, And Salius his, from Acarnanian earth.

Then two Sicilian youths, the names of these Swift Helymus, and lovely Panopes:
Both jolly huntsmen, both in forest bred,
And owning old Accstes for their head,
With sev'ral others of ignobler name,
Whom time has not deliver'd o'er to same.

To these the hero thus his thoughts explain'd, In words which gen'ral approbation gain'd. One common largefs is for all defign'd: The yanguish'd and the victor shall be join'd. Two darts of polith'd fteel, and Gnosian wood, A filver studded ax, alike bestow'd. The foremost three have olive wreaths decreed: The first of these obtains a stately steed Adorn'd with trappings; and the next in fame, The quiver of an Amazonian dame, With feather'd Thracian arrows well fupply'd: A golden belt shall gird his manly side, Which with a sparkling diamond shall be ty'd: The third this Grecian helmet shall content. He faid; to their appointed base they went: With beating hearts th' expected fign receive, And farting all at once, the barrier leave. Spread out, as on the winged winds, they flew, Ind feiz'd the diffant goal with greedy view. Shot from the crowd, fwift Nifus all c'er-pass'd; Nor storms, nor thunder, equal half his haste. The next, but tho' the next yet far disjoin'd, Came Salius, and Euryalus behind;

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Then Helymus, whom young Diores ply'd, Step after step, and almost side by side: His shoulders pressing, and, in longer space, Had won, or left at least a dubious race.

Now spent, the goal they almost reach at laft: When eager Nifus, hapless in his hafte, Slipp'd first, and slipping fell upon the plain, Soak'd with the blood of oxen newly flain: The careless victor had not mark'd his way: But treading where the treach'rous puddle lay, His heels flew up; and on the graffy floor He fell, besmear'd with filth and holy gore. Not mindless then, Euryalus, of thee, Nor of the facred bonds of amity; He strove th' immediate rival's hope to cross, And caught the foot of Salius as he rose: So Salius lay extended on the plain; Euryalus springs out, the prize to gain, And leaves the crowd; applauding peals attend The victor to the goal, who vanquish'd by his ti iend. Next Helymus, and then Diores came; By two misfortunes made the third in fame.

But Salius enters; and exclaiming loud
For justice, deafens and disturbs the crowd:
Urges his cause may in the court be heard;
And pleads the prize is wrongfully conferr'd.
But savour for Euryalus appears;
Itis blooming beauty, with his tender years,
Had brib'd the judges for the promis'd prize;
Besides Diores fills the court with cries,

Who vainly reaches at the last reward, If the first palm on Salius be conferr'd. Then thus the prince: Let no disputes arise; Where fortune plac'd it, I award the prize. But fortune's errors give me leave to mend, At least to pity my deserving friend. He faid, and from among the spoils he draws (Pond'rous with shaggy main and golden paws). A lion's hide; to Salius this he gives: Nifus with envy fees the gift, and grieves. If fuch rewards to vanquish'd men are due, He faid, and falling is to rife by you, What prize may Nifus from your bounty claim. Who merited the first rewards and fame? In falling, both an equal fortune try'd; Wou'd fortune for my fall fo well provide! With this he pointed to his face, and show'd His hands, and all his habit smear'd with blood. Th' indulgent father of the people smil'd; And caus'd to be produc'd an ample shield; Of wond'rous art, by Didymaon wrought, Long fince from Neptune's bars in triumph brought. This giv'n to Nifus; he divides the reft; And equal justice in his gifts exprest. The race thus ended, and rewards bestow'd; Once more the prince bespeaks th' attentive crowd. If there be here, whose dauntless courage dare In gauntlet fight, with limbs and body bare, llis opposite sustain in open view, Stand forth the champion; and the games renew.

Two prizes I propose, and thus divide, A bull with gilded horns, and filets ty'd, Shall be the portion of the conqu'ring chief: A sword and helm shall cheer the loser's grief.

Then haughty Dares in the lifts appears; Stalking he firides, his head crefted bears : His nervous arms the weighty gauntlet wield; And loud applauses echo thro' the field. Dares alone, in combat us'd to stand The match of mighty Paris hand to hand; The same at Hector's fun'rals undertook Gigantic Butes, of th' Amician flock; And, by the flroke of his relittless hand, Stretch'd the vaft bulk upon the yellow find. Such Dares was; and fuch he frode along, And drew the wonder of the gazing throng. His brawny back and ample breaf he flows; His lifted arms around his head he throws, And deals in whiftling air his empty blows. His metch is fought; but, through the trembling band.

Not one dates answer to the proud demand.

Presuming of his force, with sparkling eyes,

Already he devours the promis'd prize.

He claims the bull with awless insolence;

And having seiz'd his horns, accosts the prince.

If none my matchless valour dares oppose,

How long shal! Dares wait his dastard foes?

Permit me, chief, permit without delay,

To lead this uncontended gift away.

The crowd affents; and, with redoubled cries, For the proud challenger demands the prize.

Acestes, fir'd with just disdain, to fee The palm usurp'd without a victory; Reproach'd Entellus thus, who fat beside, And heard, and faw, unanov'd, the Trojan's pride: Once, but in vain, a champion of renown, So tamely can you bear the ravisl'd crown? A prize in triumph borne before your fight, And thun for fear the danger of the fight? Where is our Eryx now, the boafted name, The god who taught your thand'ring arm the gime; Where now your banked honour, where the froil That fill'd your bouse, and fi me that fill'd our isle? Ertellus thus: My foul is fill the fame; Unmov'd with fear, and mov'd with martial fame: But my chill blood is curdled in my veins; And scarce the shadow of a man remains. Oh, could I turn to that fair prime again, That prime, of which this boafter is fo vain, The brave, who this decrepid age defies, Shou'a feel my force without the promis'd prize. He faid, and rifing at the word, he threw Two pond'rous gauntlets down, in open view; Gaunt'ets, which Eryx wont in fight to wield, And fheath his hands with in the lifted field. With fear and wonder feiz'd, the crowd beholds The gloves of death, with fev'n diffir guith'd folds Of tough bulls hides; the space within is spread With iron, or with loads of heavy lead.

Dares himself was daunted at the sight,
Renounc'd his challenge, and refus'd to sight.
Astonish'd at their weight the hero stands,
And pois'd the pond'rows engines in his hands.
What had your wonder, said Entellus, been,
Had you the gauntlets of Alcides seen,
Or view'd the stern debate on this unhappy green!
These which I bear, your brother Eryx bore,
Still mark'd with batter'd brains, and mingled gore.
With these he long sustain'd th' Herculean arm;
And these I wielded while my blood was warm:
This languish'd frame, while better spirits fed,
Ere age unstrung my nerves, or time o'ersnow'd my head.

But if the challenger these arms refuse, And cannot wield their weight, or dare not use; If great Æneas and Acestes join In his request, these gauntlets I refign: Let us with equal arms perform the fight, And let him leave to fear, fince I refign my right. This faid, Entellus for the firife prepares; Strip'd off his quilted coat, his body bares: Compos'd of mighty bones and brawn he stands, A goodly tow'ring object on the fands. Then just Æneas equal arms supply'd, Which round their shoulders to their wrists they ty'd. Both on the tiptoe fland, at full extent, Their arms aloft, their bodies inly bent: Their heads from aiming blows they bear afar; With clashing gauntlets then provoke the war.

One on his youth and pliant limbs relies; One on his finews and his giant fize. The last is stiff with age, his motion flow, He heaves for breath, he staggers to and fro; And clouds of iffuing smoke his nostrils loudly blow. Yet equal in fuccess, they ward, they firike; Their ways are diff'rent, but their art alike. Before, behind, the blows are dealt; around Their hollow fides the rattling thumps refound. A ftorm of strokes, well-meant, with fury flies, And errs about their temples, ears, and eyes. Nor always errs; for oft the gauntlet draws A sweeping stroke along the crackling jaws. Heavy with age, Entellus stands his ground, But with his warping body wards the wound. His hand and watchful eye keep even pace; While Dares traverses and thifts his place. And, like a captain who beleaguers round Some strong-built castle on a rising ground, Views all th' approaches with observing eyes, This, and that other part, in vain he tries; And more on industry than force relies: With hands on high, Entellus threats the foe; But Dares watch'd the motion from below, And flip'd afide, and fhun'd the long descending blow.

Entellus wastes his forces on the wind; And thus deluded of the stroke design'd, Headlong, and heavy fell; his ample breast, And weighty limbs, his ancient mother press'd. So falls a hollow pine, that long had stood
On Ida's height, or Erymanthus wood,
Torn from the roots. The dist'ring nations rise;
And shouts, and mingled murmurs, rend the skies.
Accstes runs, with eager haste, to raise
The fall'n companion of his youthful days:
Dauntless he rose, and to the fight return'd:
With shame his glowing checks, his eyes with fury burn'd.

Diffain, and confcious virtue fir'd his breaft; And with redoubled force his foe he presid. He lays on load with either hand amain, And headlong drives the Trojan o'er the plain. Nor flops, nor flays; nor reft, nor breath allows, But florms of strokes descend about his brows; A rattling tempest, and a hail of blows. But now the prince, who faw the wild increase Of wounds, commands the combatants to ceafe: And bounds Entelius' wrath, and bids the peace. First to the Trojan, spent with toil, he came, And footh'd his forrow for the fuffer'd fhame. What fury feiz'd my friend? the gods, faid he, To him propitious, and averse to thee, Have giv'n his arm superior force to thine; 'Tis madness to contend with strength divine. The gauntlet fight thus ended, from the shore His faithful friends unhappy Dares bore; His mouth and nostrils pour'd a purple flood; And pounded teeth came rushing with his blood. Faintly he stagger'd thro' the histing throng; And hung his head, and trail'd his legs along.

The fword and casque are carry'd by his train; But with his foe the palm and ox remain.

The champion then before Aneas came,
Proud of his prize, but prouder of his fame;
O goddefs-born, and you Dardanian hoft,
Mark with attention, and forgive my boast:
Learn what I was, by what remains; and know
From what impending fate you sav'd my foe.
Sternly he spoke; and then confronts the bull;
And on his ample forehead aiming full,
The deadly stroke descending pierc'd his skull.
Down drops the beast, nor needs a second wound;
But sprawls in pangs of death, and spurns the ground.
Then thus: In Dares' stead I offer this;
Eryx, accept a nobler sacrifice:
Take the last gift my wither'd arms can yield,
Thy gauntlets I resign; and here renounce the field.

Thy gauntlets I resign; and here renounce the field.

This done, Alneas orders, for the close,
The strife of archers with contending bows.
The mast, Sergestus' shatter'd gally bore,
With his own hands, he raises on the shores
A stutt'ring dove upon the top they tie,
The living mark at which their arrows sty.
The rival archers in a line advance;
Their turn of shooting to receive from chance.
A helmet holds their names: the lots are drawn,
On the first scroll was read Hippocoon:
The people shout; upon the next was found
Young Mnessheus, late with naval honours crown'd:
The third contain'd Euritian's noble name,
Thy brother, Pandarus, and next in same;

Whom Pallas urg'd the treaty to confound, And fend among the Greeks a feather'd wound. Acestes in the bottom last remain'd: Whom not his age from youthful sports restrain'd. Soon all with vigour bend their trufty bows, And from the quiver each his arrow chose: Hippocoon's was the first: with forceful sway It flew, and, whizzing, cut the liquid way: Fix'd in the mast the feather'd weapon stands. The fearful pigeon flutters in her bands; And the tree trembled: and the shouting cries Of the pleas'd people, rend the vaulted skies. Then Mnessheus to the head his arrow drove, With lifted eyes, and took his aim above; But made a glancing shot, and mis'd the dove. Yet miss'd so narrow, that he cut the cord Which fasten'd, by the foot, the flitting bird. The captive thus releas'd, away she flies, And beats with clapping wings the yielding fkies. His bow already bent, Eurytion stood, And having first invok'd his brother god, His winged shaft with eager haste he sped; The fatal meffage reach'd her as she fled : She leaves her life aloft, the ftrikes the ground; And renders back the weapon in the wound. Acestes, grudging at his lot, remains Without a prize to gratify his pains. Yet shooting upward, sends his shaft, to show An archer's art, and boaft his twanging bow. The feather'd arrow gave a dire portent; And later augures judge from this event.

Chaf'd by the speed, it fir'd; and as it flew, A trail of following flames afcending drew: Kindling they mount, and mark the thiny way; Acrofs the fkies as falling meteors play, And vanish into wind, or in a blaze decay. The Trojans and Sicilians wildly stare: And, trembling, turn their wonder into pray'r. The Dardan prince put on a smiling face, And strain'd Acestes with a close embrace: Then hon'ring him with gifts above the reft, Turn'd the bad omen, nor his fears confess'd. The gods, said he, this miracle have wrought; And order'd you the prize without the lot. Accept this goblet rough with figur'd gold, Which Thracian Ciffeus gave my fire of old: This pledge of ancient amity receive, Which to my fecond fire I justly give. He faid, and with the trumpet's cheerful found Proclaim'd him victor, and with laurel crown'd. Nor good Eurytian envy'd him the prize; Though he transfix'd the pigeon in the skies. Who cut the line, with fecond gifts was grac'd; The third was his, whose arrow pierc'd the matt. The chief, before the games were wholly done, Call'd Periphantes, tutor to his fon; And whifper'd thus: with speed Ascanius find, And if his childish troop be ready join'd, On horseback let him grace his grandsire's day; And lead his equals arm'd in just array. Vot. II.

He faid, and calling out, the cirque he clears:
The crowd withdrawn, an open plain appears.
And now the noble youths, of form divine,
Advance before their fathers in a line:
The riders grace the steeds; the steeds with glory
shine.

Thus marching on, in military pride,
Shouts of applause resound from side to side.
Their casques, adorn'd with laurel wreaths, they wear,
Each brandishing aloft a cornel-spear.
Some at their backs their gilded quivers bore;
Their chains of burnish'd gold hung down before:
Three graceful troops they form'd upon the green;
Three graceful leaders at their head were seen;
Twelve follow'd ev'ry chief, and left a space between.

The first, young Priam led; a lovely boy,
Whose grandstre was th' unhappy king of Troy:
His race in after time was known to same,
New honour adding to the Latian name;
And well the royal boy his Thracian steed became.
White were the fetlocks of his feet before;
And on his front a snowy star he bore.
Then beauteous Atis, with Iulus bred,
Of equal age, the second squadron led.
The last in order, but the first in place,
First in the lovely features of his sace,
Rode sair Ascanius, on a fiery steed,
Queen Dido's gift, and of the Tyrian breed.

Sure coursers for the rest the king ordains, With golden bits adorn'd, and purple reins.

The pleas'd spectators peals of shouts renew; And all the parents in the children view: Their make, their motions, and their sprightly grace; And hopes and sears alternate in their face.

Th' unfledg'd commanders, and their martial train,
First make the circuit of the sandy plain,
Around their sires: and at th' appointed sign,
Drawn up in beauteous order form a line.
The second signal sounds: the troop divides
In three distinguish'd parts, with three distinguish'd
guides.

Again they close, and once again disjoin, In troop to troop oppos'd, and line to line. They meet, they wheel, they throw their darts afar, With harmless rage, and well-dissembled war. Then in a round the mingled bodies run; Flying they follow, and purfuing fhun. Broken they break, and rallying they renew In other forms the military shew. At laft, in order, undifcern'd they join; And march together in a friendly line. And, as the Cretan labyrinth of old, With wand'ring ways, and many a winding fold, Involv'd the weary feet, without redress, In a round error, which deny'd recess; So fought the Trojan boys in warlike play, Turn'd, and return'd, and fiill a diff'rent way.

Q 2

Thus dolphins, in the deep, each other chase, In circles, when they fwim around the watry race. This game, these caroufals Ascanius taught: And, building Alba, to the Latins brought. Shew'd what he learn'd: the Latin fires impart To their succeeding sons the graceful art: From these imperial Rome receiv'd the game; Which Troy, the youths the Trojan troop, they name. Thus far the facred sports they celebrate; But fortune foon refum'd her ancient hate. For while they pay the dead his annual dues, Those envy'd rites Saturnian Juno views; And fends the goddess of the various bow, To try new methods of revenge below: Supplies the winds to wing her airy way, Where in the port fecure the navy lay. Swiftly fair Iris down her arch descends; And undifcern'd her fatal voyage ends. She faw the gath'ring crowd; and gliding thence, The defert shore, and fleet without defence. The Trojan matrons on the fands alone, With fighs and tears Anchifes' death bemoan. Then, turning to the fea their weeping eyes, Their pity to themselves renews their cries. Alas! faid one, what oceans yet remain For us to fail; what labours to fustain! All take the word; and, with a gen'ral groan, Implore the gods for peace; and places of their own. The goddess, great in mischief, views their pains; And in a woman's form her heav'nly limbs restrains. In face and shape, old Beroe she became, Dorichus' wife, a venerable dame; Once bless'd with riches, and a mother's name. Thus chang'd, amidst the crying crowd she ran, Mix'd with the matrons, and these words began. O wretched we, whom not the Grecian pow'r, Nor flames destroy'd, in Troy's unhappy hour! O wretched we, referv'd by cruel fate, Beyond the ruins of the finking state! Now fev'n revolving years are wholly run, Since this improsp'rous voyage we begun: Since tofs'd from shores to shores, from lands to lands, Inhospitable rocks, and barren sands; Wand'ring in exile, through the stormy sea, We fearch in vain for flying Italy. Now cast by fortune on this kindred land, What shou'd our rest, and rising walls withstand; Or hinder here to fix our banish'd band? O, country loft, and gods redeem'd in vain, If still in endless exile we remain! Shall we no more the Trojan walls renew, Or streams of some diffembled Simois view! Hafte, join with me, th' unhappy fleet consume: Caffandra bids, and I declare her doom. In fleep I faw her; the fupply'd my hands (For this I more than dreamt) with flaming brands: With thefe, faid fhe, thefe wand'ring thips deftroy; These are your fatal feats, and this your Troy: Time calls you now, the precious hour employ.

Slack not the good presage, while heav'n inspires Our minds to dare, and gives the ready fires. See Neptune's altars minister their brands; The god is pleas'd; the god supplies our hands. Then, from the pile, a flaming fire the drew, And, tofs'd in air, amidft the gallies threw. Wrapp'd in amaze, the matrons wildly flare: Then Pyrgo, reverenc'd for her hoary hair, Pyrgo, the nurse of Priam's num'rous race; No Beroe this, tho' fhe belies her face: What terrors from her frowning front arise; Behold a goddess in her ardent eyes! What rays around her heav'nly face are feen, Mark her majestic voice, and more than mortal mien! Beroe but now I left; whom, pin'd with pain, Her age and anguish from these rites detain. She faid; the matrons, feiz'd with new amaze, Roll their malignant eyes, and on the navy gaze: They fear, and hope, and neither part obey; They hope the fated land, but fear the fatal way. The goddess, having done her task below, Mounts upon equal wings, and bends her painted bow. Struck with the fight, and fciz'd with rage divine, The matrons profecute their mad delign: They shriek aloud, they fnatch, with impious hands, The food of altars, fires, and flaming brands. Green boughs, and faplings, mingled in their hafte; And smoking torches on the ships they cast. The flame, unflopp'd at first, more fury gains; And Vulcan rides at large with loofen'd reins:

Triumphant to the painted sterns he soars, And feizes in his way the banks and crackling oars. Eumelus was the first the news to bear, While yet they crowd the rural theatre. Then what they hear is witness'd by their eyes; A storm of sparkles and of slames arise. Ascanius took th' alarm, while yet he led His early warriors on his prancing steed. And, spurring on, his equals soon o'erpass'd, Nor cou'd his frighted friends reclaim his hafte. Soon as the royal youth appear'd in view, He sent his voice before him as he flew; What madness moves you, matrons, to destroy The last remainders of unhappy Troy! Not hoslile fleets, but your own hopes you burn, And on your friends your fatal fury turn. Behold your own Ascanius: while he faid, He drew his glitt'ring helmet from his head; In which the youths to sportful arms he led. By this, Aneas and his train appear; And now the women, seiz'd with shame and fear, Dispers'd, to woods and caverns take their flight; Abhor their actions, and avoid the light: Their friends acknowledge, and their error find; And shake the goddess from their alter'd mind.

Not fo the raging fires their fury cease; But lurking in the seams, with seeming peace, Work on their way amid the smould'ring tow, Sure in destruction, but in motion slow. The filent plague thro' the green timber eats, And vomits out a tardy flame by fits. Down to the keels, and upward to the fails, The fire descends, or mounts; but still prevails: Nor buckets pour'd, nor strength of human hand, Can the victorious element withstand.

The pious hero rends his robe, and throws To heav'n his hands, and with his hands his yows: O Jove, he cry'd, if pray'rs can yet have place; If thou abhorr'st not all the Dardan race; If any spark of pity still remain; If gods are gods, and not invok'd in vain; Yet spare the relics of the Trojan train. Yet from the flames our burning vessels free: Or let thy fury fall alone on me. At this devoted head thy thunder throw, And fend the willing facrifice below.

Scarce had he faid, when fouthern storms arise, From pole to pole the forky lightning flies; Loud rattling shakes the mountains and the plain: Heav'n bellies downward, and descends in rain. Whole sheets of water from the clouds are sent, Which histing thro' the planks, the sames prevent: And stop the fiery pest: four ships alone Burn to the waste; and for the fleet atone.

But doubtful thoughts the hero's heart divide; If he should still in Sicily reside, Forgetful of his fates; or tempt the main, In hope the promis'd Italy to gain,

Then Nautes, old and wife, to whom alone The will of heav'n by Pallas was foreshown; Vers'd in portents, experienc'd and inspir'd, To tell events, and what the fates requir'd: Thus while he flood, to neither part inclin'd, With cheerful words reliev'd his lab'ring mind. O goddess-born, resign'd in ey'ry state, With patience bear, with prudence push your fate. By fuff'ring well, our fortune we fubduc; Fly when the frowns, and when the calls purfue, Your friend Acestes is of Trojan kind, To him disclose the secrets of your mind: Trust in his hands your old and useless train, Too num'rous for the thips that yet remain: The feeble, old, indulgent of their cafe, The dames who dread the dangers of the feas, With all the dastard crew, who dare not stand The shock of battle with your foes by land; Here you may build a common town for all; And, from Acestes' name, Acesta call. The reasons, with his friend's experience join'd, Encourag'd much, but more diffurb'd his mind. 'Twas dead of night; when to his flumb'ring eyes, His father's shade descended from the skies; And thus he spoke: O more than vital breath, Lov'd while I liv'd, and dear ev'n after death; O fon, in various toils and troubles toft, The king of heav'n employs my careful ghost On his commands: the god who fav'd from fire Your flaming fleet, and heard your just defire:

The wholfome counsel of your friend receive; And here the coward train, and women leave: The chosen youth, and those who nobly dare, Transport; to tempt the dangers of the war. The stern Italians will their courage try; Rough are their manners, and their minds are high. But first to Pluto's palace you shall go, And feek my shade among the blest below. For not with impious ghofts my foul remains, Nor fuffers, with the damn'd, perpetual pains, But breathes the living air of foft Elyfian plains. The chafte Sibylla shall your steps convey. And blood of offer'd victims free the way. There shall you know what realms the gods assign; And learn the fates and fortunes of your line. But now, farewel, I vanish with the night; And feel the blaft of heav'n's approaching light: He faid, and mix'd with thades, and took his airy flight.

Whither so fast, the filial duty cry'd,
And why, ah why, the wish'd embrace deny'd!
He said, and rose: as holy zeal inspires
He rakes hot embers, and renews the fires.
His country gods and Vesta then adores
With cakes and incense, and their aid implores.
Next for his friends, and royal host he sent,
Reveal'd his vision and the gods intent,
With his own purpose: all without delay
The will of Jove, and his desires obey,

They lift with women each degen'rate name, Who dares not hazard life for future fame. These they cashier; the brave remaining few, Oars, banks, and cables half confum'd renew. The prince designs a city with the plough; The lots their fev'ral tenements allow. This part is nam'd from Ilium, that from Troy; And the new king ascends the throne with joy. A chosen senate from the people draws; Appoints the judges, and ordains the laws. Then on the top of Eryx they begin A rifing temple to the Paphian queen: Anchifes, laft, is bonour'd as a god, A priest is added, annual gifts bestow'd; And groves are planted round his bleft abode. Nine days they pass in feasts, their temples crown'd; And fumes of incense in the fanes abound. Then, from the fouth arose a gentle breeze, That curl'd the smoothness of the glassy seas: The rifing winds a ruffling gale afford, And call the merry mariners aboard.

Now loud laments along the shores resound,
Of parting friends in close embraces bound.
The trembling women, the degen'rate train,
Who shunn'd the frightful dangers of the main;
Ev'n those desire to fail, and take their share
Of the rough passage, and the promis'd war.
Whom good Æneas cheers, and recommends
To their new master's care, his fearful friends.

On Eryx altars three fat calves he lays;
A lamb new fallen to the stormy seas;
Then slips his haulsers, and his anchors weighs.
High on the deck the godlike hero stands;
With olive crown'd; a charger in his hands;
Then cast the reeking entrails in the brine,
And pour'd the sacrifice of purple wine.
Fresh gales arise, with equal strokes they vie,
And brush the buxom seas, and o'er the billows sly.

Meantime the mother-goddess, full of fears, To Neptune thus address'd, with tender tears. The pride of Jove's imperious queen, the rage, The malice which no fuff'rings can affwage, Compel me to these pray'rs : since neither fate, Nor time, nor pity, can remove her hate. Ev'n Jove is thwarted by his haughty wife; Still vanquish'd, yet she still renews the strife. As if 'twere little to confume the town Which aw'd the world, and wore th' imperial crown; She profecutes the ghost of Troy with pains; And gnaws, ev'n to the bones, the last remains. Let her the causes of her hatred tell, But you can witness it's effects too well. You faw the storms she rais'd on Libyan floods, That mix'd the mounting billows with the clouds: When, bribing Alolus, the thook the main; And mov'd rebellion in your watry reign. With fury she posses'd the Dardan dames To burn their fleet with execrable flames :

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And forc'd Æneas, when his ships were lost, To leave his foll'wers on a foreign coast. For what remains your godhead I implore; And trust my son to your protecting pow'r. If neither Jove's, nor fate's decree withstand, Secure his passage to the Latian land.

Then thus the mighty ruler of the main: What may not Venus hope from Neptune's reign? My kingdom claims your birth: my late defence Of your endanger'd fleet may claim your confidence. Nor less by land than sea, my deeds declare How much your lov'd Æneas is my care. Thee, Xanthus, and thee Simois, I attest: Your Trojan troops, when proud Achilles press'd. .And drove before him headlong on the plain, And dash'd against their walls the trembling train, When floods were fill'd with bodies of the flain: When crimfon Xanthus, doubtful of his way, Stood up on ridges to behold the sea: New heaps came tumbling in, and chok'd his way:) When your Aneas fought, but fought with odds Of force unequal, and unequal gods; I spread a cloud before the victor's fight, Sustain'd the vanquish'd, and secur'd his slight. Ev'n then secur'd him, when I sought with joy The vow'd destruction of ungrateful Troy. My will's the same: fair-goddess fear no more, Your fleet shall fafely gain the Latian shore: Their lives are giv'n; one destin'd head alone Shall perish, and for multitudes atone.

Thus having arm'd with hopes her anxious mind, His finny team Saturnian Neptune join'd. Then adds the foamy bridle to their jaws, And to the loofen'd reins permits the laws. High on the waves his azure car he guides, Its axles thunder, and the sea subsides; And the smooth ocean rolls her silent tides. The tempests sy before their father's face, Trains of inferior gods his triumph grace; And monster whales before their master play, And quires of tritons crowd the watry way. The marshall'd pow'rs in equal troops divide To right and left: the gods his better side Inclose, and on the worse the nymphs and nereids ride.

Now smiling hope, with sweet vicissitude,
Within the hero's mind his joys renew'd.
He calls to raise the masts, the sheets display,
The cheerful crew with diligence obey;
They scud before the wind, and sail in open sea.
Ahead of all the master pilot steers,
And as he leads, the foll'wing navy veers.
The steeds of night had travell'd half the sky,
The drowfy rowers on their benches lie;
When the soft god of sleep, with easy slight,
Descends, and draws behind a trail of light.
Thou, Palinurus, art his destin'd prey;
To thee alone he takes his fatal way.
Dire dreams to thee, and iron sleep he bears;
And lighting on thy prow, the form of Phorbas wears.

Then thus the traitor god began his tale: The winds, my friend, inspire a pleasing gale; The ships, without thy care, securely fail. Now steal an hour of sweet repose, and I Will take the rudder, and thy room supply. To whom the yawning pilot, half afleep: Me dost thou bid to trust the treach'rous deep! The harlot-smiles of her dissembling face, And to her faith commit the Trojan race? Shall I believe the firen fouth again, And, oft betray'd, not know the monster main? He faid; his fasten'd hands the rudder keep, And, fix'd on heav'n, his eyes repel invading fleep. The god was wroth, and at his temples threw A branch in Lethe dipp'd, and drunk with Stygian dew: The pilot, vanquish'd by the pow'r divine, Soon clos'd his fwimming eyes, and lay supine. Scarce were his limbs extended at their length, The god, infulting with superior strength, Fell heavy on him, plung'd him in the fea, And, with the stern, the rudder tore away. Headlong he fell, and, struggling in the main, Cry'd out for helping hands, but cry'd in vain: The victor damon mounts obscure in air; While the ship fails without the pilot's care. On Neptune's faith the floating fleet relies: But what the man forfook, the god fupplies; And o'er the dang'rous deep secure the navy flies. Glides by the firen's cliffs, a shelvy coast, Long infamous for ships and failors lost;

And white with bones: th' impetuous ocean roars;
And rocks rebellow from the founding shores.
The watchful hero felt the knocks; and found
The tossing vessel sail'd on shoaly ground.
Sure of his pilot's loss, he takes himself
The helm, and steers aloof, and shuns the shelf.
Inly he griev'd, and groaning from the breast,
Deplor'd his death; and thus his pain express'd;
For faith repos'd on seas, and on the statt'ring sty,
Thy naked corps is doom'd on shores unknown to ly.

VIRGIL'S ÆNEIS. BOOK VI.

THE ARGUMENT.

THE Sibyl forctels Aneas the adventures he should meet with in Italy. She attends him to hell: deferibing to him the various scenes of that place, and conducting him to his father Anchises. Who instructs him in those sublime mysteries of the soul of the world, and the transmigration: and shews him that glorious race of heroes which was to descend from him and his posterity.

THE SIXTH BOOK

OF THE

Æ N E I S.

HE faid, and wept: then spread his fails before The winds, and reach'd at length the Cuman shore:

Their anchors dropp'd, his crew the veffels moor. They turn their heads to fea, their flerns to land: And greet with greedy joy th' Italian strand. Some frike from clashing flints their fiery feed: Some gather flicks the kindled flames to feed: Or fearch for hollow trees, and fell the woods. Or trace through vallies the discover'd floods. Thus, while their fev'ral charges they fulfil, The pious prince afcends the facred hill Where Phæbus is ador'd; and feeks the shade. Which hides from fight his venerable maid. Deep in a cave the Sibyl makes abode; Thence full of fate returns, and of the god. Thro' Trivia's grove they walk; and now behold, And enter now the temple roof'd with gold. When Dædalus, to fly the Cretan shore, His heavy limbs on jointed pinions bore,

(The first who fail'd in air), 'tis fung by Fame, To the Cumæan coast at length he came; And, here alighting, built this coftly frame, Inscrib'd to Phæbus, here he hung on high The steerage of his wings, that cut the sky; Then o'er the lofty gate his art emboss'd Androgeos' death, and off'rings to his ghoft: Sev'n youths from Athens yearly fent, to meet The fate appointed by revengeful Crete. And next to those the dreadful urn was plac'd. In which the destin'd names by lots were cast: The mournful parents stand around in tears; And rifing Crete against their shore appears. There too, in living sculpture, might be seen The mad affection of the Cretan queen: Then how she cheats her bell'wing lover's eye: The rushing leap, the doubtful progeny, The lower part a beaft, a man above, The monument of their polluted love. Nor far from thence he grav'd the wond'rous maze; A thousand doors, a thousand winding ways; Here dwells the monster, hid from human view, Not to be found but by the faithful clue: Till the kind artist, mov'd with pious grief, Lent to the loving maid this last relief; And all those erring paths describ'd so well, That Theseus conquer'd, and the monster fell. Here hapless Icarus had found his part; Had not the father's grief restrain'd his art. He twice effay'd to cast his son in gold; Twice from his hands he dropp'd the forming mould.

All this with wond'ring eyes Æneas view'd: Each varying object his delight renew'd. Eager to read the reft, Achates came, And by his fide the mad divining dame: The priestess of the god, Deiphobe her name. Time fuffers not, the faid, to feed your eyes With empty pleasures: haste the sacrifice. Sev'n bullocks, yet unyok'd, for Phæbus chufe, And for Diana fev'n unspotted ewes. This faid, the fervants urge their facred rites; While to the temple the the prince invites. A spacious cave, within its farmost part, Was hew'd and fashion'd by laborious art, Thro' the hill's hollow fides: before the place A hundred doors a hundred entries grace: As many voices iffue; and the found Of Sibyl's words as many times rebound. Now to the mouth they come: aloud the cries, This is the time, enquire your definies. He comes, behold the god! Thus while the faid, (And fhiv'ring at the facred entry flaid), Her colour chang'd, her face was not the fame, And hollow groans from her deep spirit came. Her hair stood up; convultive rage possess'd Her trembling lin.bs, and heav'd her lab'ring breaft. Greater than human kind she seem'd to look; And with an accent more than mortal froke. Her flaring eyes with sparkling fury roll; When all the god came rushing on her foul. Swiftly she turn'd, and foaming as she spoke, Why this delay? fhe cry'd; the pow'rs invoke.

Thy pray'rs alone can open this abode, Else vain are my demands, and dumb the god. She faid no more: the trembling Trojans hear; O'er-spread with a damp sweat, and boly fear. The prince himself, with awful dread posses'd, His vows to great Apollo thus address'd. Indulgent god, propitious pow'r to Troy, Swift to relieve, unwilling to deflroy; Directed by whose hand, the Dardan dart Pierc'd the proud Grecian's only mortal part: Thus far, by fate's decrees and thy commands, Thro' ambient seas and thro' devouring sands, Our exil'd crew has fought th' Aufonian ground: And now, at length, the flying coast is found; Thus far the fate of Troy, from place to place, With fury has purfu'd her wand'ring race: Here cease, ye pow'rs, and let your vengeance end, Troy is no more, and can no more offend. And thou, O facred maid, inspir'd to fee Th' event of things in dark futurity, Give me, what heav'n has promis'd to my fate, To conquer and command the Latian state: To fix my wand'ring gods, and find a place For the long exiles of the Trojan race. Then shall my grateful hands a temple rear To the twin gods, with vows and folemn pray'r; And annual rites, and festivals, and games, Shall be perform'd to their auspicious names. Nor shalt thou want thy honours in my land, For there thy faithful oracles shall stand,

Preferv'd in shrines: and ev'ry sacred lay, Which, by thy mouth, Apollo shall convey. All shall be treasur'd, by a chosen train Of holy priests, and ever shall remain. But, Oh! commit not thy prophetic mind To slitting leaves, the sport of ev'ry wind: Lest they disperse in air our empty fate: Write not, but what the pow'rs ordain relate.

Struggling in vain, impatient of her load,
And lab'ring underneath the pond'rous god,
The more she strove to shake him from her breast,
With more and far superior force he press'd:
Commands his entrance, and, without controul,
Usurps her organs, and inspires her soul.
Now, with a surious blast, the hundred doors
Ope of themselves; a rushing whiriwind roars
Within the cave; and Sibyl's voice restores.

Escap'd the dangers of the watry reign,
Yet more and greater ills by land remain.
The coast so long desir'd (nor doubt th' event)
Thy troops shall reach; but, having reach'd, repent.
Wars, horrid wars, I view; a sield of blood;
And Tyber rolling with a purple flood.
Simois nor Xanthus shall be wanting there;
A new Achilles shall in arms appear:
And he, too, goddess-born: sierce Juno's hate
Added to hostile force, shall urge thy fate.
To what strange nations shalt not thou resort!
Driv'n to solicit aid at ev'ry court!
The cause the same which llium once oppress'd,
A foreign mistress, and a foreign guest:

But thou, secure of soul, unbent with woes, The more thy fortune frowns, the more oppose. The dawnings of thy safety shall be shown, From whence thou least shalt hope a Grecian town.

Thus from the dark recess the Sibyl spoke, And the refifting air the thunder broke; The cave rebellow'd, and the temple shook. Th' ambiguous god, who rul'd her lab'ring breaft, In these mysterious words his mind exprest; Some truths reveal'd, in terms involv'd the reft. At length her fury fell, her foaming ceas'd; And, ebbing in her foul, the god decreas'd. Then thus the chief: No terror to my view, No frightful face of danger can be new. Inur'd to fuffer, and refolv'd to dare, The fates without my pow'r shall be without my care. This let me crave, fince near your grove the road To hell lies open, and the dark abode Which Acheron furrounds, th' innavigable flood: Conduct me through the regions void of light, And lead me longing to my father's fight. For him, a thousand dangers I have sought; And, rushing where the thickest Grecians fought, Safe on my back the facred burden brought. He, for my fake, the raging ocean try'd, And wrath of heav'n; my still auspicious guide, And bore beyond the strength decrepid age supply'd.

Oft face he breath'd his last, in dead of night, His rev'rend image stood before my fight; Enjoin'd to feek below his holy shade;
Conducted there by your unerring aid.
But you, if pious minds by pray'rs are won,
Oblige the father, and protect the son.
Yours is the pow'r; nor Proserpine in vain
Has made you priestess of her nightly reign.
If Orpheus, arm'd with his enchanting lyre,
The ruthless king with pity cou'd inspire;
And from the shades below redeem his wife:
If Pollux, off'ring his alternate life,
Cou'd free his brother; and can daily go
By turns aloft, by turns descend below:
Why name I Theseus, or his greater friend,
Who trod the downward path, and upward cou'd
ascend!

Not less than theirs, from Jove my lineage came:
My mother greater, my descent the same.
So pray'd the Trojan prince; and, while he pray'd,
His hand upon the holy altar laid.
Then thus reply'd the prophetes divine:
O goddes-born! of great Anchises' line;
The gates of hell are open night and day:
Smooth the descent, and easy is the way:
But to return, and view the cheerful skies;
In this the task and mighty labour lies.
To sew great Jupiter imparts this grace;
And those of shining worth, and heav'nly race.
Betwixt those regions, and our upper light,
Deep forests, and impenetrable night,
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Posses the middle space: th' insernal bounds Cocytus, with his fable waves, furrounds. But if so dire a love your soul invades, As twice below to view the trembling shades; If you fo hard a toil will undertake, As twice to pass th' innavigable lake; Receive my counsel. In the neighb'ring grove There stands a tree: the queen of Stygian Jove Claims it her own; thick woods, and gloomy night, Conceal the happy plant from human fight. One bough it bears; but, wond'rous to behold, The ductile rind and leaves of radiant gold: This from the vulgar branches must be torn, And to fair Profergine the present borne; Ere leave be giv'n to tempt the nether fkies: The first thus rent, a second will arise; And the same metal the same room supplies. Look round the wood, with lifted eyes, to fee The lurking gold upon the fatal tree: Then rend it off, as holy rites command; The willing metal will obey thy hand, Following with eafe, if, favour'd by thy fate, Thou art foredoom'd to view the Stygian flate: If not, no labour can the tree confrain; And strength of Rubborn arms, and fleel, are vain. Befides, you know not, while you here attend, Th' unworthy fate of your unhappy friend: Breathless he lies; and his unbury'd ghost, Depriv'd of fun'ral rites, poliutes your hoft.

Pay first his pious dues; and, for the dead, Two fable fleep around his herfe be led. Then, living turfs upon his body lay; This done, fecurely take the deftin'd way, To find the regions deflitute of day. She faid; and held her peace. A neas went Sad from the cave, and full of discontent; Unknowing whom the facred Sibyl meant. Achates, the companion of his breaft, Goes grieving by his fide, with equal cares opprest. Walking they talk'd, and fruitlefsly divin'd What friend the priestess by those words design'd. But foon they found an object to deplore: Misenus lay extended on the shore. Son of the god of winds; none fo renown'd, The warrior trumpet in the field to found: With breathing brafs to kindle fierce alarms: And rouse to dare their fate in honourable arms. He ferv'd great Hector; and was ever near, Not with his trumpet only, but his spear. But, by Pelides' arm when Hector fell, He chose Alneas, and he chose as well. Swoln with applause, and aiming fill at more, He now provokes the fea-gods from the flore; With envy Triton heard the martial found, And the bold champion, for his challenge, drown'd. Then cast his mangled carcase on the strand: The gazing crowd around the body stand. All weep, but most Aineas mourns his fate; And hastens to perform the fun'ral state.

In altar-wife, a flately pile they rear; The basis broad below, and top advanc'd in air. An ancient wood, fit for the work defign'd, (The shady covert of the salvage kind), The Trojans found: the founding ax is ply'd: Firs, pines, and pitch-trees, and the tow'ring pride Of forest ashes, feel the fatal stroke: And piercing wedges cleave the stubborn oak. Huge trunks of trees, fell'd from the fleepy crown Of the bare mountains, roll with ruin down. Arm'd like the rest the Trojan prince appears: And by his pious labour urges theirs. Thus while he wrought, revolving in his mind The ways to compass what his wish design'd, He cast his eyes upon the gloomy grove; And then with vows implor'd the queen of love. O may thy pow'r, propitious still to me, Conduct my steps to find the fatal tree, In this deep forest; fince the Sibyl's breath Foretold, alas! too true, Misenus' death. Scarce had he faid, when full before his fight Two doves, descending from their airy flight, Secure upon the graffy plain alight. He knew his mother's birds; and thus he pray'd: Be you my guides, with your auspicious aid; And lead my footsteps till the branch be found, Whose glitt'ring shadow gilds the facred ground: And thou, great parent! with celefial care, In this diffress be present to my pray'r.

Thus having faid, he stopp'd; with watchful fight
Observing still the motions of their slight,
What course they took, what happy signs they shew.
They fed, and sutt'ring by degrees, withdrew
Still farther from the place; but still in view.
Hopping and slying, thus they led him on
To the slow lake; whose baleful stench to shun,
They wing'd their slight alost; then, stooping low,
Perch'd on the double tree that bears the golden
bough.

Thro' the green leafs the glitt'ring shadows glow : As on the facred oak the wintry mifleto: Where the proud mother views her precious brood: And happier branches, which she never sow'd. Such was the glitt'ring; fuch the ruddy rind, And dancing leaves, that wanton'd in the wind. He feiz'd the shining bough with griping hold; And rent away, with ease, the ling'ring gold. Then to the Sibyl's palace bore the prize. Meantime the Trojan troops, with weeping eyes, To dead Misenus pay his obsequies. First, from the ground a lofty pile they rear, Of pitch-trees, oaks, and pines, and uncluous fir: The fabric's front with cypress twigs they strew, And flick the fides with boughs of baleful yew. The topmost part his glitt'ring arms adorn; Warm waters then, in brazen caldrons borne, Are pour'd to wash his body, joint by joint; And fragrant oils the stiffen'd limbs anoint,

With groans and cries Misenus they deplore;
Then on a bier, with purple cover'd o'er,
The breathless body, thus bewail'd, they lay;
And fire the pile, their faces turn'd away:
(Such rev'rend rites their fathers us'd to pay).
Pure oil, and incense, on the fire they throw;
And fat of victims, which his friends below.
These gifts the greedy slames to dust devour;
Then on the living coals red wine they pour:
And, last, the relies by themselves dispose;
Which in a brazen urn the priests inclose.
Old Chorineus compass'd thrice the crew;
And dipp'd an olive branch in holy dew;
Which thrice he sprinkled round; and thrice aloud Invok'd the dead, and then dismiss'd the crowd.

But good Aneas order'd on the shore
A stately tomb; whose top a trumpet bore:
A soldier's fauchion, and a seaman's oar.
Thus was his friend interr'd; and deathless same
Still to the lefty cape configns his name.

These rites perform'd, the prince, without delay, Hastes to the nether world, his destin'd way. Deep was the cave; and downward as it went From the wide mouth, a rocky rough descent. And here th' access a gloomy grove desends; And there th' unnavigable lake extends. O'er whose unhappy waters, void of light, No bird presumes to steer his airy slight; Such deadly stenches from the depth arise, And streaming sulphur, that infects the skies.

From hence the Grecian bards their legends make, And give the name Avernus to the lake. Four fable bullocks, in the yoke untaught, For facrifice the rious hero brought. The priestess pours the wine betwixt their horns: Then cuts the curling hair; that first oblation burns, Invoking Hecate hither to repair; (A pow'rful name in hell and upper air). The facred prief's with ready knives bereave The beafts of life, and in full bowls receive The streaming blood: a lamb to hell and night (The fable wool without a fireak of white) Aneas offers: and, by fate's dccree, A barren heifer, Proferpine, to thee. With holocaufts he Pluto's altar fills; Sev'n brawny bulls with his own hand he kills : Then on the broiling entrails oil he pours: Which, ointed thus, the raging flame devours ; Late the nocturnal facrifice begun; Nor ended till the next returning fun. Then earth began to bellow, trees to dance, And howling dogs in glimm'ring light advance, Ere Hecate came: Far hence be fouls profane, The Sibyl cry'd, and from the grove abstain. Now, Trojan, take the way thy fates afford: Assume thy courage, and unsheath thy sword. She faid, and pass'd along the gloomy space: The prince pursu'd her steps with equal pace. Ye realms, yet unreveal'd to human fight,

Ye gods, who rule the regions of the night;

Ye gliding ghosts, permit me to relate The mystic wonders of your silent state.

Obscure they went thro' dreary shades, that led Along the waste dominions of the dead:
Thus wander travellers in woods by night,
By the moon's doubtful and malignant light:
When Jove in dusky clouds involves the skies,
And the faint crescent shoots by sits before their eyes.

Just in the gate, and in the jaws of hel!, Revengeful cares, and fullen forrows dwell; And pale difeases, and repining age; Want, fear, and famine's unrefifted rage : Here toils, and death, and death's half brother, fleep, Forms terrible to view, their centry keep: With anxious pleasures of a guilty mind, Deep frauds before, and open force behind: The furies' iron beds; and ftrife, that shakes Her hiffing treffes, and unfolds her fnakes. Full in the midft of this infernal road, An elm displays her dusky arms abroad : The god of fleep there hides his heavy head: And empty dreams on ev'ry leaf are spread. Of various forms unnumber'd fp (tres more; Centaurs, and double shapes, besiege the door: Before the passage horrid hydra stands, And Briareus with all his hundred hands; Gorgons, Geryon with his triple frame; And vain Chimæra vomits emrty flame. The chief unsheath'd his shining steel, prepar'd, Tho' feiz'd with fudden fear, to force the guard;

Off'ring his brandish'd weapon at their face; Had not the Sibyl flopp'd his eager pace, And told him what those empty phantoms were; Forms without bodies, and impaffive air. Hence to deep Acheron they take their way: Whose troubled eddies, thick with coze and clay, Are whirl'd aloft, and in Cocytus loft: There Charon stands, who rules the dreary coast: A fordid god: down from his hoary chin A length of beard descends; uncomb'd, unclean: His eyes, like hollow furnaces on fire; A girdle, foul with greafe, binds his obscene attire. He spreads his canvas, with his pole he fleers; The freights of flitting ghosts in his thin bottom bears. He look'd in years; yet in his years were feen A youthful vigour, and autumnal green. An airy crowd came rushing where he stood, Which fill'd the margin of the fatal flood. Husbands and wives, boys and unmarry'd maids, And mighty heroes' more majestic shades; And youths, entomb'd before their father's eyes, With hollow groans, and fhricks, and feeble cries: Thick as the leaves in autumn strow the woods: Or fowls, by winter forc'd, forfake the floods, And wing their hafty flight to happier lands : Such, and fo thick, the thiv'ring army flands; And press for passage with extended hands.

Now these, now those, the furly boatman bore: The rest he drove to distance from the shore. The hero, who beheld with wond'ring eyes The tumult, mix'd with fhricks, laments, and cries; Ask'd of his guide, what the rude concourse meant? Why to the shore the thronging people bent? What forms of law among the ghofts were us'd? Why some were ferry'd o'er, and some refus'd? Son of Anchifes, offspring of the gods, The Sibyl faid, you fee the Stygian floods, The facred stream, which heav'n's imperial state Attests in oaths, and fears to violate. The ghosts rejected, are th' unhappy crew Depriv'd of sepulchres, and fun'ral due. The boatman, Charon; those, the bury'd hoff, He ferries over to the farther coaft. Nor dares his transport vessel cross the waves, With fuch whose bones are not compos'd in graves. A hundred years they wander on the shore, At length, their penance done, are wafted o'er. The Trojan chief his forward pace repress'd; Revolving anxious thoughts within his breaft. He faw his friends, who, whelm'd beneath the waves, Their fun'ral honours claim'd, and ask'd their quiet graves.

The lost Leucaspis in the crowd he knew,
And the brave leader of the Lycian crew:
Whom, on the Tyrrhene seas, the tempests met;
The sailors master'd, and the ship o'erset.
Amidst the spirits Palinurus press'd;
Yet fresh from life; a new admitted guest.

Who while he seering view'd the slars, and bore His course from Afric to the Latian shore, Fell headlong down. The Trojan fix'd his view. And fearcely thro' the gloom the fullen shadow knew. Then thus the prince. What envious pow'r, O friend, Brought your lov'd life to this difast'rous end? For Phæbus, ever true in all he faid, Has, in your fate alone, my faith betray'd. The god foretold you should not die, before You reach'd, secure from seas, th' Italian shore. Is this th' unerring pow'r? The ghost reply'd, Nor Phæbus flatter'd, nor his answers ly'd; Nor envious gods have fent me to the deep: But while the flars, and course of heav'n I keep, My weary'd eyes were seiz'd with fatal sleep. I fell; and with my weight the helm constrain'd Was drawn along, which yet my gripe retain'd. Now, by the winds and raging waves, I fwear, Your fafety, more than mine, was then my care: Left, of the guide bereft, the rudder loft, Your ship shou'd run against the rocky coast. Three bluft'ring nights, borne by the fouthern blaft, I floated; and discover'd land at last: High on a mountain wave my head I bore; Forcing my strength, and gath'ring to the shore; Panting, but past the danger, now I seiz'd The craggy cliffs, and my tir'd members eas'd. While cumber'd with my dripping clothes I lay, The cruel nation, covetous of prey,

Stain'd with my blood th' unhospitable coast;
And now by winds and waves my lifeless limbs are
tost:

Which O avert, by yon ethereal light Which I have loft, for this eternal night: Or if by dearer ties you may be won, By your dead fire, and by your living fon, Redeem from this reproach my wand'ring ghost : Or with your navy feek the Velin coaft : And in a peaceful grave my corpse compose: Or, if a nearer way your mother shows, Without whose aid you durst not undertake This frightful passage o'er the Stygian lake; Lend to this wretch your hand, and waft him o'er To the fweet banks of yon forbidden shore. Scarce had he faid, the prophetes began; What hopes delude thee, miserable man? Thinkst thou thus unintomb'd to cross the floods, To view the furies, and infernal gods; And visit, without leave, the dark abodes? Attend the term of long revolving years: Fate, and the dooming gods, are deaf to tears. This comfort of thy dire misfortune take; The wrath of heav'n, inflicted for thy fake, With vengeance shall pursue th' inhuman coast, Till they propitiate thy offended ghoft, And raise a tomb, with vows and solemn pray'r; And Palinurus' name the place shall bear. This calm'd his cares: footh'd with his future fame: And pleas'd to hear his propagated name.

Now nearer to the Stygian lake they draw; Whom from the shore the furly boatman faw: Observ'd their passage thro' the shady wood, And mark'd their near approaches to the flood; Then thus he call'd aloud, inflam'd with wrath, Mortal, whate'er, who this forbidden path In arms presum'it to tread, I charge thee stand, And tell thy name, and bus'ness in the land. Know this, the realm of night, the Stygian shore; My boat conveys no living bodies o'er: Nor was I pleas'd great Thefeus once to bear, Who forc'd a passage with his pointed spear; Nor strong Alcides, men of mighty fame; And from th' immortal gods their lineage came. In fetters one the barking porter ty'd, And took him trembling from his fov'reign's fide: Two fought by force to feize his beauteous bride. To whom the Sibyl thus: Compose thy mind; Nor frauds are here contriv'd, nor force defign'd. Still may the dog the wand'ring troops constrain Of airy ghofts, and vex the guilty train; And with her grifly lord his lovely queen remain. The Trojan chief, whose lineage is from Jove, Much fam'd for arms, and more for filial love, Is fent to feek his fire in your Elyfian grove. If neither piety, nor heav'n's command, Can gain his passage to the Stygian strand, This fatal present inail prevail, at least; Then shew'd the shining bough, conceal'd within her veft.

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No more was needful: for the gloomy god Stood mute with awe, to fee the golden rod: Admir'd the deftin'd off'ring to his queen ; (A venerable gift fo rarely feen). His fury thus appear'd, he puts to land: The ghosts forfake their feats at his command. He clears the deck, receives the mighty freight, The leaky veffel grozus beneath the weight. Slowly the fails, and fcarcely ftems the tides; The preffing water pours within her fides. His paffengers at length are wafted o'er; Expos'd in muddy weeds upon the miry facre. No fooner landed, in his den they found The triple porter of the Stygian found, Grim Cerberus; who foon began to rear, His crefted fnakes, and arm'd his briftling hair. The prudent Sibyl had before prepar'd A fop in honey steep'd, to charm the guard. Which, mix'd with pow'rful drugs, the cast before His greedy grinding jaws, just op'd to roar: With three enormous mouths he gapes, and fraight, With hunger press'd, devours the pleasing bait. Long draughts of fleep his monstrous limbs enflave: He reels, and, falling, fills the spacious cave. The keeper charm'd, the chief without delay Pass'd on, and took th' irremeable way. Before the gates the cries of babes new born, Whom fate had from their tender mothers torn, Affault his ears: then those whom form of laws Condemn'd to die, when traitors judg'd their caufe.

Nor want they lots, nor judges to review The wrongful sentence, and award a new. Minos, the first inquisitor, appears; And lives and crimes, with his affeffors, hears. Round, in his urn, the blended balls he rolls; Absolves the just, and dooms the guilty souls. The next in place, and punishment, are they Who prodigally throw their fouls away. Fools, who repining at their wretched state, And loathing anxious life, fuborn'd their fate. With late repentance, now they would retrieve The bodies they for fook, and wish to live. Their pains and poverty defire to bear, To view the light of heav'n, and breathe the vital air. But fate forbids; the Stygian floods oppofe; And with nine circling streams the captive fouls inclose.

Not far from thence the mournful fields appear; So call'd from lovers that inhabit there.

The fouls whom that unhappy flame invades,
In fecret folitude, and myrtle shades,
Make endless moans, and, pining with desire,
Lament too late their unextinguish'd fire.
Here Procris, Eryphyle here he found
Baring her breast, yet bleeding with the wound
Made by her son. He saw Pasiphae there,
With Phædra's ghost, a soul incestuous pair.
There Laodamia with Evadne moves:
Unhappy both; but loyal in their loves.
Cæneus, a woman once, and once a man;
But ending in the sex she first began.

Not far from these Phænician Dido flood; Fresh from her wound, her bosom bath'd in blood. Whom, when the Trojan hero hardly knew, Obscure in shades, and with a doubtful view, (Doubtful as he who runs thro' dufky night, Or thinks he fees the moon's uncertain light); With tears he first approach'd the fullen shade; And, as his love in pir'd him, thus he faid: Unhappy queen! then is the common breath Of rumour true, in your reported death, And I, alas, the cause! By heav'n, I vow, And all the pow'rs that rule the realms below, Unwilling I forfook your friendly flate; Commanded by the gods, and forc'd by fate. Those gods, that fate, whose unresisted might Have fent me to these regions, void of light, Through the vast empire of eternal night. Nor dar'd I to presume, that, press'd with grief, My flight should urge you to this dire relief. Stay, flay your fleps, and liften to my vows: 'Tis the last interview that fate allows! In vain he thus attempts her mind to move, With tears and pray'rs, and late repenting love. Disdainfully she look'd; then turning round, But fix'd her eyes unmov'd upon the ground. And what he fays, and fwears, regards no more Than the deaf rocks, when the loud billows roar. But whirl'd away, to fhun his hateful fight, Hid in the forest, and the shades of night. Then fought Sichaus through the shady grove, Who answer'd all her cares, and equall'd all her love. Some pious tears the ritying hero paid;
And follow'd with his eyes the flitting shade.
Then took the forward way, by fate ordain'd,
And, with his guide, the farther fields attain'd;
Where, sever'd from the rest, the warrior souls remain'd.

Tidens he met, with Meleager's race;
The pride of armies, and the foldier's grace;
And pale Adrastus with his ghastly face.

Of Trojan chiefs he view'd a num'rous train:
All much lamented, all in battle slain.
Glaucus and Medon, high above the rest,
Antenor's sons, and Ceres' facred priest:
And proud Idæus, Priam's charioteer;
Who shakes his empty reins, and aims his airy spear.
The gladsome ghosts in circling troops attend,
And with unweary'd eyes behold their friend,
Delight to hover near; and long to know
What bus'ness brought him to the realms below.

But Argive chiefs, and Agamemnon's train,
When his refulgent arms flash'd thro' the shady plain,
Fled from his well-known face, with wonted fear,
As when his thund'ring sword, and pointed spear,
Drove headlong to their ships, and glean'd the
routed rear.

They rais'd a feeble cry, with trembling notes: But the weak voice deceiv'd their gasping throats. Here Priam's son, Deiphobus, he sound: Vi hose face and limbs were one continued wound, Dishoness, with lop'd arms, the youth appears:
Spoil'd of his nose, and shorten'd of his ears.
He sarcely knew him, striving to disown
His blotted form, and blushing to be known.
And therefore first began. O Teucer's race,
Who durst thy faultless figure thus deface?
What heart cou'd wish, what hand instict this dire (
disgrace?

'Twas fam'd, that in our last and fatal night
Your single prowers long sustain'd the fight;
'Till tir'd, not forc'd, a glorious fate you chose,
And fell upon a heap of slaughter'd foes.
But, in remembrance of so brave a deed,
A tomb, and sun'ral honours, I decreed:
Thrice call'd your manes on the Trojan plains;
The place your armour and your name retains.
Your body too I sought; and had I sound,
Design'd for buriel in your native ground.

The ghost reply'd, Your piety has paid
All needful rites, to rest my wand'ring shade:
But cruel fate, and my more cruel wise,
To Grecian swords betray'd my sleeping life.
These are the monuments of Helen's love:
The shame I bear below, the marks I bore above.
You know in what deluding joys we past
The night, that was by heav'n decreed our last.
For when the satal horse, descending down,
Pregnant with arms, o'erwhelm'd th' unhappy town,
She seign'd nosturnal orgies: lest my bed,
And, mix'd with Trojan dames, the dances led;

Then, waving high her torch, the fignal made, Which rouz'd the Grecians from their ambuscade. With watching overworn, with cares oppress'd, Unhappy I had laid me down to reft; And heavy fleep my weary limbs poffes'd. Meantime, my worthy wife our arms mishid; And from beneath my head my fword convey'd: The door unlatch'd; and, with repeated calls, levites her former lord within my walls. Thus in her crime her confidence the plac'd; And with new treasons wou'd redeem the past. What need I more into the room they rap, And meanly murder'd a defenceless man. Ulyffes, bafely born, first led the way : Avenging pow'rs! with justice if I pray, That fortune be their own another day.

But answer you; and in your turn relate,
What brought you living to the Stygian state?
Driv'n by the winds, and errors of the sea;
Or did you heav'n's superior doom obey?
Or tell what other chance conducts your way?
To view, with mortal eyes, our dark retreats,
Tunults and torments of th' infernal seats?
While thus, in talk, the siying hours they pass,
The sun had sinish'd more than half his race:
And they, perhaps, in words and tears had spent
The little time of stay, which heav'n had lent.
But thus the Sibyl chides their long delay;
Night rushes down, and headlong drives the day:
'Tis here, in diff'rent paths the way divides;
The right, to Pluto's golden palace guides:

The left to that unhappy region tends, Which to the depth of Tartarus descends; The feat of night profound, and punish'd fiends. Then thus Deiphobus: O facred maid! Forbear to chide; and be your will obey'd: Lo to the fecret shadows I retire, To pay my penance till my years expire. Proceed, auspicious prince, with glory crown'd. And born to better fates than I have found. He faid; and while he faid, his ficps he turn'd To fecret thadows, and in filence mourn'd. The hero, looking on the left, efpy'd A lofty tow'r, and ftrong on ev'ry fide With treble walls, which Phicgethon furrounds, Whose fiery flood the burning empire bounds: And, press'd betwizt the rocks, the bellowing noise refounds.

Wide is the fronting gate, and rais'd on high With adamantine columns, threats the sky. Vain is the force of man, and heav'n's as vain, To crush the pillars which the pile sustain. Sublime on these a tow'r of steel is rear'd; And dire Tisiphone there keeps the ward. Girt in her sanguine gown, by night and day, Observant of the souls that pass the downward way. From hence are heard the groans of ghosts, the pains Of sounding lashes, and of dragging chains. The Trojan stood assonish'd at their cries; And ask'd his guide, from whence those yells arise? And what the crimes, and what the tortures were, And loud laments that rent the liquid air?

She thus reply'd: The chafte and holy race Are all forbidden this polluted place. But Hecate, when the gave to rule the woods, Then led me trembling thro' these dire abodes: And taught the tortures of th' avenging gods. These are the realms of unrelenting fate: And awful Rhadamanthus rules the state. He hears and judges each committed crime; Inquires into the manner, place, and time. The conscious wretch must all his acts reveal; Loath to confess, unable to conceal: From the first moment of his vital breath. To his last hour of unrepenting death. Straight, o'er the guilty ghost, the fury shakes The founding whip, and brandishes her snakes: And the pale finner, with her fifters, takes. Then, of itself, unfolds th' eternal door: With dreadful founds the brazen hinges roar. You see, before the gate, what stalking ghost Commands the guard, what centries keep the post. More formidable Hydra stands within; Whose jaws with iron teeth severely grin. The gaping gulf low to the center lies, And twice as deep as earth is distant from the fkies. The rivals of the gods, the Titan race, Here, fing'd with lightning, roll within th'unfathom'd Space.

Here lie th' Alæan twins, (I faw them both), Enormous bodies of gigantic growth; Who dar'd in fight the Thund'rer to defy; Affect his heav'n, and force him from the sky. Salmoneus suff'ring cruel pains I found, For emulating Jove; the rattling found Of mimic thunder, and the glitt'ring blaze Of pointed lightnings, and their forky rays. Through Elis and the Grecian towns he flew; Th' audacious wretch four fery courfers drew: He wav'd a torch aloft, and, madly vain, Sought godlike worship from a servile train. Ambitious fool, with horny hoofs to pass O'er hollow arches of refounding brafs; To rival thunder in its rapid course, And imitate inimitable force. But he, the king of heav'n, obscure on high, Bar'd his red arm, and launching from the fky His writhen bolt, not shaking empty smoke, Down to the deep abysis the flaming felon strook. There Tityus was to fee; who took his birth From heav'n, his nurling from the foodful earth. Here his gigantic limbs, with large embrace, Infold nine acres of infernal space, A ray nous vulture in his open'd fide, Her crooked beak and cruel talons try'd: Still for the growing liver digg'd his breaft; The growing liver fill supply'd the feast. Still are his entrails fruitful to their pains; Th' immortal hunger lafts, th' immortal food remains. Ixion and Pirithous I cou'd name; And more Theffalian chiefs of mighty fame. High o'er their heads a mould'ring rock is plac'd, That promises a fall, and shakes at ev'ry blast.

They lie below, on golden beds display'd, And genial feafts, with regal pomp, are made. The queen of furies by their fides is fet; And fnatches from their mouths th' untafted meats Which if they touch her histing fnakes the rears; Toffing her torch, and thund'ring in their ears. Then they, who brothers better claim difown, Expel their parents, and usurp the throne; Defraud their clients, and, to lucre fold, Sit brooding on unprofitable gold: Who dare not give, and ev'n refuse to lend, To their poor kindred, or a wanting friend; Vast is the throng of these; nor less the train Of luftful youths, for foul adult'ry flain. Hofts of deserters, who their honour fold, And basely broke their faith for bribes of gold: All these within the dungeon's depth remain, Despairing pardon, and expeding pain. Ask not what pains; nor farther feek to know Their process, or the forms of law below. Some roll a mighty flone; fome laid along, And bound with burning wires, on spokes of wheels are hung.

Unhappy Theseus, doom'd for ever there,
Is fix'd by fate on his eternal chair:
And wretched Phlegias warns the world with cries;
(Cou'd warning make the world more just or wise),
Learn righteousness, and dread th' avenging deities.
To tyrants others have their country fold,
Imposing foreign lords for foreign gold:

Some have old laws repeal'd, new statutes made ; Not as the people pleas'., but as they paid. With incest some their daughters bed profan'd. All dar'd the worst of ills, and what they dar'd attain'd. Had I a hundred mouths, a hundred tongues, And throats of brass, inspir'd with iron lungs, I could not half those horrid crimes repeat; Nor half the punishments those crimes have met. But ict us hafte our voyage to purfue; The walls of Fluto's palace are in view: The gate, and iron aich above it, stands On anvils, labour'd by the Cyclops hands. Before our farther way the fates allow, Here must we fix on high the golden bough. She faid, and thro' the gloomy shades they past, And chose the middle path: arriv'd at last, The prince, with living water, fprinkled o'er His limbs and body; then approach'd the door. Posses'd the porch, and on the front above He fix'd the fatal bough, requir'd by Pluto's love. These holy rites perform'd, they took their way Where long extended plains of pleasure lay. The verdant fields with those of heav'n may vie; With ether vefled, and a purple fky: The blifsful feats of happy fouls below: Stars of their own, and their own fans they know. Their airy limbs in sports they exercise, And on the green contend the wrestier's prize. Some in heroic verse divinely fing. Others in artful measures lead the ring.

The Thracian bard, furrounded by the rest,
There stands conspicuous in his slowing vest.
His slying singers, and harmonious quill,
Strike sev'n distinguish'd notes, and sev'n at once they
fill.

Here found they Teucer's old heroic race; Born better times, and happier years to grace. Affaracus and Ilus here enjoy Perpetual fame, with him who founded Troy. The chief beheld their chariots from afar: Their thining arms, and courfers train'd to war: Their lances fix'd in earth, their steeds around, Free from their harness, graze the flow'ry ground. The love of horses, which they had alive, And care of chariots, after death furvive. Some cheerful fouls were feafting on the plain; Some did the fong, and fome the choir maintain; Beneath a laurel shade, where mighty Po Mounts up to woods above, and hides his head below. Here patriots live, who, for their country's good, In fighting fields were prodigal of blood; Priests of unblemish'd lives here make abode, And poets worthy their inspiring god: And fearthing wits, of more mechanic parts, Who grac'd their age with new-invented arts. Those who to worth their bounty did extend; And those who knew that bounty to commend. The heads of these with holy fillets bound; And all their temples were with garlands crown'd. VOL. II.

To these the Sibyl thus her speech address'd, And first, to him surrounded by the rest; Tow'ring his height, and ample was his breaft: Say, happy fouls, divine Mufæus, fay, Where lives Anchifes, and where lies our way To find the hero, for whose only sake We fought the dark abodes, and crofs'd the bitter lake! To this the facred poet thus reply'd; In no fix'd place the happy fouls refide. In groves we live; and lie on mosfy beds By crystal streams, that murmur thro' the meads: But pass yon easy hill, and thence descend, The path conducts you to your journey's end. This faid, he led them up the mountain's brow, And shews them all the shining fields below; They wind the hill, and thro' the blifsful meadows go.

But old Anchifes, in a flow'ry vale,
Review'd his muster'd race; and took the tale.
Those happy spirits, which, ordain'd by fate
For future being, and new bodies wait.
With studious thoughts observ'd th' illustrious throng,
In nature's order as they pass'd along.
Their names, their fates, their condust, and their care,
In peaceful senates, and successful war.
He, when Aneas on the plain appears,
Meets him with open arms, and falling tears.
Welcome, he said, the gods undoubted race,
O long expected to my dear embrace;
Once more 'tis giv'n me to behold your face!

The love, and pious duty which you pay, Have pass'd the perils of so hard a way. 'Tis true, computing times, I now believ'd The happy day approach'd; nor are my hopes deceiv'd. What length of lands, what oceans have you pass'd, What storms sustain'd, and on what shores been cast? How have I fear'd your fate! But fear'd it most When love affail'd you on the Libyan coaft. To this, the filial duty thus replies; Your facred ghost, before my sleeping eyes, Appear'd; and often urg'd this painful enterprize. After long toffing on the Tyrrhene fea, My navy rides at anchor in the bay. But reach your hand, oh parent shade, nor shun The dear embraces of your longing fon! He faid, and falling tears his face bedew: Then thrice around his neck his arms he threw: And thrice the flitting shadow slipp'd away, Like winds, or empty dreams that fly the day. Now, in a secret vale, the Trojan sees A sep'rate grove, thro' which a gentle breeze Plays with a passing breath, and whispers thro' the trees.

And just before the confines of the wood,
The gliding Lethe leads her filent flood.
About the boughs an airy nation flew,
Thick as the humming bees that hunt the golden dew;
In summer's heat, on tops of files feed,
And creep within their bells, to suck the balmy freed.

The winged army roams the field around;
The rivers and the rocks remurmur to the found.

Aneas wond'ring stood: then ask'd the cause,
Which to the stream the crowding people draws.
Then thus the sire. The souls that throng the flood Are those, to whom, by fate, are other bodies ow'd:

In Lethe's lake they long oblivion tafte; Of future life fecure, forgetful of the past. Long has my foul defir'd this time and place, To fet before your fight your glorious race. That this prefaging joy may fire your mind, To feek the shores by destiny design'd. O father, can it be, that fouls fublime Return to vifit our terrestrial clime? And that the gen'rous mind, releas'd by death, Can covet lazy limbs, and mortal breath? Anchifes then, in order, thus begun To clear those wonders to his godlike fon. Know first, that heav'n, and earth's compacted frame, And flowing waters, and the starry flame, And both the radiant lights, one common foul Inspires and feeds, and animates the whole. This active mind, infus'd thro' all the space, Unites and mingles with the mighty mass. Hence men and beafts the breath of life obtain; And birds of air, and monsters of the main. Th' ethereal vigour is in all the same, And ev'ry foul is fill'd with equal flame :

As much as earthly limbs, and grofs allay Of mortal members, subject to decay, Biunt not the beams of heav'n and edge of day. From this coarfe mixture of terrefirial parts, Defire, and fear, by turns, possess their hearts: And grief, and joy: nor can the grov'ling mind, In the dark dangeon of the limbs confin'd, A Tert the native fkies, or own its heav'nly kind. Nor death itself car wholly wash their stains: But long contracted filth ev'n in their foul remains. The relics of inver'rate vice they wear, And spots of fin obscene in ev'ry face appear. For this are various penances injoin'd: And fome are hung to bleach upon the wind; Some plung'd in waters, others purg'd in fires, Till all the dregs are drain'd, and all the ruft expires: All have their manes, and those manes bear: The few fo cleans'd to these abodes repair, And breathe, in ample fields, the foft Elyfian air. Then are they happy, when by length of time The fourf is worn away, of each committed crime. No fpeck is left of their habitual flains; But the pure ether of the foul remains. But when a thousand rolling years are past, (So long their punishments and penance last), Whole droves of minds are, by the driving god, Compell'd to drink the deep Lethean flood: In large forgetful draughts to steep the cares Of their past labours, and their irksome years.

That, unrememb'ring of its former pain, The foul may fuffer mortal flesh again. Thus having faid, the father spirit leads The priestess and his son thro' swarms of shades, And takes a rifing ground, from thence to fee The long procession of his progeny. Survey (pursu'd the fire) this airy throng; As, offer'd to the view, they pass along. These are th' Italian names, which fate will join With ours, and graff upon the Trojan line. Observe the youth who first appears in fight; And holds the nearest station to the light: Already feems to fnuff the vital air; And leans just forward, on a shining spear. Silvius is he: thy last begotten race; But first in order sent to fill thy place. An Alban name; but mix'd with Dardan blood: Born in the covert of a shady wood: Him fair Lavinia, thy furviving wife, Shall breed in groves, to lead a folitary life. In Alba he shall fix his royal feat; And, born a king, a race of kings beget. Then Procas, honour of the Trojan name, Capys, and Numitor, of endless fame. A second Silvins after these appears; Silvius Æncas, for thy name he bears. For arms and justice equally renown'd: Who, late restor'd, in Alba shall be crown'd. How great they look, how vig'rously they wield Their weighty lances, and fustain the shield!

But they, who crown'd with oaken wreaths appear, Shall Gabian walls, and ftrong Fidenæ rear: Nomentum, Bola, with Pometia found; And raife Colatian tow'rs on rocky ground. All these shall then be towns of mighty fame; Tho' now they lie obscure, and lands without a name. See Romulus the great, born to restore The crown that once his injur'd grandfire wore. This prince, a priestess of your blood shall bear; And like his fire in arms he shall appear. Two rifing crefts his royal head adorn; Born from a god, himself to godhead born. His fire already figns him for the fkies, And marks the feat amidft the deities. Auspicious chief! thy race in times to come Shall spread the conquest of imperial Rome. Rome, whose ascending tow'rs thall heav'n invade; Involving earth and ocean in her shade. High as the mother of the gods in place; And proud, like her, of an immortal race. Then when in pomp the makes the Phrygian round; With golden turrets on her temples crown'd: A hundred gods her sweeping train supply; Her offspring all, and all command the fky. Now fix your fight, and fland intent, to fee Your Roman race, and Julian progeny. The mighty Cæfar waits his vital hour; Impatient for the world, and grafps his promis'd pow'r, But next behold the youth of form divine, Catar himself, exalted in his line;

Augustus, promis'd oft, and long foretold, Sent to the realm that Saturn ral'd of old; Born to reftore a better age of gold. Afric and India fall his pow'r obey, He shall extend his propagated fway Beyond the folar year, without the starry way. Where Atlas turns the rolling heav'ns around: And his broad shoulders with their lights are crown'd. At his foreseen approach, already quake The Carpian kingdoms, and Mæotian lake. Their seers behold the tempests from afar, And threat'ning oracles denounce the war. Nile hears him knocking at his fev'n-fold gates; And feeks his hidden fpring, and fears his nepliew's fates. Nor Hercules more lands or labours knew, Not the' the brazen-footed hind he flew; Freed Erymanthus from the foaming boar, And dipp'd his arrows in Lernzan gore. Nor Bacchus, turning from his Indian war, By tigers drawn triumphant in his car, From Nifus' top descending on the plains; With curling vines around his purp'e reins. And doubt we yet thro' dangers to pursue The paths of honour, and a crown in view? But what's the man, who from afar appears, His head with olive crown d, his hand a censer bears? His hoary beard, and holy vestments bring His loft idea back: I know the Roman king. He shall to peaceful Rome new laws ordain; Call'd from his mean abode, a sceptre to sustain.

Him Tullus, next in dignity, succeeds; An active prince, and prone to martial deeds. He shall his troops for fighting fields prepare, Difus'd to toils, and triumphs of the war. By dint of fword his crown he shall increase; And fcour his armour from the ruft of peace. Whom Ancus follows with a fawning air, But vain within, and proudly popular. Next view the Tarquin kings: th' avenging fword Of Brutus juftly drawn, and Rome restor'd. He first renews the rods, and ax fevere; And gives the confuls royal robes to wear. His fons, who feek the tyrant to fustain, And long for arbitrary lords again, With ignominy scourg'd in open fight, He dooms to death deferv'd; afferting public right. Unhappy man, to break the pious laws Of nature, pleading in his children's cause! Howe'er the doubtful fact is understood, 'Tis love of honour, and his country's good: The conful, not the father, sheds the blood. Behold Torquatus the fame track purfue; And next, the two devoted Decii view. The Druf an line, Camillus loaded home With standards well redeem'd, and foreign foes o'ercome.

The pair you fee in equal armour shine; (Now, friends below, in close embraces join; But when they leave the shady realms of night, And, cloth'd in bodies, breathe your upper light),

With mortal hate each other shall pursue: What wars, what wounds, what flaughter shall enfue! From Alpine heights the father first descends; His daughter's husband in the plain attends: His daughter's husband arms his eastern friends. Embrace again, my fons, be foes no more; Nor stain your country with her children's gore. And thou, the first, lay down thy lawless claim; Thou, of my blood, who bear'ft the Julian name. Another comes, who shall in triumph ride; And to the capitol his chariot guide; From conquer'd Corinth, rich with Grecian spoils. And yet another, fam'd for warlike toils, On Argos shall impose the Roman laws; And on the Greeks revenge the Trojan cause: Shall drag in chains their Achillæan race; Shall vindicate his ancestors' difgrace; And Pallas, for her violated place. Great Cato there, for gravity renown'd, And conqu'ring Coffus, goes with laurels crown'd. Who can omit the Gracchi, who declare The Scipios' worth, those thunderbolts of war, The double bane of Carthage? Who can fee, Without esteem for virtuous poverty, Severe Fabricius, or can cease t'admire The ploughman conful in his coarse attire! Tir'd as I am, my praise the Fabii claim; And thou great hero, greatest of my name; Ordain'd in war to fave the finking flate, And, by delays, to put a stop to fate!

Let others better mould the running mass
Of medals, and inform the breathing brass;
And soften into seen a marble face:
Plead better at the bar; describe the skies,
And when the stars descend, and when they rise.
But, Rome, 'tis thine alone with awful sway
To rule mankind, and make the world obey;
Disposing peace and war, thy own majestic way.
To tame the proud, the setter'd slave to free;
These are imperial arts, and worthy thee.
He paus'd: and while with wond'ring eyes they view'd
The pussid: and while with wond'ring eyes they view'd
The pussid: show, untir'd in toils,
He moves with manly grace, how rich with regal
spoils!

He, when his country (threaten's with alarms)
Requires his courage, and his conqu'ring arms,
Shall more than once the Punic bands affright:
Shall kill the Gaulish king in single fight:
Then to the capitol in triumph move,
And the third spoils shall grace Feretrian Jove.
Aneas here beheld, of form divine,
A godlike youth in glitt'ring armour shine:
With great Marcellus keeping equal pace:
But gloomy were his eyes, dejected was his face.
He saw, and, wond'ring, ask'd his airy guide,
What, and of whence he was, who press'd the hero's
side?

His fon, or one of his illustrious name, How like the former, and almost the same: Observe the crowds that compass him around: All gaze, and all admire, and raise a shouting found: But hov'ring mists around his brows are spread. And night, with fable shades, involves his head. Seck not to know (the ghost reply'd with tears) The forrows of thy fons, in future years. This youth (the blissful vision of a day) Shall just be shown on earth, and fnatch'd away. The gods too high had rais'd the Roman flate; Were but their gifts as permanent as great. What groups of men shall fill the Martian field! How fierce a blaze his flaming pile shall yield! What fun'ral pomp shall floating Tiber see, When rifing from his bed he views the fad folemnity! No youth shall equal hopes of glory give: No youth afford fo great a cause to grieve. The Trojan honour, and the Roman boaft; Admir'd when living, and ador'd when loft! Mirror of ancient faith in early youth! Undaunted worth, inviolable truth! No foe unpunish'd in the fighting field, Shall dare thee foot to foot, with fword and shield. Much less in arms oppose thy matchless force, When thy tharp spurs shall urge thy foaming horse. Ah, cou'dft thou break thro' fate's severe decree, A new Marcellus shall arise in thee! Full canisters of fragrant lilies bring, Mix'd with the purple roses of the spring: Let me with fun'ral flow'rs his body strow, This gift which parents to their children owe, This unavailing gift, at least, I may bestow!

Thus having faid, he led the hero round The confines of the bleft Elyfian ground; Which when Anchifes to his fon had shown, And fir'd his mind to mount the promis'd throne, He tells the future wars, ordain'd by fate; The strength and customs of the Latian state: The prince, and people; and fore arms his care With rules, to push his fortune, or to bear. Two gates the filent house of sleep adorn; Of polish'd iv'ry this, that of transparent horn; True visions thro' transparent horn arise; Thro' polish'd iv'ry pass deluding lies. Of various things discoursing as he pass'd, Anchifes hither bends his steps at last. Then, thro' the gate of iv'ry, he dismis'd His valiant offspring, and divining gueft. Straight to the fhips Aineas took his way: Embark'd his men, and skimm'd along the sea: Still coasting, till he gain'd Cajeta's bay. At length on oozy ground his gallies moor: Their heads are turn'd to fea, their fterns to shore.

THE END OF THE SECOND VOLUME.